

CMSC132 Fall 2021 Hashing, Lists, Sets Worksheet

1. Is a hashCode method that returns 0 valid? Discuss.
2. Describe the code you will need to implement open addressing with linear probing.
3. What is the relationship that exists between a search key, a hash code, and a hash index?
4. Can a valid hashCode method return a negative value? Discuss.
5. Implement the methods below based on the following Java class definitions.

```
public class LinkedList<T extends Comparable<T>> {
    private class Node {
        private T data;
        private Node next;

        private Node(T data) {
            this.data = data;
            next = null;
        }
    }

    private Node head;

    public LinkedList() {
        head = null;
    }

    public Set<T> removeInRange(boolean ordered, T lowerBound, T upperBound) {
        // YOU MUST IMPLEMENT
    }

    private Node removeInRangeAux(Node headAux, T lowerBound, T upperBound, Set<T> newSet) {
        // YOU MUST IMPLEMENT
    }
}
```

Implement the methods **removeInRange** and **removeInRangeAux** that will remove elements from the list that are in the range defined by **lowerBound** and **upperBound**. The elements that have been removed (if any) will be placed in a set. If the **ordered** parameter is true, the returned set will allow us to access the values in the order they were added to the set; otherwise the most efficient set type will be returned. To satisfy the recursive requirement, **removeInRange** calls the method **removeInRangeAux** (head = removeInRangeAux(...)) will appear in **removeInRange**).