

1. Find all real numbers x satisfying

$$\lfloor x + 5 \rfloor = \lfloor 3x \rfloor .$$

Show your work. HINT: Every real number x can be written as $n + \epsilon$ where n is an integer and ϵ is a real number such that $0 \leq \epsilon < 1$.

2. Problems 73 and 74 on page 155 of Rosen.
3. Show that if $10|n^2$ then $10|n$ (without using the Unique Factorization Theorem).
4. Show that $\sqrt{10}$ is irrational.
 - (a) Use the Unique Factorization Theorem.
 - (b) Do not use the Unique Factorization Theorem.
5. For each sequence, write a simple, closed-form expression for the i th term. HINT: It can sometimes be helpful look at the difference of consecutive terms ($a_{i+1} - a_i$) or the ratio of consecutive terms (a_{i+1}/a_i) to see what is happening.
 - (a) 1, -4, 27, -256, ...,
 - (b) 1, 5, 9, 13, 17, 21, 25, ...,
 - (c) 1, 2, 7, 16, 29, 46, 67, 92, ...,
6. Problem 38 on page 169 of Rosen.
7. A triangle number is a number of the form: 1, 1+2, 1+2+3, etc.

Give an explicit mapping to show that triangle numbers have the same cardinality as the positive integers divisible by 5 ($\{n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \text{ such that } 5|n\}$). You should produce a function that is a bijection. It should be an explicit formula not involving cases.