

BILL TAPE LECTURE

Diffie-Helman Key Exchange

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Convention (Possibly Repeated)

For the rest of the slides on **Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange** there will always be a prime p that we are considering and a generator $g \in \{\frac{p}{3}, \frac{2p}{3}\}$. We omit the bounds on g .

ALL arithmetic done from that point on is mod p .

ALL numbers are in $\{1, \dots, p-1\}$.

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Question: Can Eve find out s ?

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10. At the count of 3 both yell out your number at the same time.

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Question: If Eve can crack DH then Eve can compute ???.

Hardness Assumption

Definition Let DHF be the following function:

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Obvious Theorem: If Alice can crack Diffie-Hellman quickly then Alice can compute DHF quickly.

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1. Nobody has found a way to solve DHF quickly that does not involve solving Discrete Log.
2. Discrete Log is believed to be hard.
3. Still, would be nice to have a key exchange based on DL.

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Discuss.

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Next Slide continues this discussion.

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s is going to be some random number in $\{1, \dots, p-1\}$.

How can Alice and Bob Use s ?

s is random.

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s is random. No meaning.

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When life gives you a lemon, make lemonade.

How can Alice and Bob Use s ?

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When life gives you a lemon, make lemonade.

There are ciphers that use a random string as their key.
(The 1-time pad is such a cipher.)

Misc Points about DH Key Exchange?

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4. DHF proven to be hard. (IMHO not gonna happen.)

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3. Eve could crack DH by bribing someone for a, b .
4. Eve could measure how much time it takes for Bob to know the string and use that to narrow down the space of strings.

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3. Eve lets Bob send g^b without interference.
4. Alice thinks the shared secret string is g^{ab} .
Bob thinks the shared secret string is $g^{a'b}$.

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What if Eve could intercept both messages and replace them.

1. Alice sends g^a .
2. Eve intercepts the message, picks a random a' , and instead sends on to Bob $g^{a'}$.
3. Eve lets Bob send g^b without interference.
4. Alice thinks the shared secret string is g^{ab} .
Bob thinks the shared secret string is $g^{a'b}$.
So Alice and Bob will not be able to communicate, which is a win for Eve.

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Example: Elliptic Curve Diffie-Hellman (actually used).

Example: Braid Diffie-Hellman (not actually used).

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Sounds like DH is vulnerable! I posted about this on my blog and got responses (next slide).

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5. Jon Katz asked them for their code. They declined.

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 - 2.3 If you publish an **academic paper** about cracking DL, you should have the code and make it available. See next point.
 - 2.4 If you actually worry about DH being cracked then tell the crypto companies or the government first. (See the fiction book **Factorman**. I reviewed it:
<https://www.cs.umd.edu/users/gasarch/BLOGPAPERS/factorman.pdf>
)

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