

Homework 3 solutions**1. Unification**

- (a) $\{x/A, y/B, z/B\}$
- (b) $\{x/g(u), u/f(v)\}$
- (c) Not unifiable.
- (d) $\{y/z, z/x, z/B\}$
- (e) Not unifiable.

2. Resolution Theorem Proving

- (a)
 - i. That $\{ \neg \text{angel}(\text{Alice}) \wedge \text{angel}(\text{Bob}) \wedge \neg \text{angel}(\text{Chris}) \}$
 - ii. This is impossible.
 - iii.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{angel}(\text{Alice}) &\Leftrightarrow \neg \text{angel}(\text{Alice}) \wedge \neg \text{angel}(\text{Bob}) \wedge \neg \text{angel}(\text{Chris}) \\ \text{angel}(\text{Bob}) &\Leftrightarrow (\text{angel}(\text{Alice}) \wedge \neg \text{angel}(\text{Bob}) \wedge \neg \text{angel}(\text{Chris})) \vee \\ &\quad (\neg \text{angel}(\text{Alice}) \wedge \text{angel}(\text{Bob}) \wedge \neg \text{angel}(\text{Chris})) \vee \\ &\quad (\neg \text{angel}(\text{Alice}) \wedge \neg \text{angel}(\text{Bob}) \wedge \text{angel}(\text{Chris})) \end{aligned}$$
- (b)
 - i. $\neg \text{angel}(\text{Alice})$
 - ii. $\text{angel}(\text{Alice}) \vee \text{angel}(\text{Bob}) \vee \text{angel}(\text{Chris})$
 - iii. $\neg \text{angel}(\text{Bob}) \vee \neg \text{angel}(\text{Alice})$
 - iv. $\neg \text{angel}(\text{Bob}) \vee \neg \text{angel}(\text{Chris})$
 - v. $\neg \text{angel}(\text{Alice}) \vee \text{angel}(\text{Bob}) \vee \text{angel}(\text{Chris})$
 - vi. $\text{angel}(\text{Alice}) \vee \text{angel}(\text{Bob}) \vee \neg \text{angel}(\text{Chris})$
- (c) equivalently:
 - 1. $\neg \text{angel}(\text{Alice})$
 - 2. $\neg \text{angel}(\text{Alice}) \vee \text{angel}(\text{Bob}) \vee \text{angel}(\text{Chris})$
 - 3. $\neg \text{angel}(\text{Bob}) \vee \neg \text{angel}(\text{Chris})$
 - 4. $\text{angel}(\text{Alice}) \vee \text{angel}(\text{Bob}) \vee \neg \text{angel}(\text{Chris})$
- (d) And
 - from 1,2 $\Rightarrow$ 5. $\text{angel}(\text{Bob}) \vee \text{angel}(\text{Chris})$
 - from 1,4 $\Rightarrow$ 6. $\text{angel}(\text{Bob}) \vee \neg \text{angel}(\text{Chris})$
 - from 5,6 $\Rightarrow$ 7. $\text{angel}(\text{Bob})$
 - from 6,3 $\Rightarrow$ 8. $\neg \text{angel}(\text{Chris})$

Therefore $\neg \text{angel}(\text{Alice}), \text{angel}(\text{Bob}), \neg \text{angel}(\text{Chris})$

3. Reasoning about action and change

(a)

	t= 0	t= 1	t= 2
Action(t)	Action(0)=Load(..)	Action(1)=Fly(..)	
At(Sleigh, NorthPole, t)	T	?	?
At(Sleigh, AVW,t)	?	?	T
At(Machine1, NorthPole, t)	?	?	?
At(Machine1, AVW, t)	?	?	?
On(Machine1, Sleigh, t)	T	?	?
At(Machine2, NorthPole, t)	T	?	?
At(Machine2, AVW, t)	?	?	?
On(Machine2, Sleigh, t)	F	T	?

(b)

i. Things can only be in one place at a time:

$$\text{At}(x, \text{NorthPole}, t) \rightarrow \neg \text{At}(x, \text{AVW}, t)$$

$$\text{At}(x, \text{AVW}, t) \rightarrow \neg \text{At}(x, \text{NorthPole}, t)$$

ii. Whatever is on sleigh, it is also where the sleigh is located:

$$\text{On}(x, \text{Sleigh}, t) \wedge \text{At}(\text{sleigh}, l, t) \rightarrow \text{At}(x, l, t)$$

(c)

$$\text{Moving}(x, l, t) \rightarrow (\text{Flies}(x) \wedge \text{Action}(t) = \text{Fly}(x, l)) \vee \exists y (\text{On}(x, y, t) \wedge \text{Flies}(y) \wedge \text{Action}(t) = \text{Fly}(y, l))$$

(d)

$$\text{Moving}(x, l, t) \rightarrow \text{At}(x, l, t+1)$$

$$\text{At}(x, l1, t) \wedge \neg \exists l2 (\text{Moving}(x, l2, t)) \rightarrow \text{At}(x, l1, t+1)$$

$$\text{On}(x, y, t) \rightarrow \text{On}(x, y, t+1)$$

4. STRIPS Planning

(a)

action: clean(refrigerator)

pre: dirty(refrigerator)

effect: cleaned(refrigerator), exists(garbage), dirty(counters), dirty(floor) $\neg$ dirty(refrigerator), $\neg$ noexists(garbage), $\neg$ cleaned(counters), $\neg$ cleaned(floor)

action: clean(stove)

pre: dirty(stove)

effect: cleaned(stove), dirty(floor), $\neg$ dirty(stove), $\neg$ cleaned(floor)

action: cover(drip_pans)

pre: cleaned(stove), uncovered(drip_pans)

effect: covered(drip_pans), $\neg$ uncovered(drip_pans)

action: wash(floor)

pre: dirty(floor)

effect: cleaned(floor), dirty(sink), $\neg$ dirty(floor), $\neg$ cleaned(sink)

action: wash(counters)

pre: dirty(counters)

effect: cleaned(counters), dirty(sink) $\neg$ dirty(counters), $\neg$ cleaned(sink)

action: wash(sink)

pre: dirty(sink)

effect: cleaned(sink), $\neg$ dirty(sink)

action: take_out(garbage)

pre: exists(garbage)

effect: noexists(garbage), $\neg$ exists(garbage)

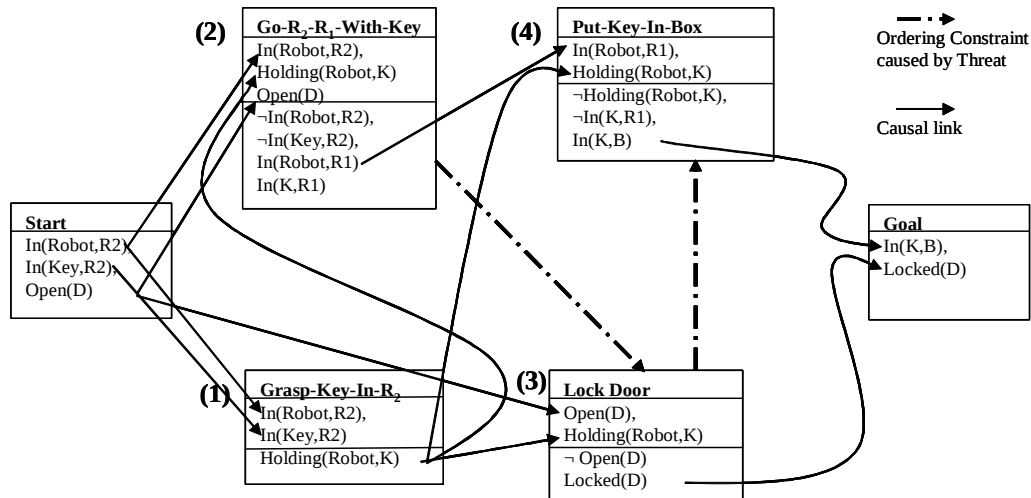
Initial state: dirty(stove), dirty(refrigerator), dirty(counters), dirty(floors), cleaned(sink),
noexists(garbage)

Final state: cleaned(stove), cleaned(refrigerator), cleaned(sink), cleaned(floor), cleaned(counters),
covered(drip_pans), noexists(garbage).

5. STRIPS Planning

Operator	Preconditions	Add effects	Delete effects
Go(x,y)	At(Monkey,x)	At(Monkey,y)	At(Monkey,x)
Push(b,x,y)	At(Monkey,x) At(b,x) Pushable(b)	At(b,y) At(Monkey,y)	At(b,x) At(Monkey,x)
ClimbUp(b,x)	At(Monkey,x) At(b,x) Climbable(b)	On(Monkey,b) Height(Monkey,High)	Height(Monkey,Low)
ClimbDown(b, x)	On(Monkey, b) Climbable(b) At(b, x)	At(Monkey, x) Height(Monkey, Low)	Height(Monkey, High)
Grasp(o,h,x)	Height(Monkey,h) Height(o,h) At(Monkey,x) At(o,x)	Have(Monkey,o)	At(o, x) Height(o, h)
UnGrasp(o, h, x)	Have(Monkey, o) At(Monkey, x) Height(o, h)	At(o, x) Height(o, h)	Have(Monkey, o)

6. POP



7. Graph Plan

All mutually exclusive pairs of actions and propositions are listed for every phase. Mutually exclusive actions that were detected as such using mutex propagation are marked with (*) (the rest are interfering actions).

