

# Announcements

- **Bring laptops to class on Wednesday**
- **Quiz #1 will be on Friday**
- **First project will be assigned tomorrow or Wednesday**
- **Today is the last day for “schedule adjustment”**

# Images

Use the `img` tag with attribute `src`:

- **Relative URL** for an image in the same folder

```

```

- **Absolute URL** for any image

```

```

- Works for: `jpg`, `gif`, `tiff`, `png`, `bmp`

# Attributes for Images

- `alt` attribute: label used in case browser is not rendering pics  
**REQUIRED BY THE VALIDATOR!**
- `height/width` – size for pic. (Default unit is pixels.)

```

```

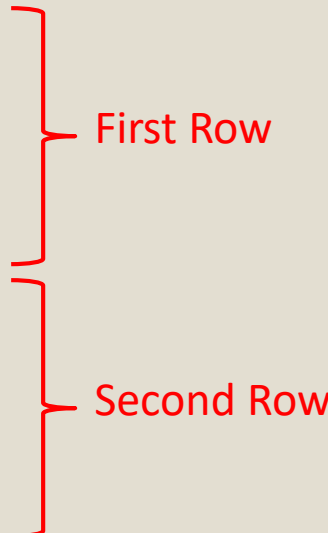
## Example: Images.html

# Tables

- **Example: SimpleTable.html**

Basic structure:

```
<table>
  <tr>
    <td> </td>
    <td> </td>
  </tr>
  <tr>
    <td> </td>
    <td> </td>
  </tr>
</table>
```



First Row

Second Row

# Tables

- **Example: SimpleTable2.html**

- **For border:**

```
<table style="border: 2px solid">
```

- **For special “heading” entry:**

```
<th> </th> instead of <td> </td>
```

# Tables

- **Example: ComplexTable.html**
- `<td rowspan="2"> </td>`
  - An entry spanning 2 rows
- `<td colspan="3"> </td>`
  - An entry spanning 3 columns

# Block vs. Inline Elements

## Block Elements

- Are as wide as space allows
- Begins on a “new line”
- Other block elements will be above/below
- `<p>`, `<h1>...<h6>`, `<ul>`, `<ol>`, `<hr />`, `<br />`, `<table>`, `<pre>`, `<blockquote>`, etc.

## Inline Elements

- Are as narrow as possible
- Appear “side by side” horizontally
- `<b>`, `<i>`, `<sup>`, `<sub>`, `<img>`, etc.

# Block vs. Inline Elements

To mark off a section:

- `<div> </div>`
  - Marks section as a block element
- `<span> </span>`
  - Marks section as an inline element
- We'll use these later with CSS for applying styles to certain sections
- Example: [DivSpanExample.html](#)