

# Finding Nash Equilibria in Dueling Games

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## Problem

*Given  $n$  webpages  $w_1, w_2, \dots, w_n$  and a probability distribution  $p_1, p_2, \dots, p_n$  where  $p_i$  is the probability that  $w_i$  is searched, the goal is to find a permutation  $\pi$  such that the expected rank of a search query in  $\pi$  is minimized.*

- This problem can be easily solved by a greedy algorithm.

- The dueling version of the game is defined as follows:

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- This problem is zero-sum.

# Ranking Duel

Consider players  $A$  and  $B$  pick permutation  $\langle w_1, w_3, w_2 \rangle$  and  $\langle w_2, w_3, w_1 \rangle$   
Then the outcome of the player  $A$  is  $p(w_1) - p(w_2)$ .

Let  $\langle w_{\pi_1}, w_{\pi_2}, \dots, w_{\pi_n} \rangle$  be the optimal solution for the single-player problem.

$\langle w_{\pi_2}, w_{\pi_3}, \dots, w_{\pi_n}, w_{\pi_1} \rangle$  beats this strategy with probability  $1 - p(w_{\pi_1})$ .

- The key idea behind dueling games is that the service providers usually compete with the other providers rather than making the users happy.
- Many other optimization problems can be viewed as a dueling game.
  - Secretary problem
  - Compression problem
  - Binary Search Tree problem

Immorlica, Kalai, Lucier, Moitra, Postlewaitek, and Tennenholtz (STOC 2011)

They defined the bilinear dueling games and method to solve a class of bilinear dueling games.

Afterwards, they showed that many dueling games can be reduced to bilinear dueling games.

# Bilinear Dueling Games

- Strategies of players are points in  $N(A)$ -dimensional and  $N(B)$ -dimensional space.
- Payoff function of the game is bilinear i.e.  $h(\hat{x}, \hat{y})$  is of the form

$$\sum_{i=1}^{N(A)} \sum_{j=1}^{N(B)} \alpha_{i,j} \hat{x}_i \hat{y}_j$$



## Definition

We can find an NE of a bilinear dueling game, if one can present  $S_A$  and  $S_B$  with polynomial number of linear constraints.

They proposed a method to find an NE in polynomially-representable bilinear dueling games.

Next, they provided solutions for some dueling games by a reduction to polynomially-representable bilinear dueling games.

# Ranking Duel

- Each pure strategy of players is a permutation of  $n$  webpages.
- Each mixed strategy is a distribution of probabilities over pure strategies.
- They transformed each (pure or mixed) strategy to a point in  $n^2$ -dimensional space.
- $\hat{x}_{i,j}$  specifies the probability that webpage  $j$  is placed on position  $i$  of the permutation.
- The Birkho-von Neumann theorem states that the set of strategies in the new space can be specified with polynomial number of linear inequalities.

Thank You!