

HW 5 CMSC 452. Morally DUE Mar 7
THIS HOMEWORK IS THREE PAGES

1. (5 points) What is your name? Write it clearly. When is the midterm? Write that clearly too. Staple your HW. WHAT IS THE DAY/TIME OF THE MIDTERM? (HINT: The Midterm is March 30 IN CLASS at 11:00.)

2. (40 points)
 - (a) (Use our usual convention for pairs of numbers, so the alphabet is $\{00, 01, 10, 11\}$, which we usually write vertically.)
Write a DFA for $\{(x, y) : x = y + 3\}$. Label each state
 - A for accept,
 - R for reject, or
 - B for Bad Format.(NOTE - the comma after “reject” is called an *Oxford comma*.)
 - (b) Write a DFA for $\{(x, y) : x \neq y + 3\}$. Label each state
 - A for accept,
 - R for reject, or
 - B for Bad Format.

3. (25 points) $A \subseteq \{0, 1\}^\omega$ is D -regular if there is a DFA $M = (Q, \Sigma, \delta, s, F)$ such that:

$x \in A \rightarrow$ if you run M on x you hit a state in F infinitely often

$x \notin A \rightarrow$ if you run M on x you DO NOT hit a state in F infinitely often

- (a) Write a D -DFA for

$$L_1 = \{X : X \text{ is infinite} \}.$$

- (b) Take the D -DFA you wrote for L_1 in part a. Swap the final and non-final states. Let L'_1 be the language (subset of $\{0, 1\}^\omega$) that your new automata accepts. Describe L'_1 . Is it $\overline{L_1}$ (also called the *complement* of L_1 or $\{0, 1\}^\omega - L_1$)?

- (c) Write a D -DFA for

$$\{X : X \text{ is infinite and } \mathbb{N} - X \text{ is infinite} \}.$$

- (d) Write an D -DFA for

$$\{X : \text{there is an infinite number of } x \text{ such that } x \in X \text{ and } x + 1 \in X\}$$

- (e) Show this is NO D -DFA for $\{X : X \text{ is finite}\}$.

4. (35 points) A J -automata M is a tuple $(Q, \Sigma, \delta, s, F)$ such that

- Q is a set of states - just like in a DFA.
- Σ is an alphabet - just like in a DFA.
- $\delta : Q \times \Sigma \rightarrow Q$ - just like a DFA.
- $s \in Q$, the start state - just like a DFA.
- F is a NOT a subset of Q . F is a set of subsets of Q . For example, if $Q = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$ F could be $\{\{1, 2, 5\}, \{1, 5\}, \{2, 3, 6\}\}$

Let $x \in \{0, 1\}^\omega$. We say that J -automata A *accepts* x if, when you run x through A , the set of states that are visiting infinitely often is a set in F . For example, in the above example, if the set of states visiting infinitely often was $\{1, 2, 5\}$ then ACCEPT, but if its $\{1, 2\}$ then REJECT.

A subset of $\{0, 1\}^\omega$ which is accepted by an J -automata is called J -regular.

- (0 points) How would you compliment an J -regular set?
- (7 points) Show that if L is J -regular then \bar{L} is J -regular.
- (7 points) Give a J -automata for $\{X : X \text{ is infinite}\}$.
- (7 points) Give a J -automata for $\{X : X \text{ is finite}\}$.
- (7 points) Give a J -automata for $\{X : X \text{ is infinite and } \mathbb{N} - X \text{ is infinite}\}$.
- (7 points) Let $T = \{x : x \equiv 0 \pmod{3}\}$. Give a J -automata for $\{X : X \cap T \text{ is infinite}\}$.