

BILL, RECORD LECTURE!!!!

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Finite Ramsey Theorem For 3-Hypergraph

Exposition by William Gasarch

February 13, 2025

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Thm $(\forall a)(\forall k)(\exists n)$ such that $(\forall \text{COL}: \binom{[n]}{a} \rightarrow [2])$ there exists an homog set of size k .

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We do an example of the first few steps of the construction.

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What to make of this? Discuss.

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We are given COL: $\binom{[n]}{3} \rightarrow [2]$.

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Kill all those who disagree!

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Next Slide is General Case.

Construction of $x_{s+1}, H_{s+1}, c_{s+1}$

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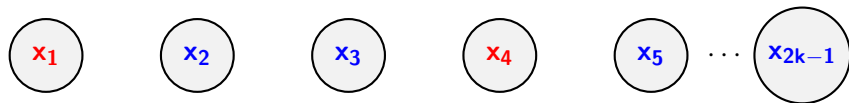
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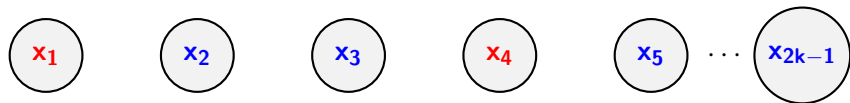
Iterate this process $2k - 1$ times.

The Coloring of the Nodes

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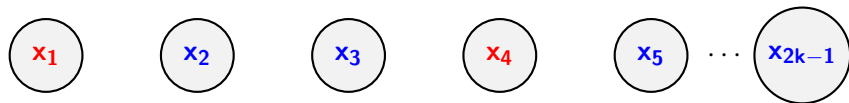


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$(\forall 1 < i < j)[\text{COL}(x_1, x_i, x_j) = \mathbf{R}$ (more generally c_1).

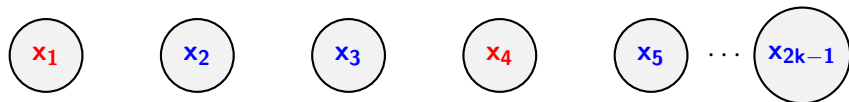
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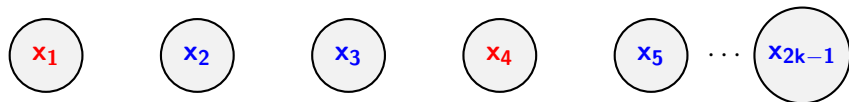


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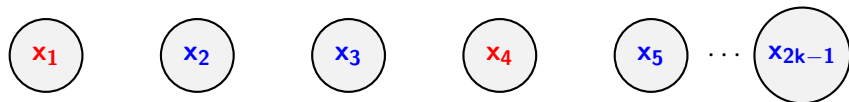
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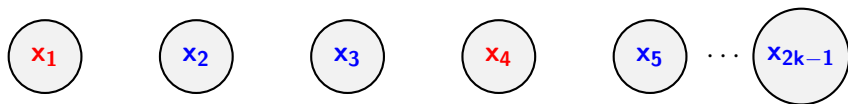
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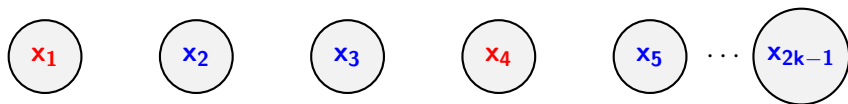
What do you think our next step is?

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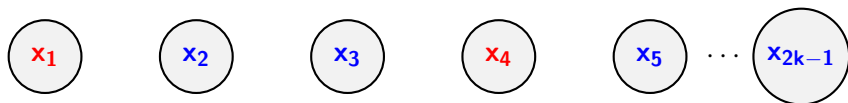
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$$H = \{y \in X : \text{COL}(y) = \mathbf{R}\}$$

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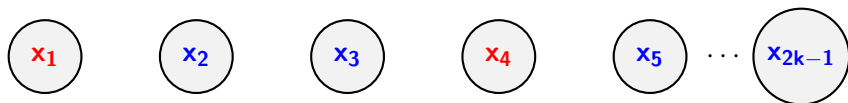


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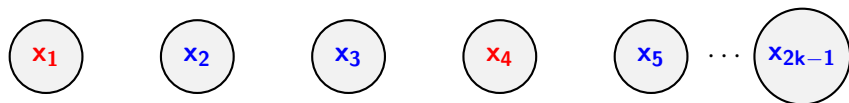
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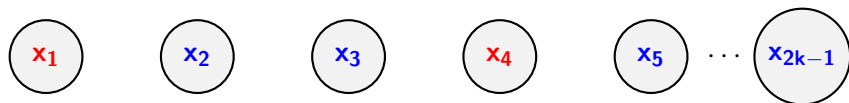
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H is clearly a homog set!

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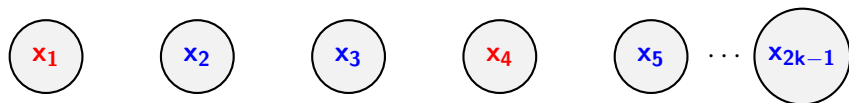


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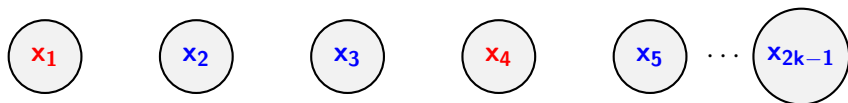


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Beyond that the functions have no name.

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Normally I would Vote now, but I need the terminology to state the bounds for a -hypergraph Ramsey Bounds.