



# Lecture 5: Programming in MPI

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# Announcements

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- Assignments dates are on the website
- Project milestone dates are on the website

# Basic MPI routines

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- `MPI_Init`
- `MPI_Finalize`
- `MPI_Comm_rank`
- `MPI_Comm_size`
- `MPI_Send`
- `MPI_Recv`

# MPI communicators

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- Communicator represents a group or set of processes numbered 0, … , n-1
- Every program starts with **`MPI_COMM_WORLD`** (default communicator)
  - Defined by the MPI runtime, this group includes all processes
- Several MPI routines to create sub-communicators
  - `MPI_Comm_split`
  - `MPI_Cart_create`
  - `MPI_Group_incl`

# MPI datatypes

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- Can be a pre-defined one: **MPI\_INT**, **MPI\_CHAR**, **MPI\_DOUBLE**, ...
- Derived or user-defined datatypes:
  - Array of elements of another datatype
  - struct data type to accomodate sending multiple datatypes

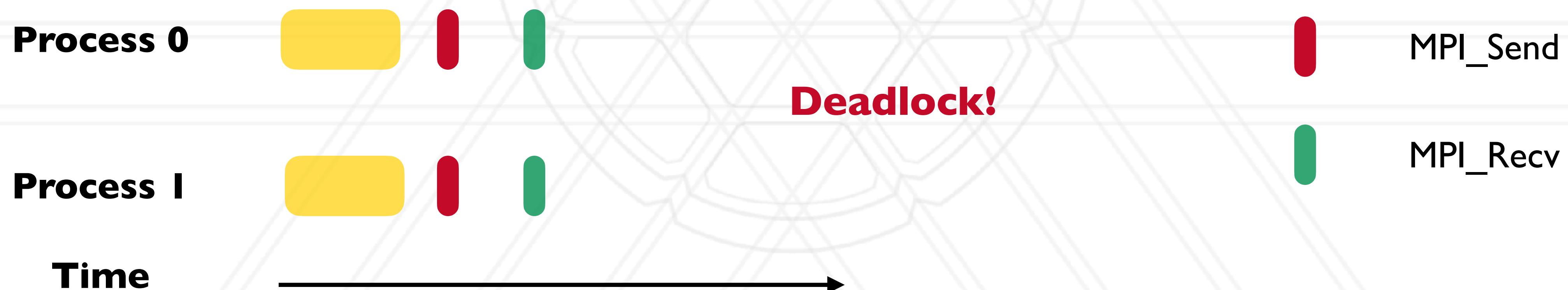
# Basic MPI\_Send and MPI\_Recv

- MPI\_Send and MPI\_Recv routines are blocking
  - Only return when the buffer specified in the call can be used
  - Send: Returns once sender can reuse the buffer
  - Recv: Returns once data from Recv is available in the buffer



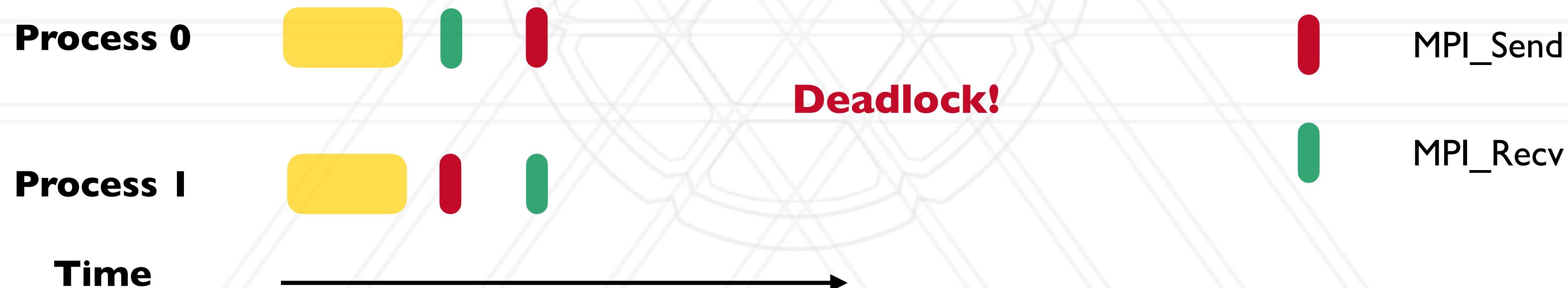
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# Non-blocking point-to-point calls

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- `MPI_Isend` and `MPI_Irecv`
- Two parts:
  - post the operation
  - Wait for results: need to call `MPI_Wait` or `MPI_Test`
- Can help with overlapping computation with communication

# **MPI\_Irecv**

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```
int MPI_Irecv( const void *buf, int count, MPI_Datatype datatype,  
int dest, int tag, MPI_Comm comm, MPI_Request *request )
```

**buf:** address of send buffer

**count:** number of elements in send buffer

**datatype:** datatype of each send buffer element

**dest:** rank of destination process

**tag:** message tag

**comm:** communicator

**request:** communication request

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# **MPI\_Irecv**

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```
int MPI_Recv( void *buf, int count, MPI_Datatype datatype, int  
source, int tag, MPI_Comm comm, MPI_Request *request )
```

**buf:** address of receive buffer

**count:** maximum number of elements in receive buffer

**datatype:** datatype of each receive buffer element

**source:** rank of source process

**tag:** message tag

**comm:** communicator

**request:** communication request

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# MPI\_Wait

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```
int MPI_Wait( MPI_Request *request, MPI_Status *status )
```

**request:** communication request

**status:** status object

- Status object can provide information about:
  - Source process for a message: `status.source`
  - Message tag: `status.tag`
  - Number of elements: `MPI_Get_count( MPI_Status *status, MPI_Datatype datatype, int count)`

# Non-blocking send/receive in MPI

```
int main(int argc, char *argv) {
    ...

    MPI_Request req;
    MPI_Status stat;
    if (rank == 0) {
        data = 7;
        MPI_Isend(&data, 1, MPI_INT, 1, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &req);
    } else if (rank == 1) {
        MPI_Irecv(&data, 1, MPI_INT, 0, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &req);

    ...
    MPI_Wait(&req, &stat);
    printf("Process 1 received data %d from process 0\n", data);
}

...
}
```

# Other calls

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- `int MPI_Test( MPI_Request *request, int *flag, MPI_Status *status )`
- `int MPI_Waitall( int count, MPI_Request array_of_requests[], MPI_Status *array_of_statuses[ ] )`
- `MPI_Waitany`
- `MPI_Waitsome`



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