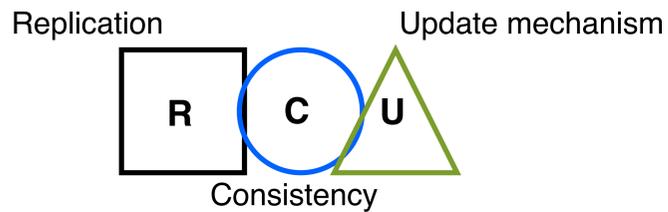




Don't Trust Your Roommate, or, Access Control and Replication Protocols in "Home" Environments

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INFORMATION LEAKAGE



- Current systems combine R,C,U elements to: "Keep a user's data in sync across multiple devices"
- Security is left to the application layer

Multi-user environments + R C U lead to:

Information Leakage

LEAKAGE-FREE ANTI-ENTROPY

What we consider as information leakage?

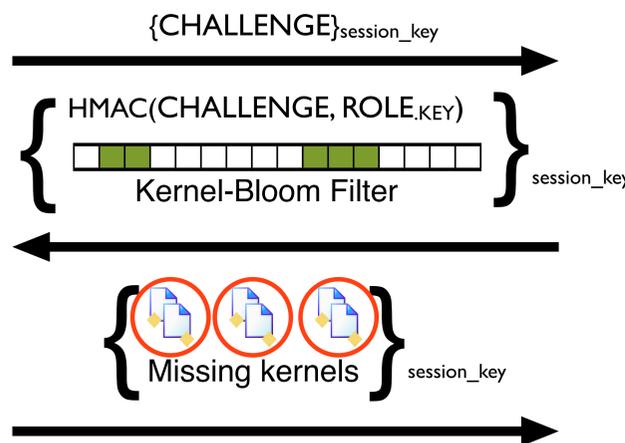
- Data access outside the realm of the roles played by a replica
- Replicas should not reveal their roles

Goals:

- Eliminate information leakage
- Maintain the flexibility of a topology independent update mechanism



Confidentiality: Session key establishment



Kernels:

- Have a random GUID (global unique identifier)
- Cryptographic grouping of role updates after a time period t
- Encrypted with the appropriate role key

Bloom filters:

- Populated by the kernel GUIDs
- Summarize the kernels stored in each replica

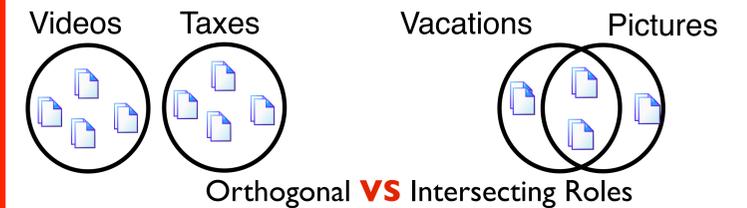
HMAC exchange:

- Find out the role of other replicas without revealing the locally replicated roles

Kernel Exchange:

- Pass encrypted consistency information to replicas with different roles
- Act as caches

DOUBLE HATTED REPLICAS



Orthogonal roles are ideal but:

- Users lack expertise
- Don't always fit users' preferences

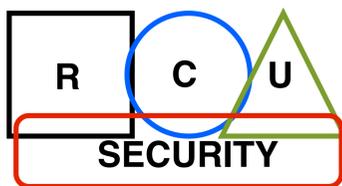
Intersecting roles may lead to information leakage

- Consistency schemes can mitigate this

Two consistency schemes:

- Object-based: Stronger guarantees, but leaks information
- Role-based: Inspired from fork-consistency, avoids leaking

THESIS & CONTRIBUTIONS



Security *not orthogonal* with R C U but should be integrated

Eliminate information leakage by:

- Role-based access control
- Role-based consistency
- Object Forking

ACCESS CONTROL ELEMENTS

Principals

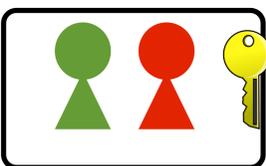


- Users are the principals
- Users organize their contacts in roles

Roles consist of:

- Principals
- Label predicate describing the role access rights
- Role key, for encryption

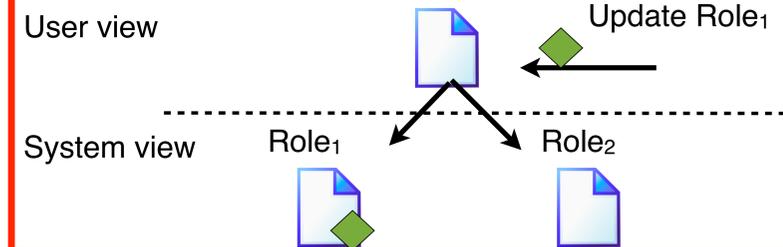
Role



type:Notes & class:OS

- Augment files' metadata to include label-value pairs
- Devices replicate collections at the level of roles

OBJECT FORKING



- No information leakage between intersecting roles
- Storage overhead due to multiple role versions
- Local reads need the "role-context" to be implemented correctly

CONCLUSIONS

- Current protocols, in a multiuser setting, leak information
- Security should be a major building block of personal data management systems
- Elimination of leakage through:
 - Role-based access control
 - Object forking
 - Role-based consistency