

Foundations of Access Control for Secure Storage

Avik Chaudhuri

Computer Science Department, University of California, Santa Cruz
avik@cs.ucsc.edu

Secure communication and secure storage

Formal techniques for **secure communication**

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- process calculi, type systems, logics, other foundations
- rigorous design/analysis of communication protocols!

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- **reading/writing** a file \approx **receiving/sending** on a channel

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Similar applications of **cryptography**

- secure communication on **untrusted channels**
 \approx secure storage on **untrusted servers**

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But careful about carrying the analogies too far...

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Sophisticated **dynamic** effects

- *runtime checks*
- *runtime controls*

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- exploit correct "black-box" access control in proofs of **end-to-end security** properties

Automated analysis techniques derived from logic

Protocol for secure file sharing on untrusted storage

The Plutus file system

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Keys can be **revoked** by owner (**dynamic access control**)

New keys generated/distributed appropriately.

Schemes for "efficient" dynamic access control

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Implementation relies heavily on RSA tricks.

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Applied pi calculus \longrightarrow Horn logic \circlearrowright **Resolution**

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Expected properties?

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Expected properties? *Who knows?*

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Expected properties? *Specify what seems reasonable...*

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Demo!

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Processes, objects tagged with security labels.

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- **Trust** the executable? Endorse as High and run!

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The Windows Vista operating system

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Processes can

- **create** new processes and objects
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- **control** labels of objects

under suitable **constraints**

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Are *information-flow attacks* possible?

Can we *eliminate* them (by static analysis/runtime monitoring)?

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*Can we **verify applications** written on Asbestos?*

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²[with Sriram Rajamani *et al.*, CCS 2008]

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Model **constraints** and **effects** as **dynamic logic rules**.
Specify **security properties** as **dynamic queries**.

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Finer analysis techniques derived from PL

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Attacker as any program in this language.

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Use dynamic checks where possible/as required to typecheck!

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- ...Identify **redundant** access control?

Secrecy by typing and access control³

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 - as **principals**, **secrecy levels**

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 - *E.g.*, **secretcy** despite access variations.

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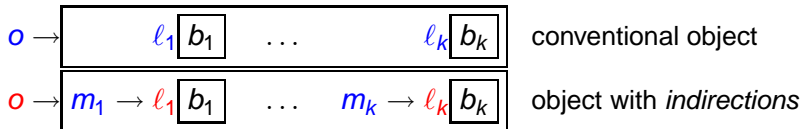
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Idea! **Dynamic** access control + **polymorphic** types

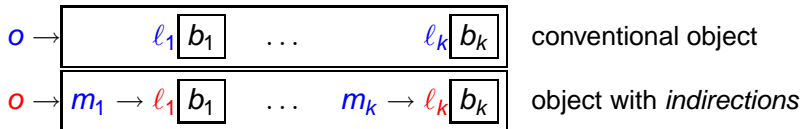
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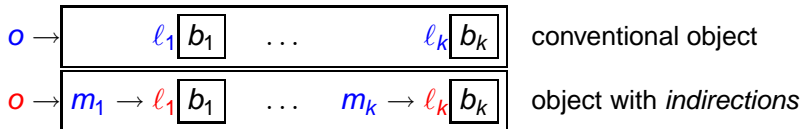


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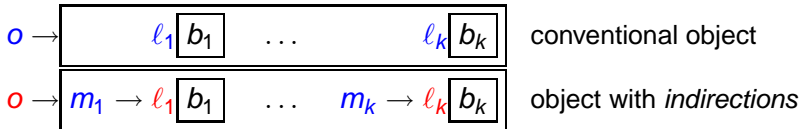
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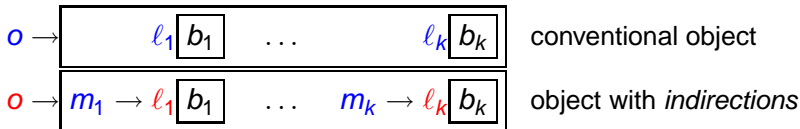


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Knowing o necessary for controlling indirections, methods.

Polymorphic types and dynamic access control⁴

Files

$f : \text{Obj}[\text{read} : X, \text{write} : X \rightarrow 1]$

⁴[CONCUR 2006]

Polymorphic types and dynamic access control⁴

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$$r^T : \text{Ind}(T)$$

$$w^T : \text{Ind}(T \rightarrow 1)$$

r^T and w^T are indirections for methods at type T .

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Cryptographic objects

$$s : \text{Obj}[\text{key} : X, \text{encrypt} : Y \rightarrow \text{Ind}(X \rightarrow Y)]$$

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$$e^T : \text{Ind}(Y \rightarrow \text{Ind}(T \rightarrow Y))$$

$$d^T : \text{Ind}(T \rightarrow S)$$

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Dynamic labels and security types⁵

A **calculus** for Windows Vista's security environment.

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([Data-Flow Integrity](#))

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([Access control](#) crucial for sanity.)

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Certified code?

Typechecking is decidable!

Translate low-level code to our calculus,
preserving attacks of interest.
(Very much future work!)

Typecheck translated programs.

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Operational semantics tracks **flows** by **explicit substitutions**.

Data-Flow Integrity (DFI)

Suppose that **contents** of an object are **trusted** at some label S .
Then the object **never contains data** that **flows from** labels $\sqsubset S$.

Trust is **static**, declared as an *annotation*.

Operational semantics tracks **flows** by **explicit substitutions**.

Type system tracks **flows** by **effects**.

Distributed access control⁶

The network-attached/object storage protocol

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Timestamps provide **safety**, but not **full abstraction**.

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Conclusions

*Access control plays a **sophisticated role** in secure storage.*

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Dynamic characteristics \Rightarrow **pros** and **cons**.

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Some **fresh insights** \Leftarrow intersection of **security** and **practice**.

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Some **fresh insights** \Leftarrow intersection of **security** and **practice**.

These insights may apply more generally...