

Problem Set 0
CMSC 427 – Computer Graphics
Assigned January 30, 2007
Due February 6, 2007

This problem set will introduce OpenGL programming. You will start with a simple, working OpenGL program and modify it. The source code for this problem is available from the class web page, along with an executable, showing what the final result should look like. You don't have to make yours *exactly* the same (ie., the colors and sizes of things can vary) but produce the same functionality.

1. **15 points.** Enhance the program to place a control bar (ie, just a rectangle) on the right side, starting in the upper right-hand corner.
2. **15 points.** Now modify your program to accept keyboard input. Your program should allow the user to change the color of the square, by pressing the r (red), g (green), or y (yellow) keys.
3. **15 points.** Next, make the rectangle move. The rectangle should move downward at a constant speed. When it reaches the bottom of the screen, it starts over again at the top. This can be done using either *glutTimerFunc* or *glutIdleFunc*.
4. **40 points.** Now we will modify the program to allow more continuous user input so that the user can adjust the control bar. Modify your program so that if the user left clicks the mouse while the mouse is on top of the bar, and then holds the mouse button down and drags the mouse, then the bar will be dragged by the mouse. Make it so that the bar can be dragged vertically, but not horizontally.
 - a. For example, suppose the bar has its upper left corner at (500,0), and its lower right corner at (600,20). The user clicks the left mouse button while the mouse is at position (542, 17). The user keeps the left button down, and moves the mouse to position (560, 103), and then releases the mouse button. When this is finished, the bar should now have its upper left corner at (500,103), and its lower right corner at (600, 123). As the mouse is moving, the bar should move continuously with the mouse.
 - b. On the other hand, if the user clicks the left mouse button with the mouse in position (7,13), and then drags the mouse, the bar should not move.
5. **15 points.** Finally, modify the speed of the square, so that as the bar moves downward, the square slows down, while moving the bar back up speeds up the square.