

Notes

- MPI project due week from Wed., March 1
 - any questions about project spec, or running on deepthought2 cluster?
- Don't forget to send questions for readings
 - additional readings posted today, with who should send questions

OpenMP

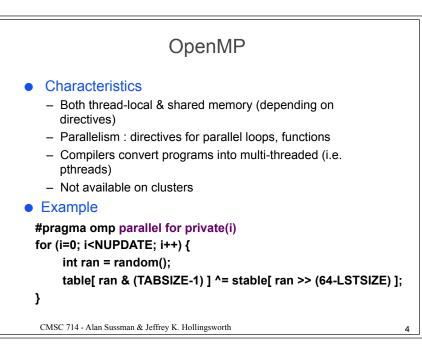
• Support Parallelism for SMPs

- provide a simple portable model
- allows both shared and private data
- provides parallel do loops

• Includes

- automatic support for fork/join parallelism
- reduction variables
- atomic statement
 - one process executes at a time
- single statement
 - only one process runs this code (first thread to reach it)
- plus a lot more

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More on OpenMP

Characteristics

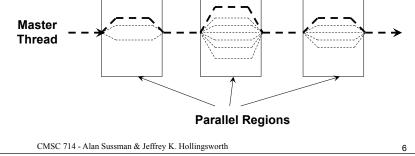
- Not a full parallel language, but a language extension
- A set of standard compiler directives and library routines
- Used to create parallel Fortran, C and C++ programs
- Usually used to parallelize loops
- Standardizes last 15-20 years of SMP practice

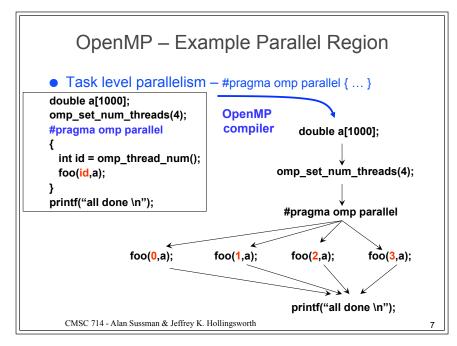
• Implementation

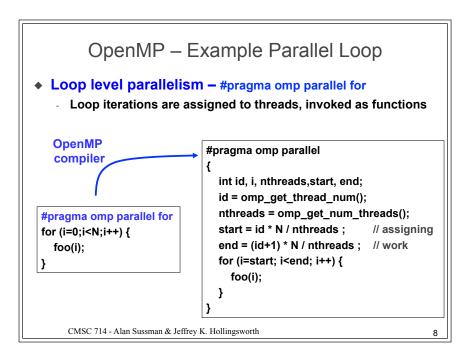
- C compiler directives using #pragma omp <directive>
- Parallelism can be specified for regions & loops
- Data can be
 - · Private each thread has local copy
 - Shared single copy for all threads

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OpenMP – Programming Model Fork-join parallelism (restricted form of MIMD) Normally single thread of control (master) Worker threads spawned when parallel region encountered Barrier synchronization required at end of parallel region

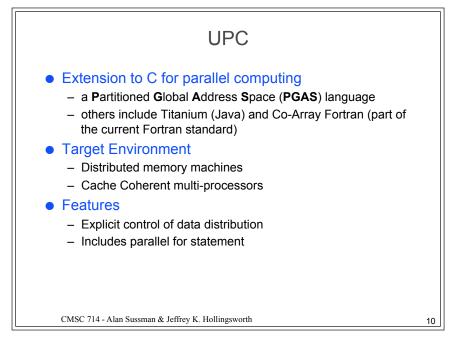






Sample Fortran77 OpenMP Code

program compute_pi integer n, i
double precision w, x, sum, pi, f, a
c function to integrate
$f(a) = 4.d0 / (1.d0 + a^*a)$
print *, "Enter number of intervals: "
read *,n
c calculate the interval size
w = 1.0d0/n
sum = 0.0d0
<pre>!\$OMP PARALLEL DO PRIVATE(x), SHARED(w)</pre>
<pre>!\$OMP& REDUCTION(+: sum)</pre>
do i = 1, n
x = w * (i - 0.5d0)
sum = sum + f(x)
enddo
pi = w * sum
print *, "computed pi = ", pi
stop
end
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UPC

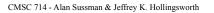
Characteristics

- Local memory, shared arrays accessed by global pointers
- Parallelism : single program on multiple nodes (SPMD)
- Provides illusion of shared one-dimensional arrays
- Features
 - · Data distribution declarations for arrays
 - · Cast global pointers to local pointers for efficiency
 - One-sided communication routines (memput / memget)
- Compilers translate global pointers, generate communication

• Example

shared int *x, *y, z[100];

upc_forall (i = 0; i < 100; i++) { z[i] = *x++ * *y++; }



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UPC Execution Model

• SPMD-based

- One thread per process
- Each thread starts with same entry to main

• Different consistency models possible

- "strict" model is based on sequential consistency
- "relaxed" based on release consistency

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Split-phase Barriers Traditional Barriers Once enter barrier, busy-wait until all threads arrive Split-phase Announce intention to enter barrier (upc_notify)

- Perform some **local** operations
- Wait for other threads (upc_wait)

• Advantage

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- Allows work while waiting for processes to arrive
- Disadvantage
 - Must find work to do
 - Takes time to communicate both notify and wait

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