

CMSC436: Programming Handheld Systems

User Interface Classes

Today's Topics

Views & View Events

View Groups, AdapterViews & Layouts

Menus & ActionBar

Dialogs

Android User Interfaces

Activities usually display a user interface

Android provides many classes for constructing user interfaces

View

Key building block for UI components

Occupies a rectangular space on screen

Responsible for drawing itself and for handling events

Some Predefined Views

Button

ToggleButton

Checkbox

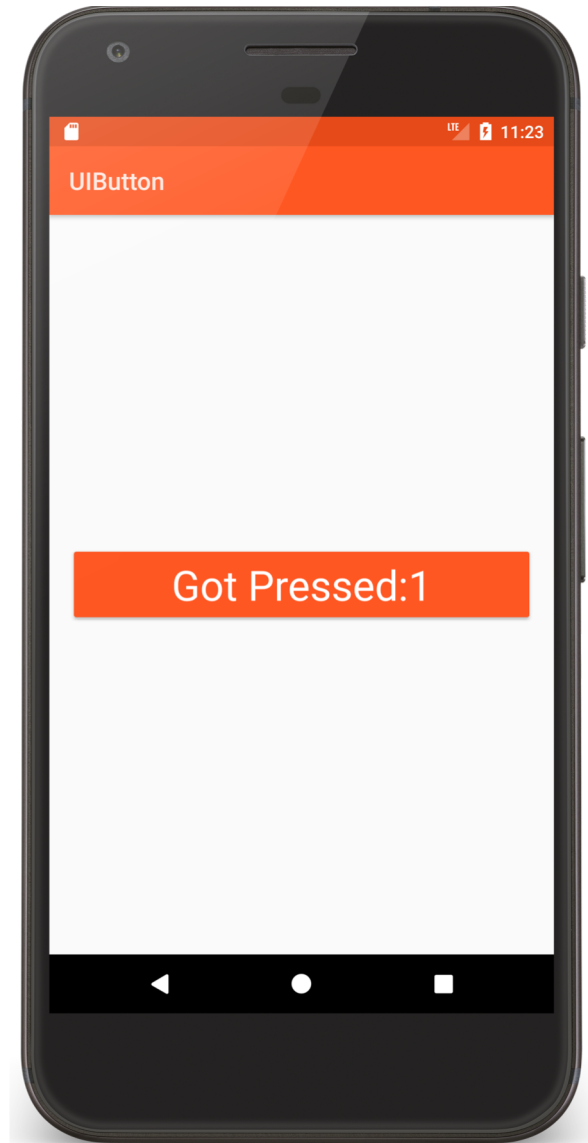
RatingBar

AutoCompleteTextView

Button

View that can be clicked on to perform an action

UIButton



```
public class ButtonActivity extends Activity {  
    private static int mCount;  
    private Button mButton;
```

@Override

```
public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {  
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);  
    setContentView(R.layout.main);
```

```
// Get a reference to the Press Me Button  
    mButton = findViewById(R.id.button);
```

```
// Reset Button Text if restarting
if (null != savedInstanceState) {
    mButton.setText(getString(R.string.got_pressed_string, mCount));
}
// Set an OnClickListener on this Button
// Called each time the user clicks the Button
mButton.setOnClickListener(new OnClickListener() {
    @Override
    public void onClick(View v) {
        // Maintain a count of user presses
        // Display count as text on the Button
        mButton.setText(getString(R.string.got_pressed_string, ++mCount));
    }
}
```

...

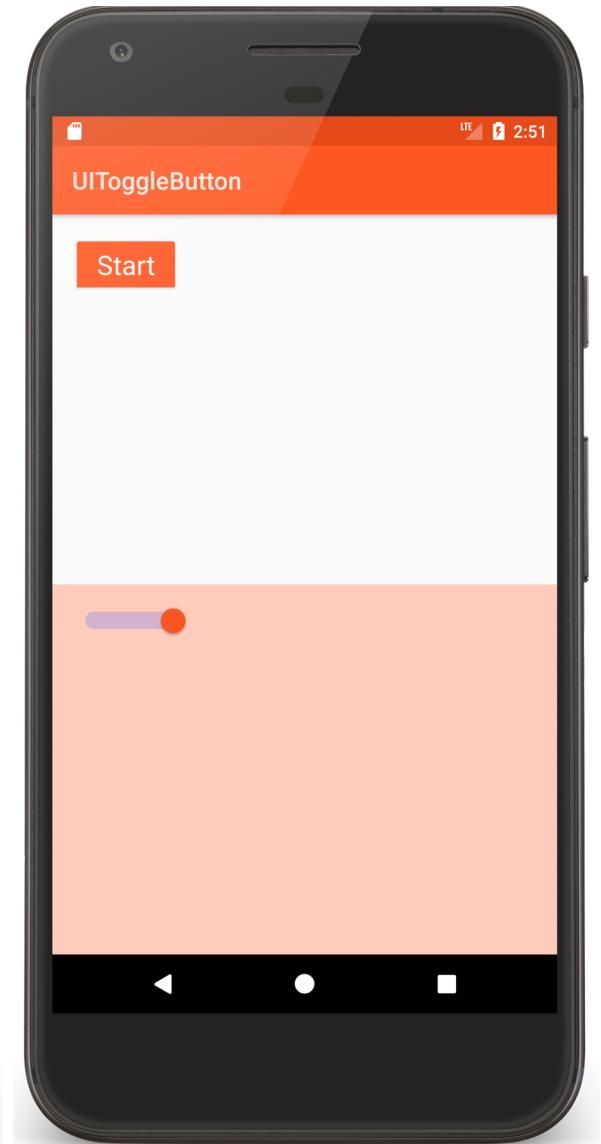
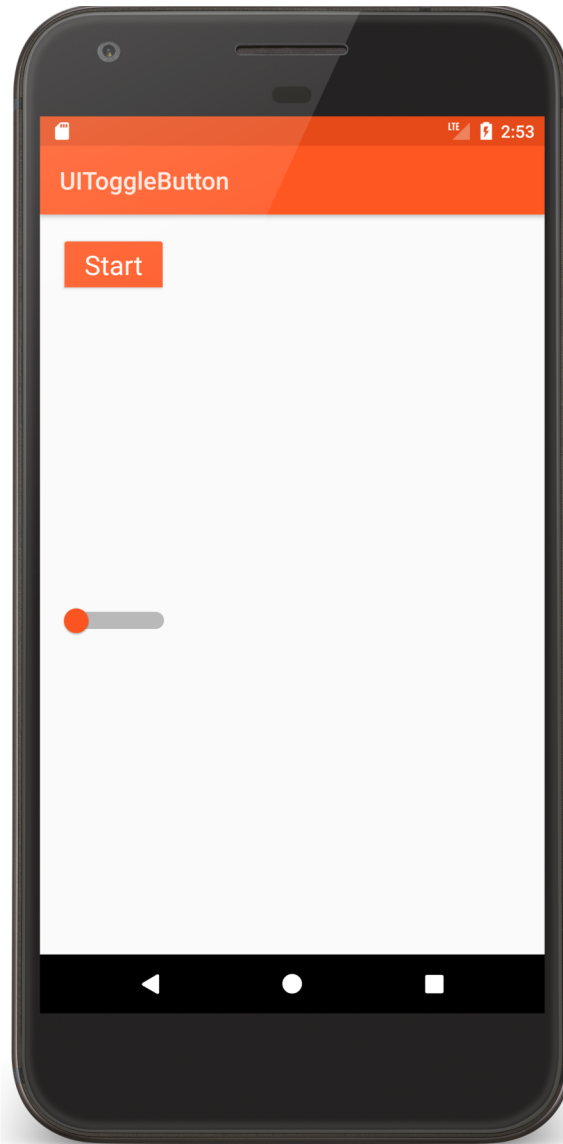
ToggleButton

A 2-state Button

Checked/not checked state

Light indicator showing state

UIToggleButton



```
public class ToggleButtonActivity extends Activity {  
    @Override  
    public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {  
        ...  
        // Get a reference to the ToggleButton  
        final ToggleButton toggleButton = findViewById(R.id.togglebutton);  
  
        // Set an setOnCheckedChangeListener on the ToggleButton  
        setListener(toggleButton, top);  
  
        // Get a reference to the Switch  
        final Switch switcher = findViewById(R.id.switcher);  
  
        // Set an OnCheckedChangeListener on the Switch  
        setListener(switcher, bottom);  
    }  
}
```

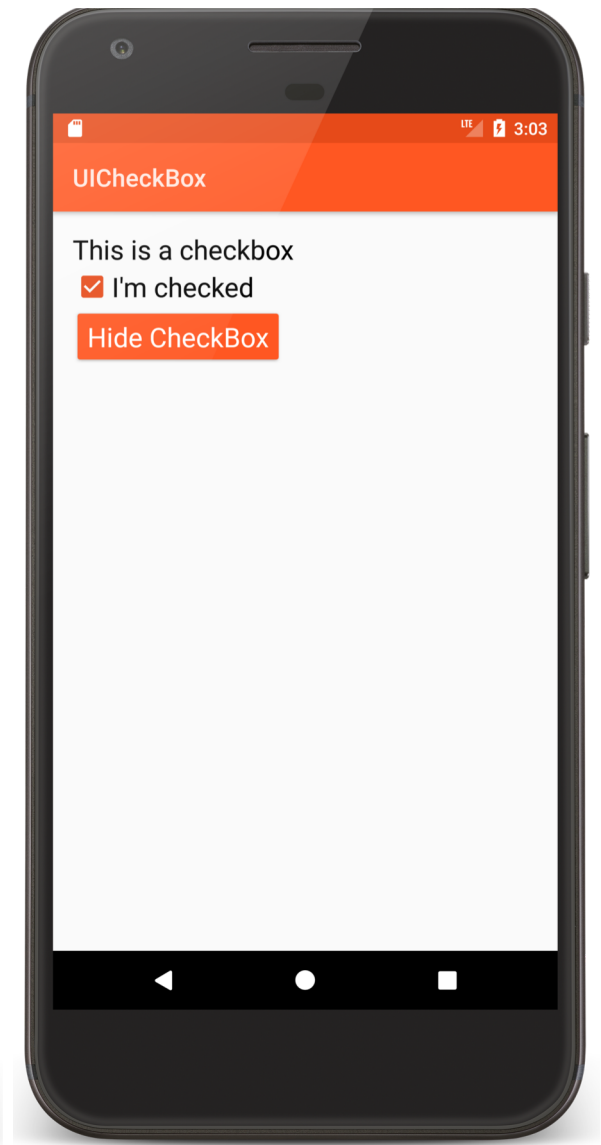
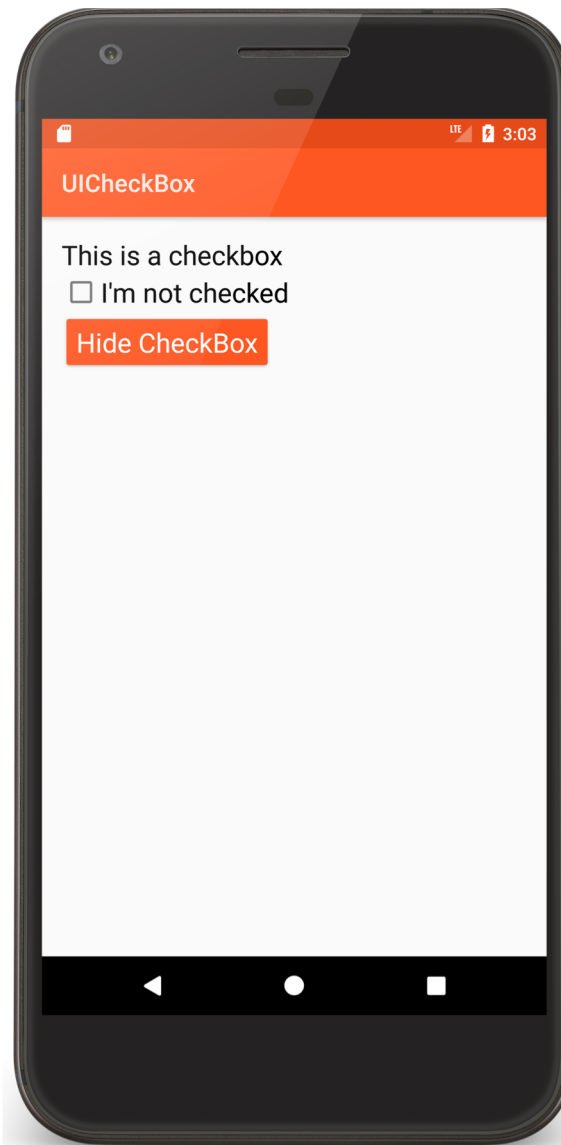
```
private void setListener(CompoundButton button, final View background) {  
    button.setOnCheckedChangeListener(new  
        CompoundButton.OnCheckedChangeListener() {  
            public void onCheckedChanged(CompoundButton compoundButton,  
                boolean isChecked) {  
                // Toggle the Background color between a light and dark color  
                if (isChecked) {  
                    background.setBackgroundColor(  
                        getResources().getColor(R.color.primary_light,null));  
                } else {  
                    background.setBackgroundColor(Color.TRANSPARENT);  
                }  
            }  
        }  
    }); ...
```

Checkbox

Another kind of 2-state button

Checked/not checked

UICheckbox



```
<RelativeLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"  
    ...  
    <CheckBox  
        android:id="@+id/checkbox"  
        ...  
        android:onClick="checkBoxClickCallback"  
        android:text="@string/im_not_checked_string"  
    .../>  
    <Button  
        android:id="@+id/button"  
        ...  
        android:onClick="buttonClickCallback"  
        android:text="@string/hide_checkbox_string"  
    .../>  
</RelativeLayout>
```

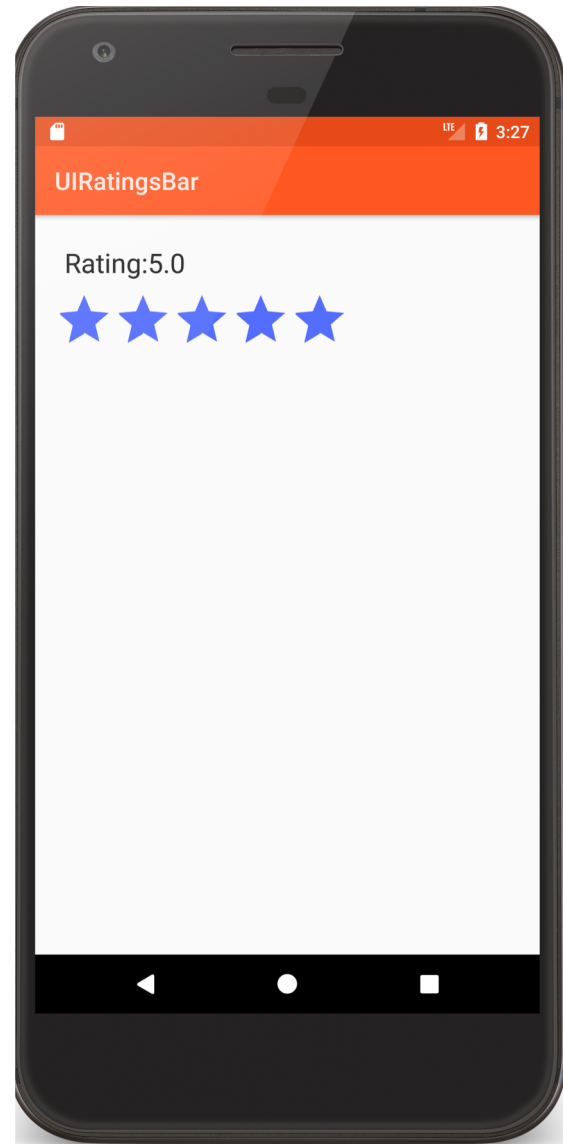
```
public class CheckBoxActivity extends Activity {  
    ...  
    // Set with android:onClick  
    public void checkBoxClickCallback(@SuppressWarnings("unused") View view) {  
        setCheckedStateAndText();  
    }  
    private void setCheckedStateAndText() {  
        // Check whether CheckBox is currently checked. Set CheckBox text accordingly  
        if (mCheckBox.isChecked()) {  
            mCheckBox.setText(R.string.im_checked_string);  
        } else {  
            mCheckBox.setText(R.string.im_not_checked_string);  
        }  
    }  
}
```


RatingBar

A view comprising a row of stars

The user can click or drag the stars to highlight some number of them

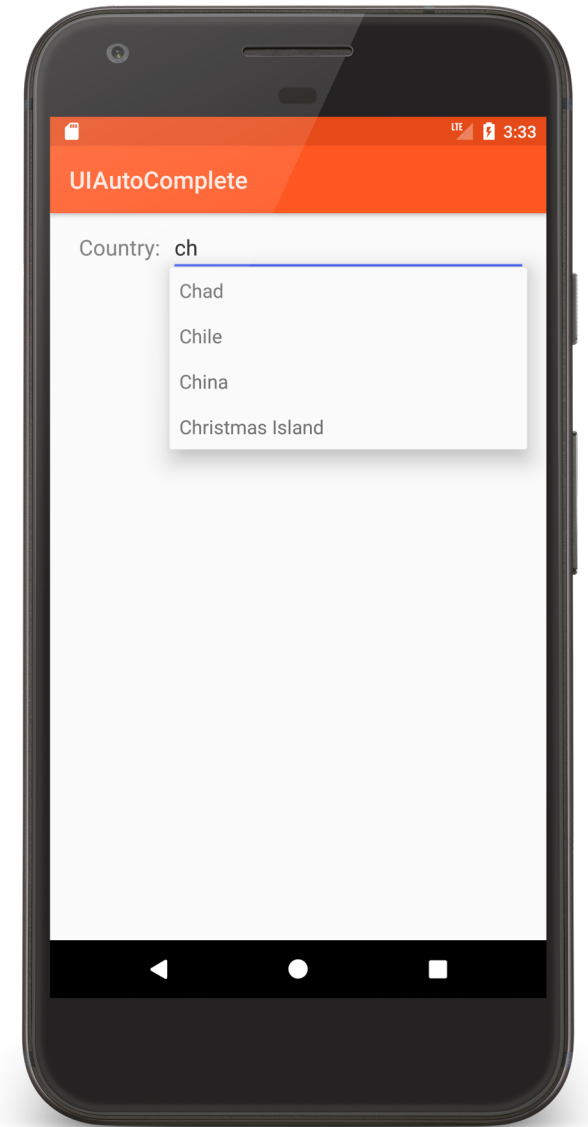
UIRatingBar



AutoCompleteTextView

An editable text field that provides completion suggestions as the user types in text

UIAutoComplete TextView



Common View Operations

Set visibility: Show or hide View

Set checked state: Checked or not checked

Set listeners: Code that will be executed when specific events occur

Set properties: Opacity, background, rotation

Manage input focus: Allow View to take focus, request focus, etc.

View Event Sources

User interaction

- Touch

- Keyboard/trackball/D-pad

System control

- Lifecycle changes

Handling View Events

Will often handle events using listeners

Many Listener interfaces defined by View class

View Listener interfaces

`OnClickListener.onClick()`

View has been clicked

`OnLongClickListener.onLongClick()`

View has been pressed & held

View Listener interfaces

`OnFocusChangeListener.onFocusChange()`

View has received or lost focus

`OnKeyListener.onKey()`

View about to receive a hardware key press

Displaying Views

Views within a UI are organized as a tree

Displaying/refreshing the UI has multiple steps

- Measure – get dimensions of each View

- Layout – Position each View

- Draw – Draw each view

Handling View Events

Typically create View subclasses

Then override View methods

Handling View Events

`onMeasure()`

Determine the size of this View and its children

`onLayout()`

Assign a size and position to all View's children

`onDraw()`

Render View content

Handling View Events

`onFocusChanged()`

Called when View's focus state has changed

`onKeyUp()`, `onKeyDown()`

Called when a hardware key event has occurred

`onWindowVisibilityChanged()`

Window containing view has changed its visibility status

ViewGroup

An invisible View that contains other Views

Used for grouping & organizing a set of Views

Base class for View containers and Layouts

Some Predefined ViewGroups

RadioGroup

TimePickerFragment

DatePickerFragment

WebView

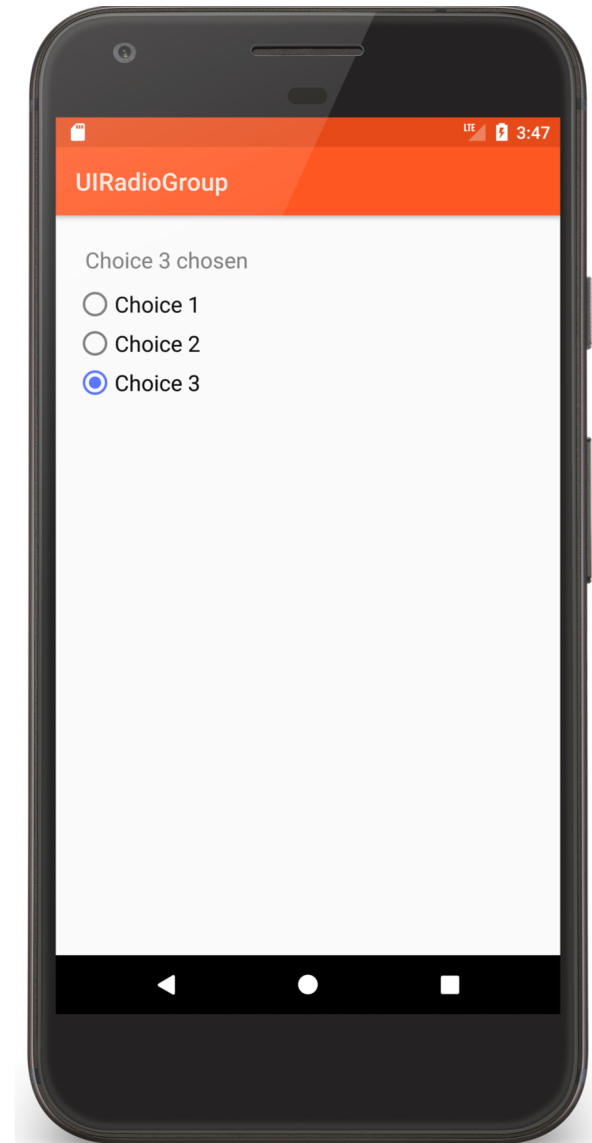
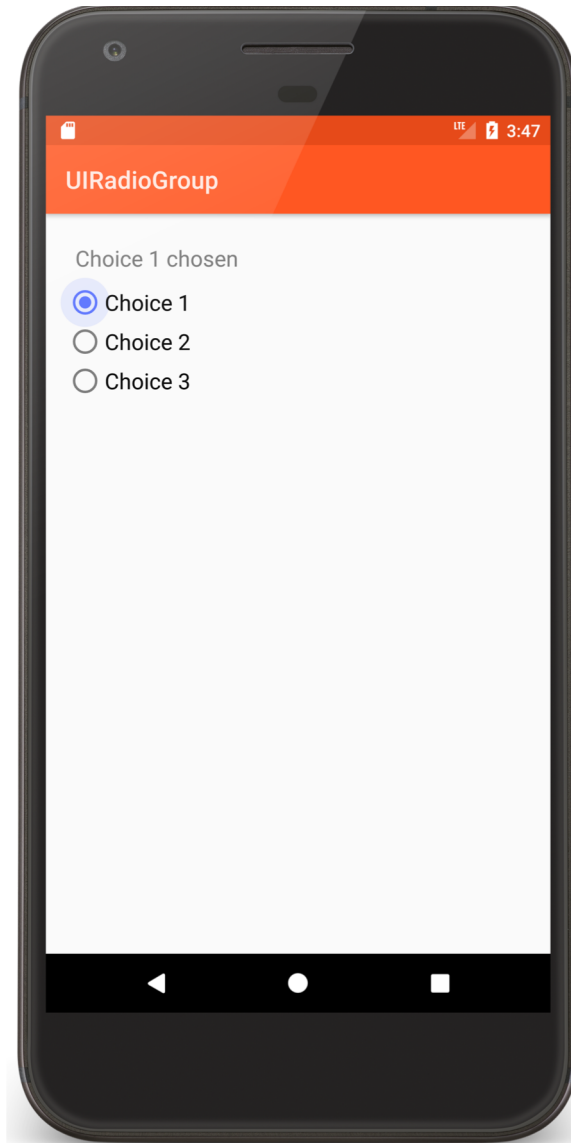
MapView

RadioGroup

A ViewGroup containing a set of Radio Buttons

Only one RadioButton can be selected at any one time

UIRadioGroup



```
<RadioGroup
  android:id="@+id/radio_group"
  ... >
  <RadioButton
    android:id="@+id/choice1"
    android:onClick="radioButtonClickCallback"
    .../>
  <RadioButton
    android:id="@+id/choice2"
    android:onClick="radioButtonClickCallback"
    .../>
  <RadioButton
    android:id="@+id/choice3"
    android:onClick="radioButtonClickCallback"
    ... />
</RadioGroup>
```

// Define a generic listener for all three RadioButtons in the RadioGroup

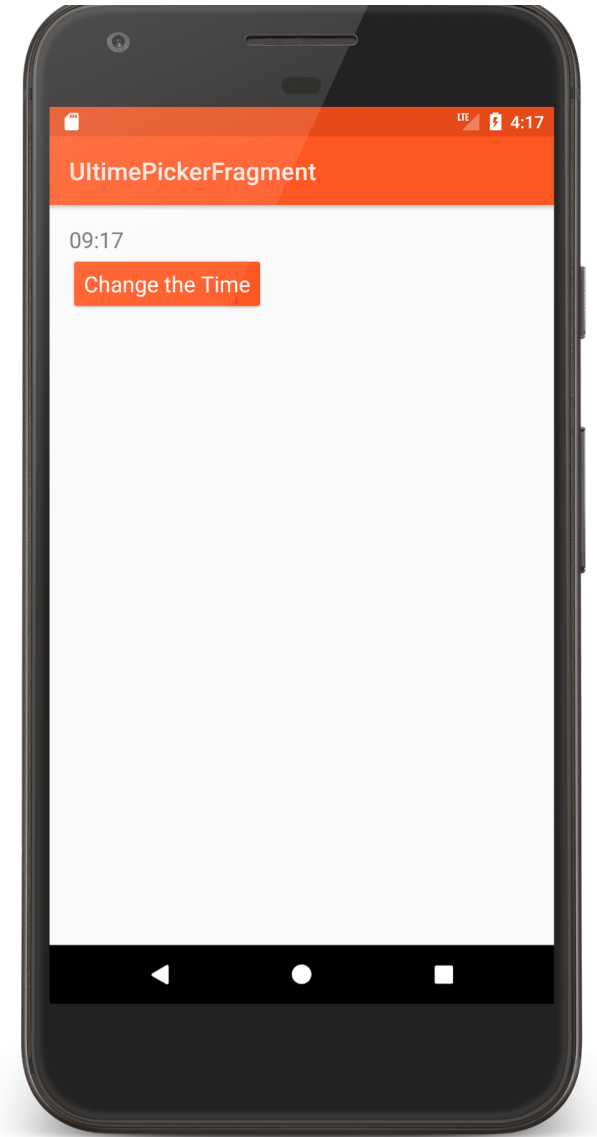
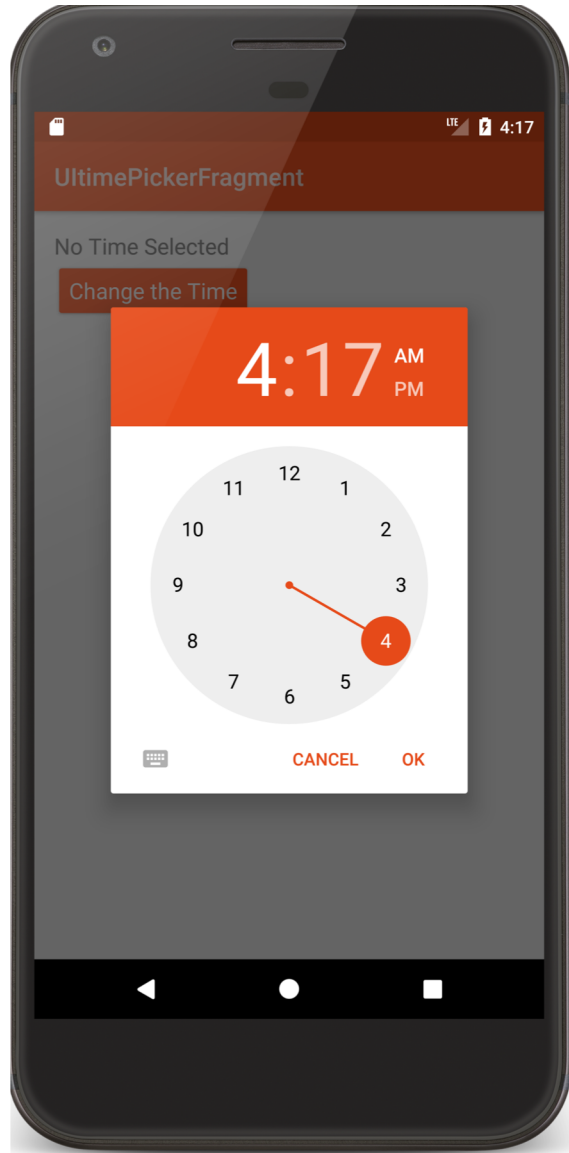
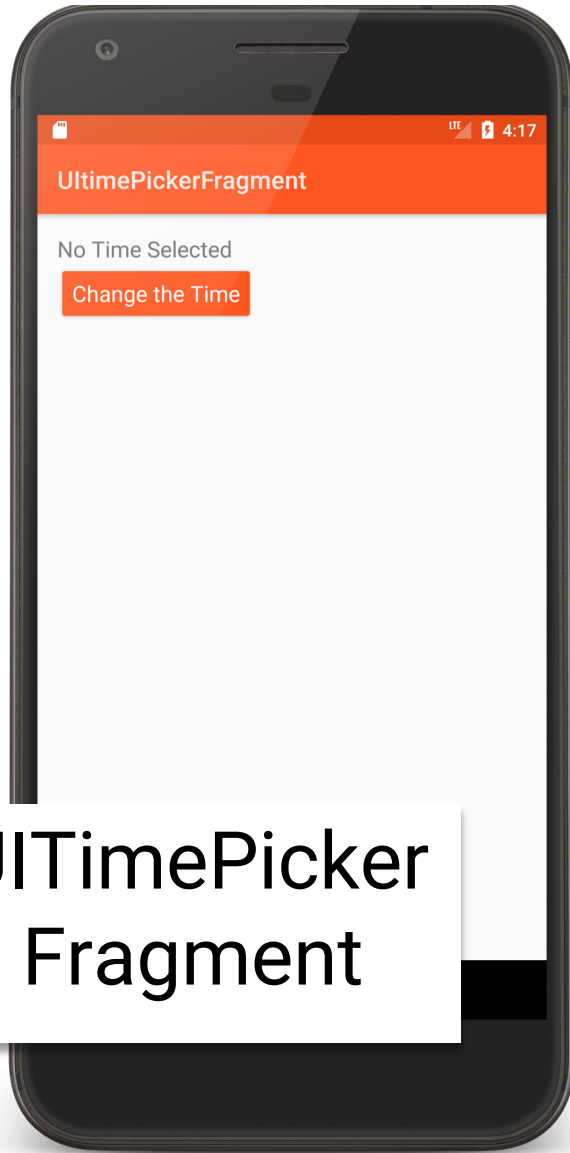
```
public void radioButtonClickCallback(View v) {  
    RadioButton rb = (RadioButton) v;
```

// RadioButtons report each click, even if the toggle state doesn't change

```
if (rb.isChecked()) {  
    mTextView.setText(getString(R.string.chosen_string, rb.getText()));  
}  
}
```

TimePickerFragment

A ViewGroup that allows the user to select a time



UTimePicker
Fragment

```
public class TimePickerFragmentActivity extends Activity implements  
    OnTimeSetListener {
```

```
...
```

```
// OnClickListener for the "Change the Time" Button
```

```
public void buttonPressedCallback(@SuppressWarnings("unused") View view) {  
    // Create and display DatePickerFragment  
    new TimePickerFragment().show(getFragmentManager(), "TimePicker");  
}
```

```
// Callback called by TimePickerFragment when user sets the time
```

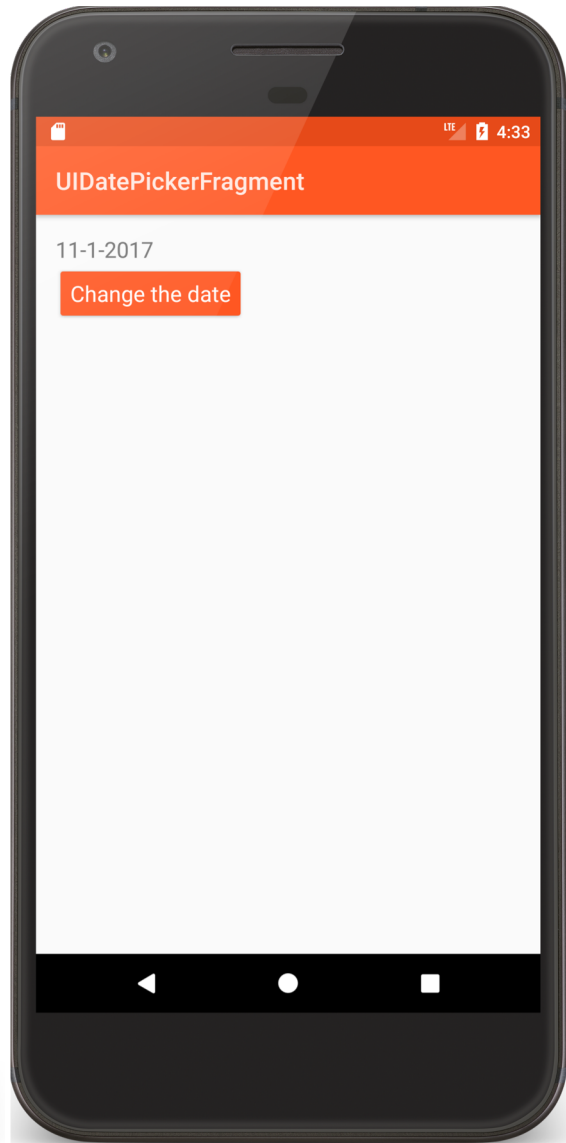
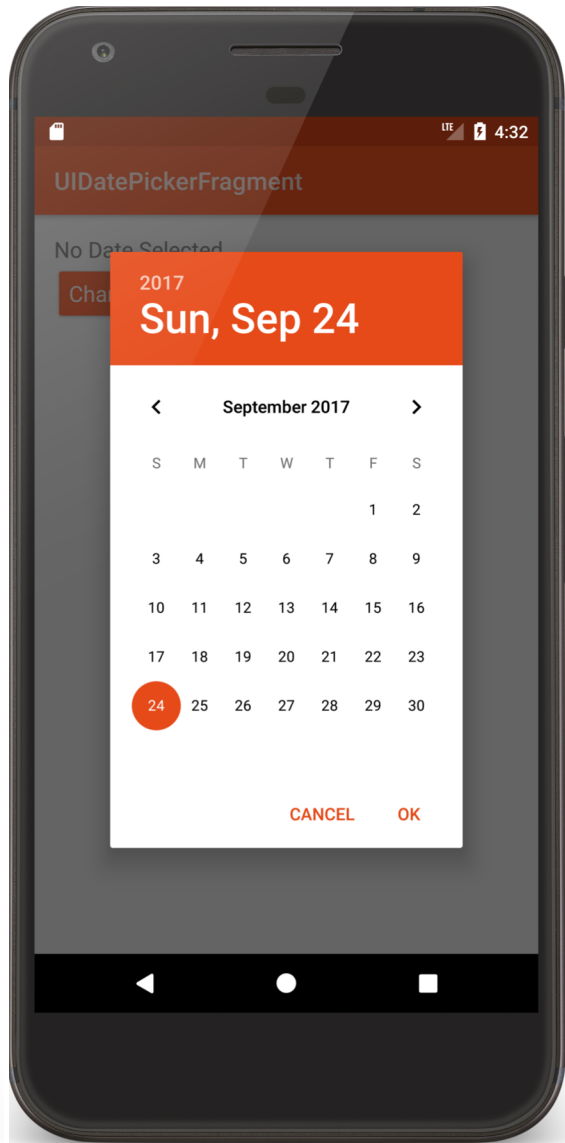
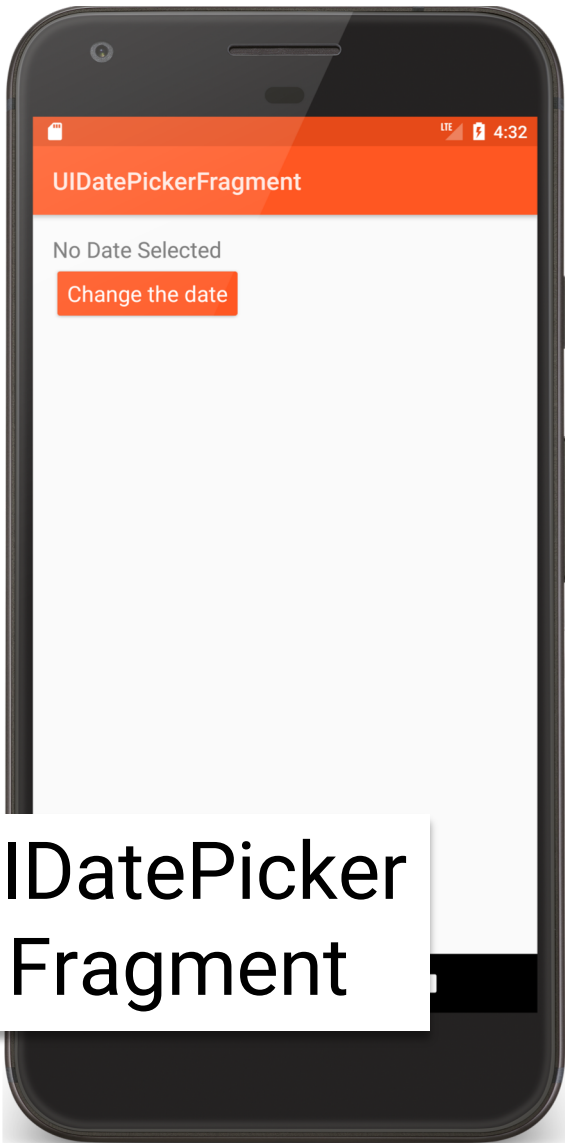
```
public void onTimeSet(TimePicker view, int hourOfDay, int minute) {  
    mTimeDisplay.setText(/* construct time string from params */);  
}
```

```
public static class TimePickerFragment extends DialogFragment implements
    OnTimeSetListener {
    public Dialog onCreateDialog(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        // Create a new instance of TimePickerDialog and return it
        ...
        return new TimePickerDialog(getActivity(), this, hourOfDay, minute, false);
    }

    // Callback called by TimePickerDialog when user sets the time
    public void onTimeSet(TimePicker view, int hourOfDay, int minute) {
        ((OnTimeSetListener) getActivity()).onTimeSet(view, hourOfDay, minute);
    }
}
}
```

DatePickerFragment

A ViewGroup that allows the user to select a date



UIDatePicker
Fragment

WebView

A ViewGroup that displays a web page

UIWebView



```
<RelativeLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"  
    android:layout_width="match_parent"  
    android:layout_height="match_parent"  
    android:background="@color/primary_light">
```

```
<WebView  
    android:id="@+id/webview"  
    android:layout_width="match_parent"  
    android:layout_height="match_parent" />
```

```
</RelativeLayout>
```

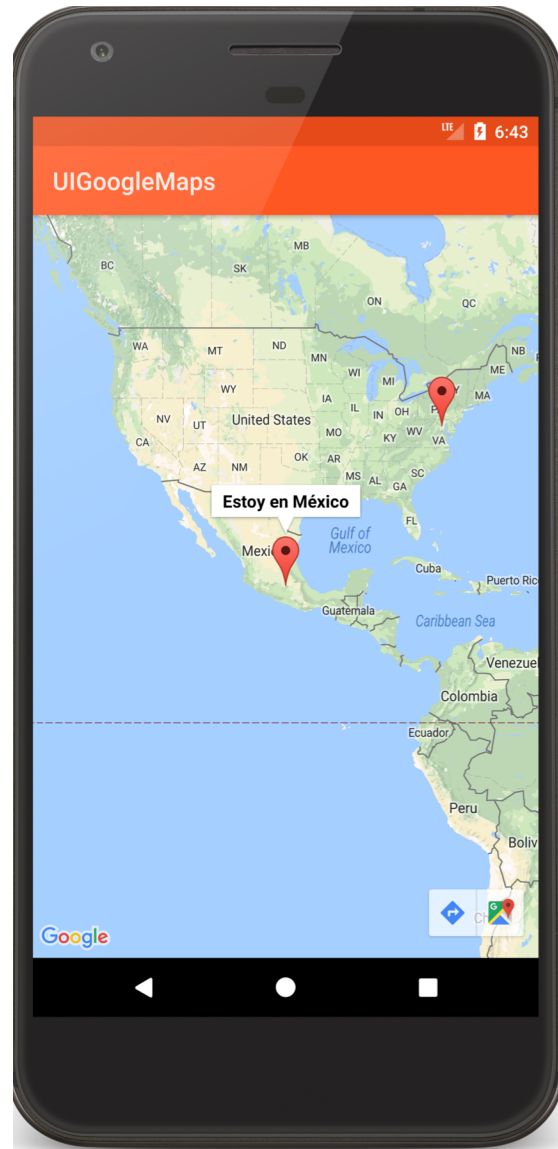
```
public class WebViewActivity extends Activity {
    ...
    public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.main);
        mWebView = findViewById(R.id.webview);

        // Set a kind of listener on the WebView so the WebView can intercept
        // URL loading requests if it wants to
        mWebView.setWebViewClient(new HelloWebViewClient());
        // Add Zoom controls to WebView
        mWebView.getSettings().setBuiltInZoomControls(true);
        mWebView.loadUrl("https://www.cs.umd.edu/~aporter/Tmp/bee.html");
    }
}
```

MapView

A ViewGroup that displays a Map

UIGoogleMaps



Adapters & AdapterViews

AdapterViews are Views whose children and data are managed by an Adapter

Interaction pattern

Adapter manages the data and provides data Views to AdapterView

AdapterView displays the data Views

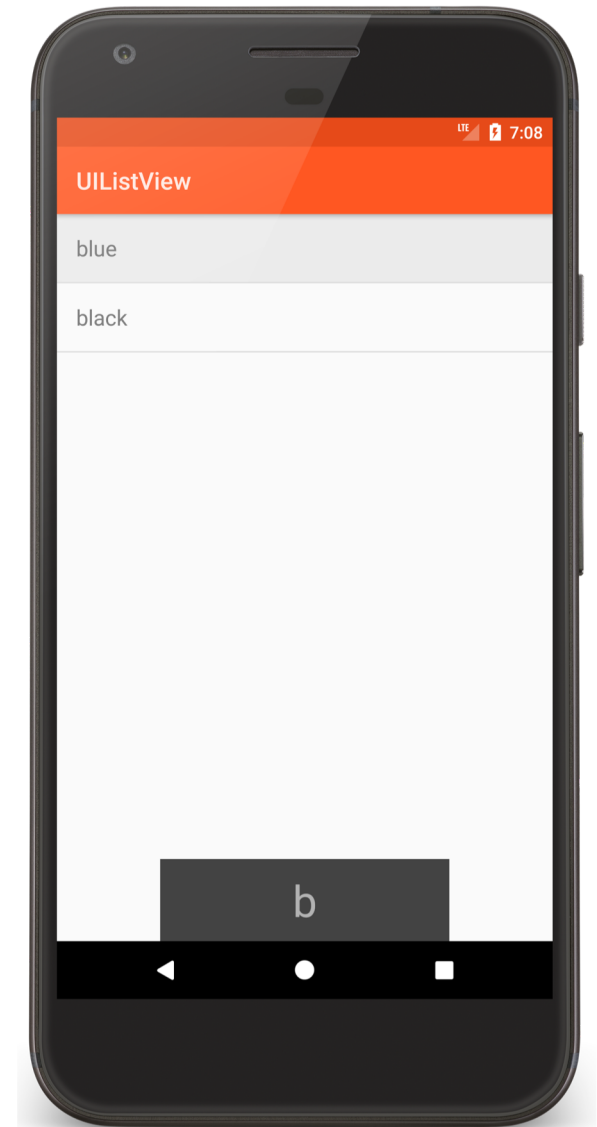
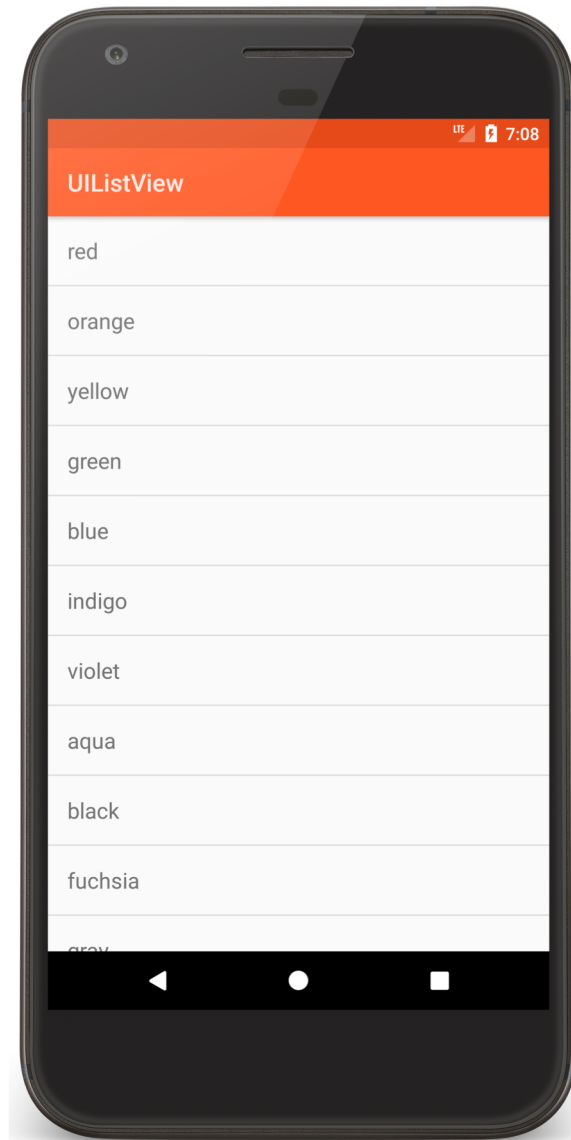
ListView

An AdapterView that displays a scrollable list of selectable items

Data items managed by a ListAdapter

ListView can filter the list of items based on text input

UITableView



```
public class ListViewActivity extends ListActivity {  
    public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {  
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);  
  
        // Create a new Adapter containing a list of colors  
        // Set the adapter on this ListActivity's built-in ListView  
        setListAdapter(new ArrayAdapter<>(this, R.layout.list_item,  
            getResources().getStringArray(R.array.colors)));  
  
        ListView lv = getListView();  
  
        // Enable filtering when the user types in the virtual keyboard  
        lv.setTextFilterEnabled(true);  
        ...  
    }  
}
```

```
<TextView xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"  
    android:layout_width="match_parent"  
    android:layout_height="match_parent"  
    android:padding="@dimen/activity_margin"  
    android:textAppearance=  
        "@android:style/TextAppearance.Material.Medium"/>
```

...

// Set an setOnItemClickListener on the ListView

```
lv.setOnItemClickListener(new.OnItemClickListener() {
```

```
    public void onItemClick(AdapterView<?> parent, View view,  
                                int position, long id) {
```

// Display a Toast message indicting the selected item

```
    Toast.makeText(getApplicationContext(),  
        ((TextView) view).getText(), Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
```

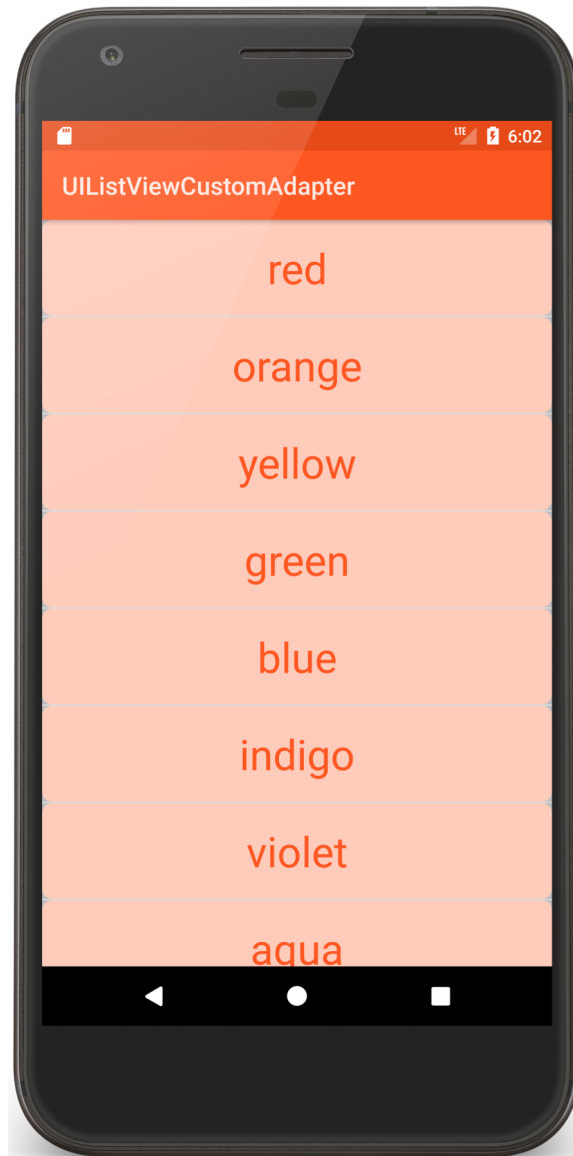
```
    }
```

```
});
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

UIListViewWith CustomAdapter



```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>  
<TextView xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"  
    android:id="@+id/text"  
    android:layout_width="match_parent"  
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"  
    android:background="@drawable/list_background"  
    android:gravity="center"  
    android:padding="16dp"  
    android:textAppearance="@android:style/TextAppearance.Material.Display1"  
    android:textColor="@color/primary">  
  
</TextView>
```

```
<shape xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"  
    android:shape="rectangle">  
    <solid android:color="@color/primary_light" />  
    <corners android:radius="8dp" />  
</shape>
```



```
public class ListViewActivity extends ListActivity {
    @Override
    public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);

        // Create a new Adapter containing a list of colors
        // Set the adapter on this ListActivity's built-in ListView
        setListAdapter(new ListViewAdapter(
            this,
            R.layout.list_item,
            getResources().getStringArray(R.array.colors)));
    }
}
```

...

```
class ListViewAdapter extends ArrayAdapter<String> {
    private final LayoutInflater mLayoutInflater;
    ...
    public View getView(int position, View convertView, ViewGroup parent) {
        View dataView = convertView;
        // Check for recycled View
        if (null == dataView) {
            // Not recycled. Create the View
            dataView = mLayoutInflater.inflate(R.layout.list_item, parent, false);
            // Cache View information in ViewHolder Object
            ViewHolder viewHolder = new ViewHolder();
            viewHolder.text = dataView.findViewById(R.id.text);
            dataView.setTag(viewHolder);
        }
        ...
    }
}
```

...

// Set the View's data. Retrieve the viewHolder Object

```
ViewHolder storedViewHolder = (ViewHolder) dataView.getTag();
```

//Set the data in the data View

```
storedViewHolder.text.setText(getItem(position));
```

```
return dataView;
```

```
}
```

// The ViewHolder class. See:<http://developer.android.com/training/>

// [improving/layouts/Smooth-scrolling.html#ViewHolder](http://developer.android.com/training/improving/layouts/Smooth-scrolling.html#ViewHolder)

```
static class ViewHolder {
```

```
    public TextView text;
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

UIRecyclerView



```
public class RecyclerViewActivity extends Activity {
    public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        ...
        //Set the layout manager
        mRecyclerView.setLayoutManager(new LinearLayoutManager(this));
        // Set up the adapter
        ArrayList<String> names = new ArrayList<>();
        Collections.addAll(names, getResources().getStringArray(R.array.colors));
        MyRecyclerViewAdapter mAdapter =
            new MyRecyclerViewAdapter(names,R.layout.list_item);
        mRecyclerView.setAdapter(mAdapter);
    }
}
```

class MyRecyclerViewAdapter **extends**

RecyclerView.Adapter<MyRecyclerViewAdapter.ViewHolder> {

...

// Create ViewHolder which holds a View to be displayed

public ViewHolder onCreateViewHolder(ViewGroup viewGroup, **int** i) {

View v = LayoutInflater.from(viewGroup.getContext())

.inflate(**mRowLayout**, viewGroup, **false**);

return new MyRecyclerViewAdapter.ViewHolder(v);

}

// Binding: Preparing a child view to display data corr. to a position within the adapter.

public void onBindViewHolder(ViewHolder viewHolder, **int** i) {

viewHolder.**mName**.setText(**mNames**.get(i));

}

public int getItemCount() {

return (**null** == **mNames**) ? 0 : **mNames**.size();

}

```
public static class ViewHolder extends RecyclerView.ViewHolder  
                                implements View.OnClickListener {
```

```
...
```

```
public ViewHolder(View itemView) {  
    super(itemView);  
    mName = itemView.findViewById(R.id.text);  
    itemView.setOnClickListener(this);  
}
```

```
public void onClick(View view) {  
    // Display a Toast message indicting the selected item  
    Toast.makeText(view.getContext(),  
        mName.getText(), Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();  
}
```

```
}
```

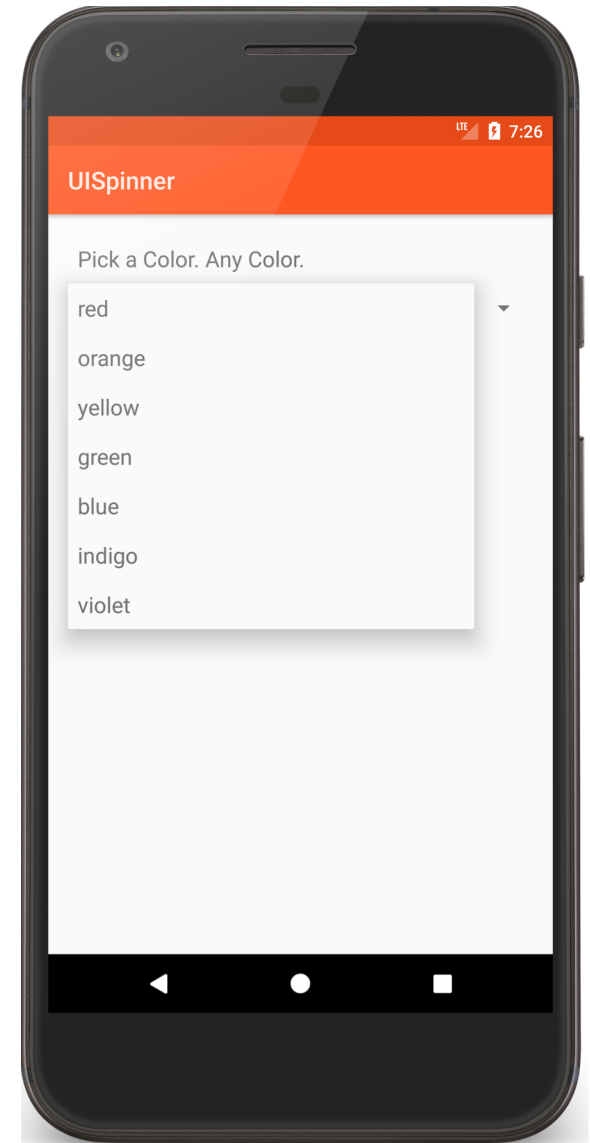
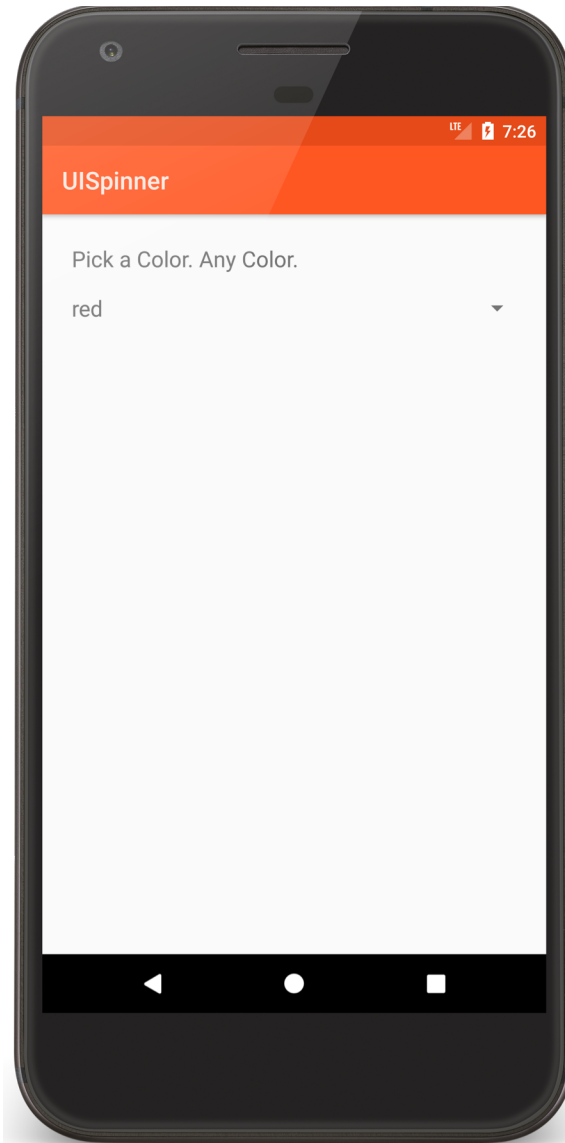
Spinner

An AdapterView that provides a scrollable list of items

User can select one item from the list

Items managed by a SpinnerAdapter

UISpinner



ViewPager

A ViewGroup showing a horizontally scrolling list

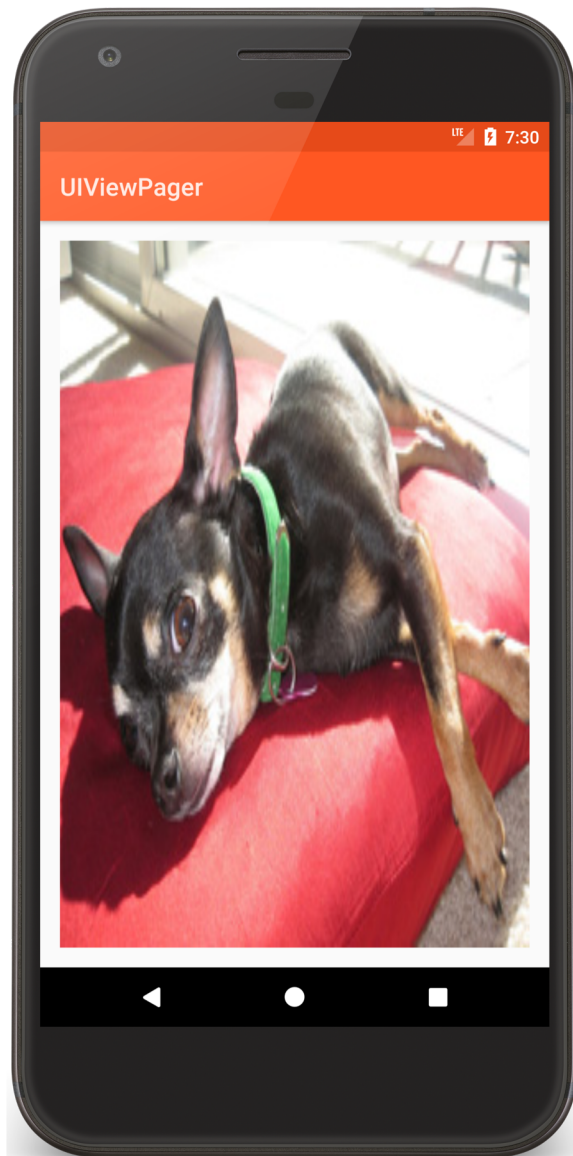
Items managed by a PagerAdapter

Two builtin PagerAdapters using Fragments

FragmentPagerAdapter

FragmentStatePagerAdapter

UIViewPager



```
public class GalleryWithViewPagerActivity extends Activity {
```

```
    protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
```

```
        ...
```

```
        // Create a new ImageAdapter (subclass of FragmentStatePagerAdapter)
```

```
        ImageAdapter imageAdapter = new ImageAdapter(getFragmentManager());
```

```
        // Set the Adapter on the ViewPager
```

```
        viewPager.setAdapter(imageAdapter);
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

// Manages Fragments holding ImageViews

```
class ImageAdapter extends FragmentStatePagerAdapter {
```

```
...
```

```
public Fragment getItem(int i) {
```

```
    Fragment fragment = new ImageHolderFragment();
```

```
    Bundle args = new Bundle();
```

```
    args.putInt(ImageHolderFragment.RES_ID, mImageIds[i]);
```

```
    args.putString(ImageHolderFragment.POS, String.valueOf(i));
```

```
    fragment.setArguments(args);
```

```
    return fragment;
```

```
}
```

```
public int getCount() {
```

```
    return mImageIds.length;
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
// Each instance holds one image to be displayed in the ViewPager
public class ImageHolderFragment extends Fragment {
...
    public View onCreateView(LayoutInflater inflater, ViewGroup container,
                             Bundle savedInstanceState) {

        final Bundle args = getArguments();
        mPos = args.getString(POS);
        int mID = args.getInt(RES_ID);
        ImageView imageView = (ImageView) inflater.inflate(R.layout.page,
                                                         container, false);

        // Set the Image for the ImageView
        imageView.setImageResource(mID);
        ...
        return imageView;
    }
}
```

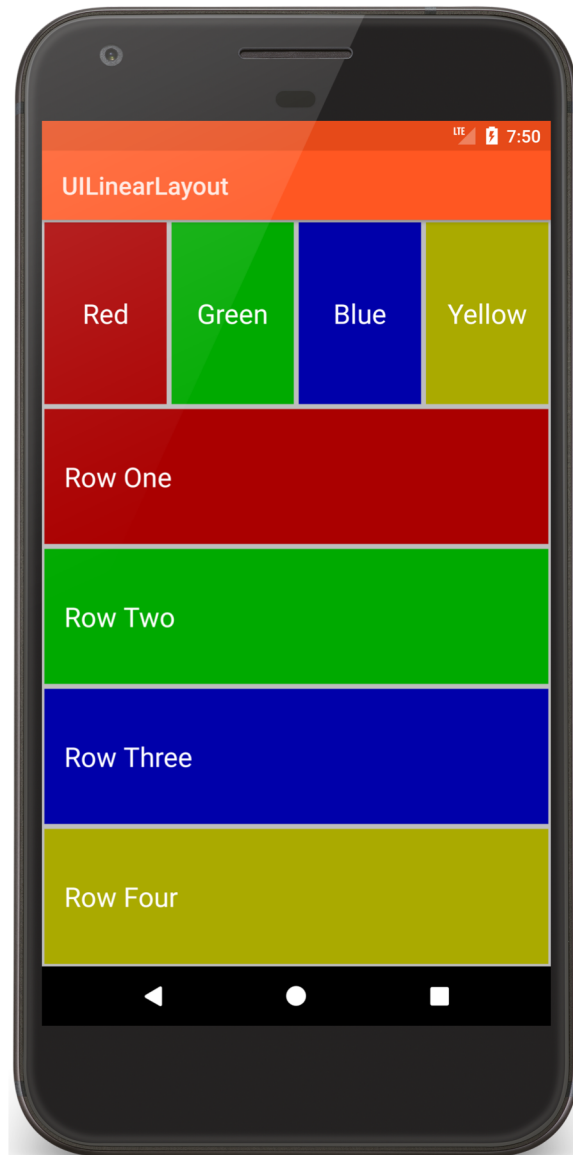
Layouts

A generic Viewgroup that defines a structure/rules for positioning the Views it contains

LinearLayout

Child Views arranged in a single horizontal or vertical row

LinearLayout



<!-- Outermost LinearLayout with vertical orientation -->

```
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="match_parent"
    android:background="@color/divider"
    android:orientation="vertical">
```

<!--

*Inner LinearLayout with horizontal orientation
and layout weight of 1 out of 4*

-->

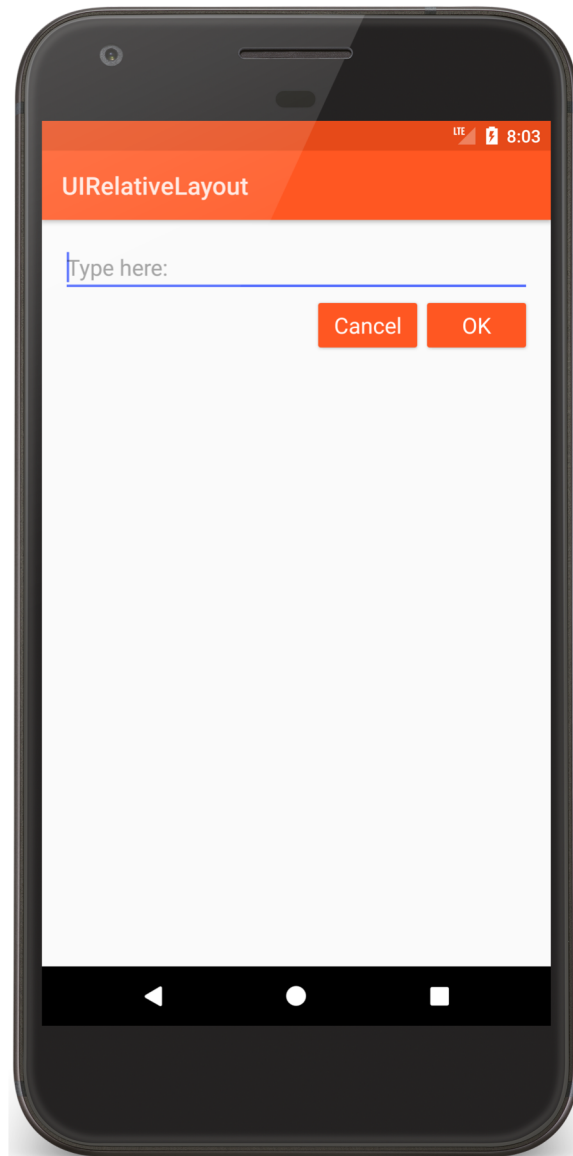
```
<LinearLayout
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="odp"
    android:layout_weight="1"
    android:orientation="horizontal">
```

...

RelativeLayout

Child Views are positioned relative to each other and to parent View

UIRelativeLayout



```
<RelativeLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"  
    android:layout_width="match_parent"  
    android:layout_height="match_parent"  
    android:padding="@dimen/activity_margin">
```

```
<EditText
```

```
    android:id="@+id/entry"  
    android:layout_width="match_parent"  
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"  
    android:hint="@string/type_here_string"  
.../>
```

...

<Button

```
    android:id="@+id/ok_button"  
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"  
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"  
    android:layout_alignParentEnd="true"  
    android:layout_below="@id/entry"
```

.../>

<Button

```
    android:id="@+id/cancel_button"  
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"  
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"  
    android:layout_alignTop="@id/ok_button"  
    android:layout_toStartOf="@id/ok_button"
```

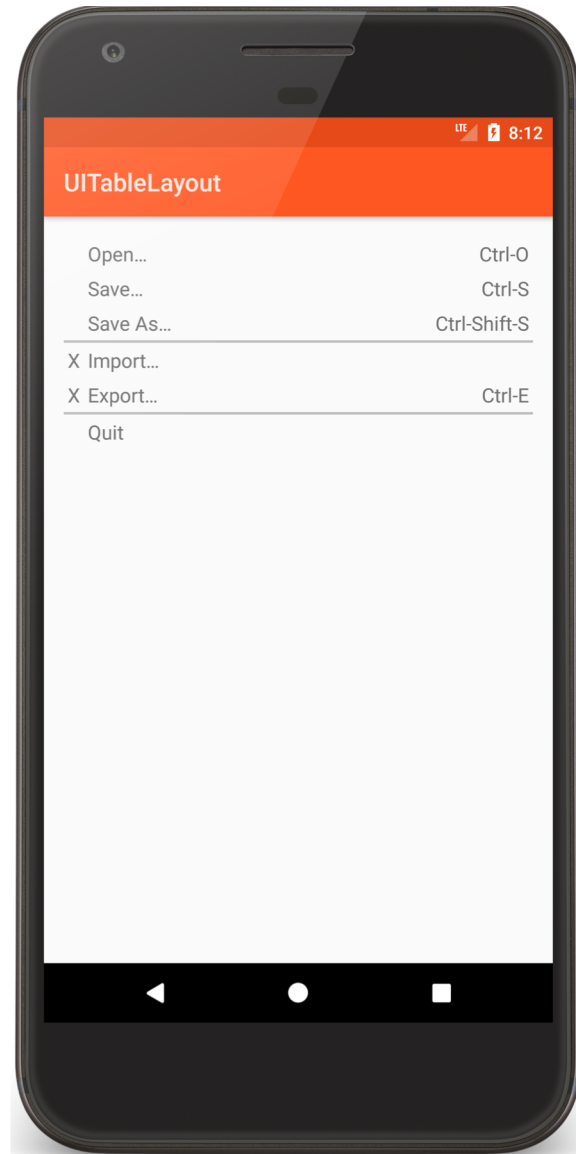
.../>

</RelativeLayout>

TableLayout

Child views arranged into rows & columns

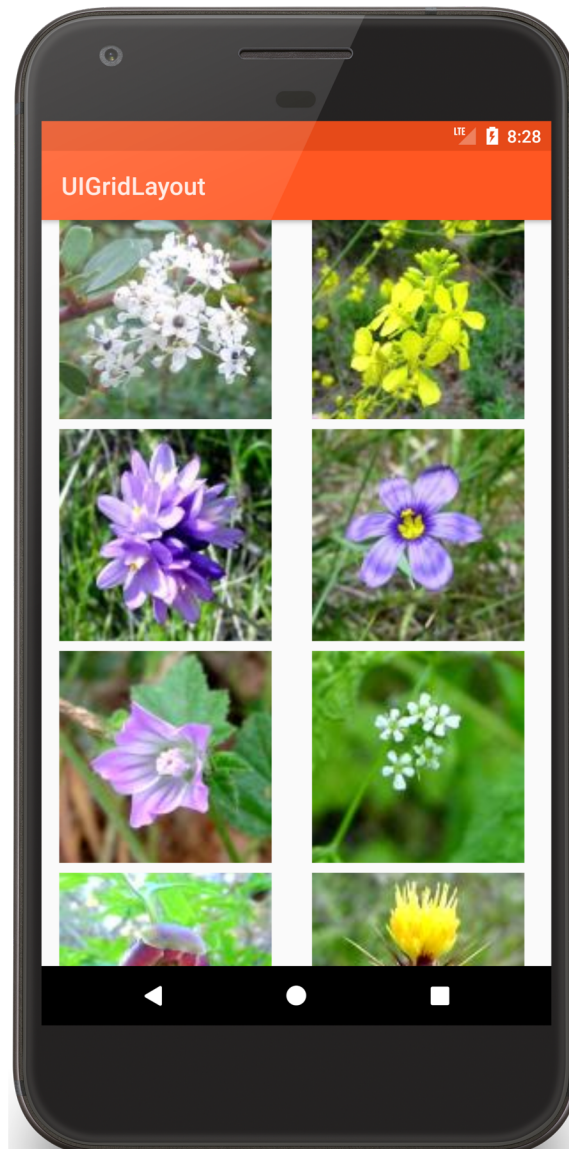
UITableView



GridView

Child views arranged in a two-dimensional, scrollable grid

UIGridView



Menus and ActionBar

Activities support menus

Activities can

- Add items to a menu

- Handle clicks on the menu items

Menu Types

Options

Menu shown when user presses the menu button

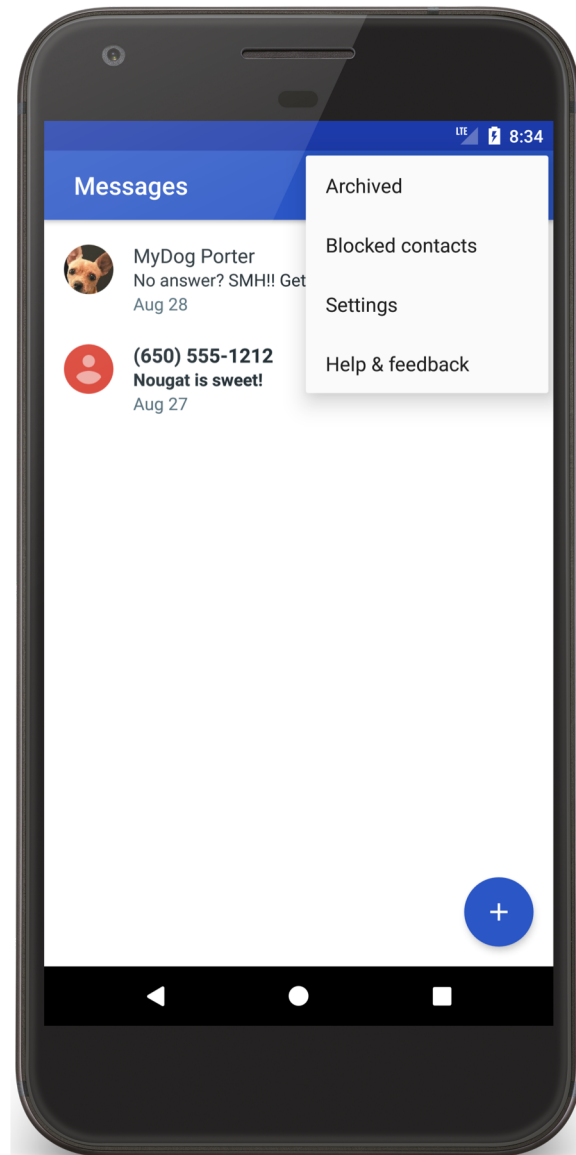
Context

View-specific menu shown when user touches and holds the View

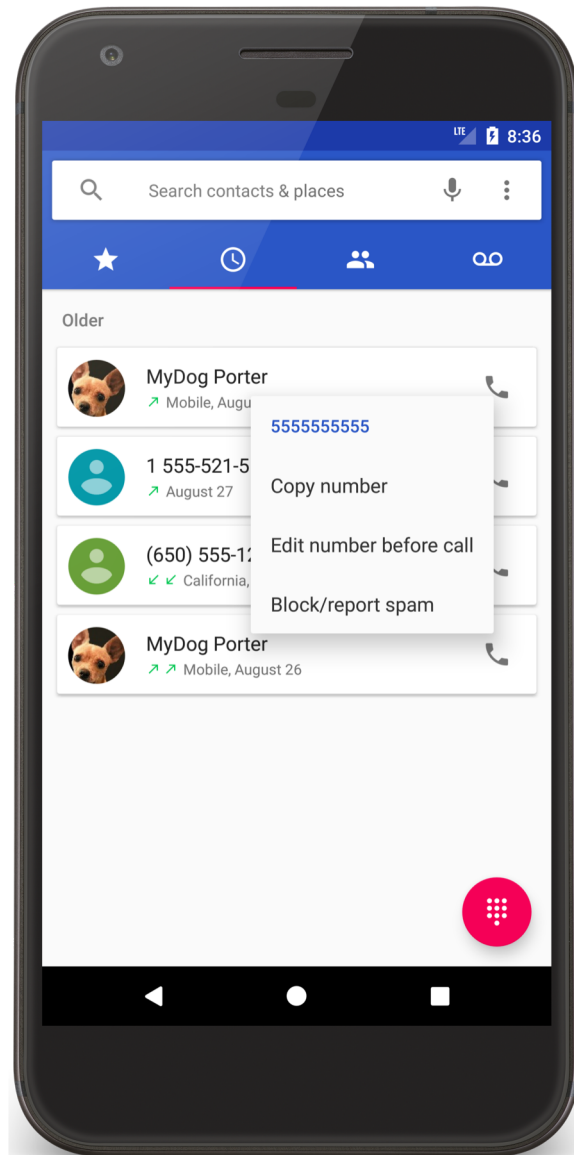
Submenu

A menu activated when user touches a visible menu item

Options Menus



Context Menus



Creating Menus

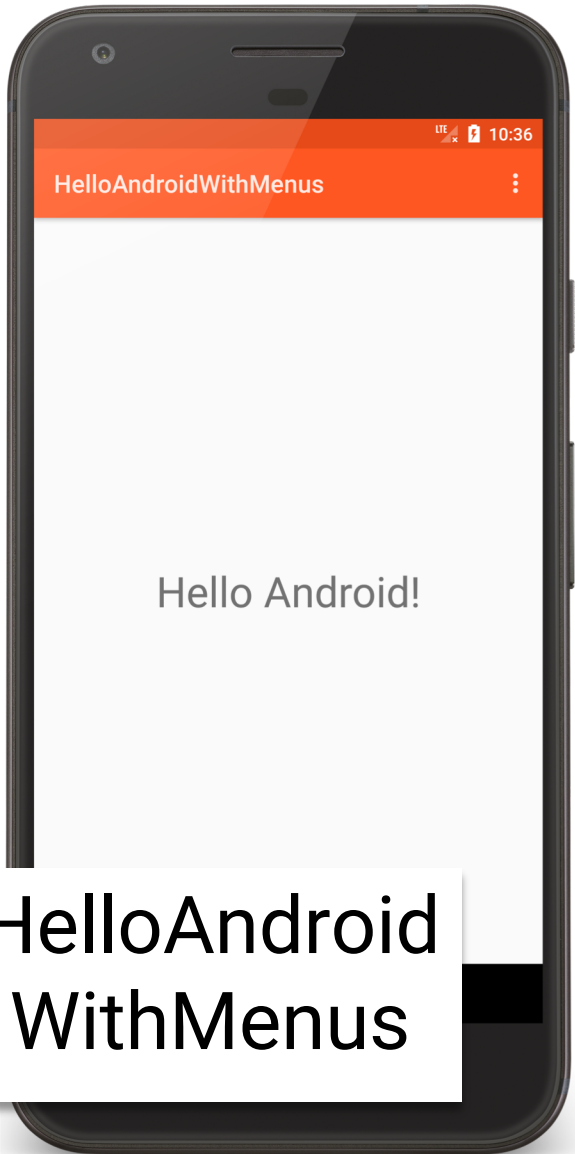
Define menu resource in XML file

Store in res/menu/filename.xml

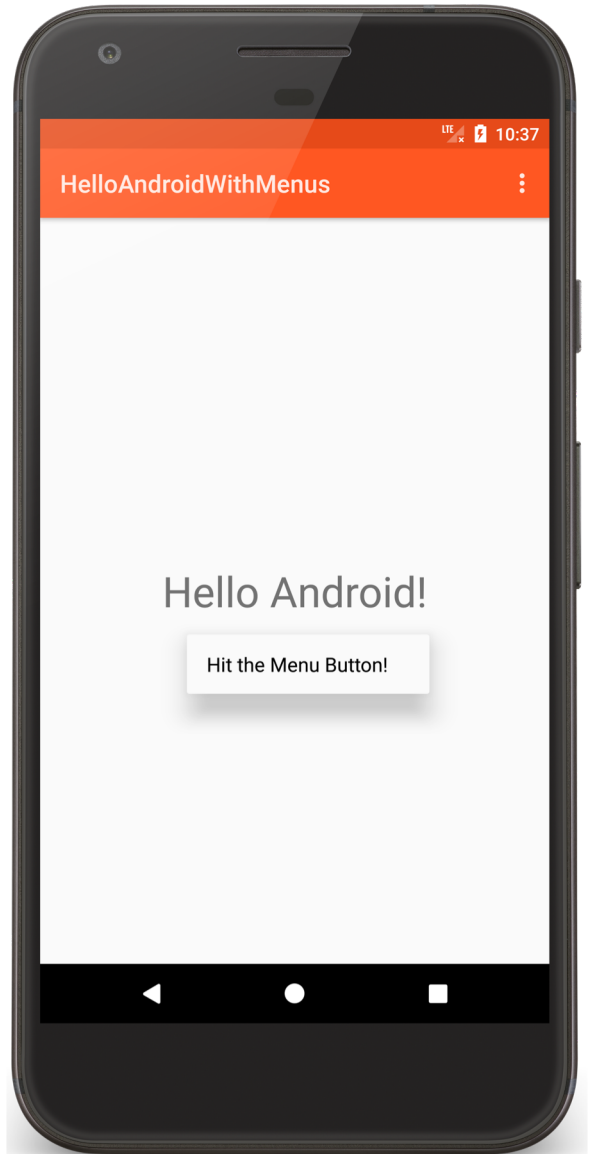
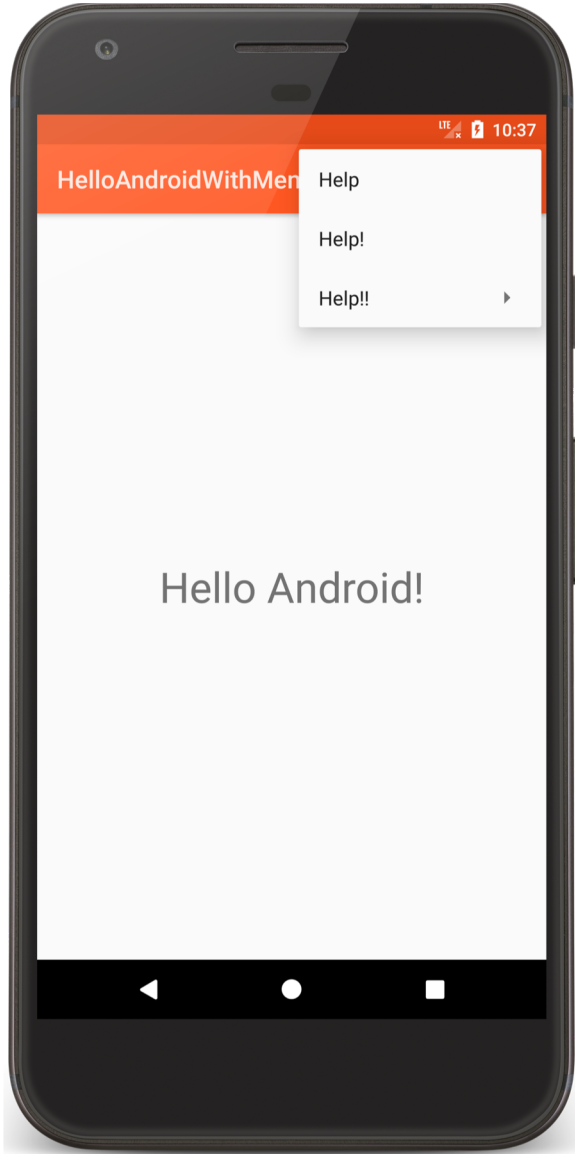
Creating Menus

Inflate menu resource using Menu Inflater in
`onCreate{Options,Context}Menu()` methods

Handling item selection in appropriate
`on{Options,Context}ItemsSelected()` methods



HelloAndroid
WithMenus



```
public class HelloAndroidWithMenuActivity extends Activity {  
    public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {  
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);  
  
        setContentView(R.layout.main);  
        TextView tv = findViewById(R.id.text_view);  
  
        // Long presses on TextView invoke Context Menu  
        registerForContextMenu(tv);  
  
    }  
}
```

// Create Options Menu

```
public boolean onCreateOptionsMenu(Menu menu) {  
    MenuInflater inflater = getMenuInflater();  
    inflater.inflate(R.menu.top_menu, menu);  
    return true;  
}
```

// Process clicks on Options Menu items

```
public boolean onOptionsItemSelected(MenuItem item) {  
    switch (item.getItemId()) {  
        case R.id.help:  
            // Display message and return true  
        case R.id.more_help:  
            // Display message and return true  
        case R.id.even_more_help:  
            return true;  
        ...  
    }
```

// Create Context Menu

```
public void onCreateContextMenu(ContextMenu menu, View v,  
                                ContextMenuInfo menuInfo) {  
    super.onCreateContextMenu(menu, v, menuInfo);  
    MenuInflater inflater = getMenuInflater();  
    inflater.inflate(R.menu.context_menu, menu);  
}
```

// Process clicks on Context Menu Items

```
public boolean onOptionsItemSelected(MenuItem item) {  
    switch (item.getItemId()) {  
        case R.id.help_guide:  
            // Display message and return true  
        default:  
            return false;  
    }  
    ...
```

Menus

Many other features supported

- Grouping menu items

- Binding shortcut keys to menu items

- Binding Intents to menu items

ActionBar

Similar to Application Bar in many desktop applications

Enables quick access to common operations

FragmentManagerDynamicLayoutWithActionBar

Shows play titles and one quote from selected play

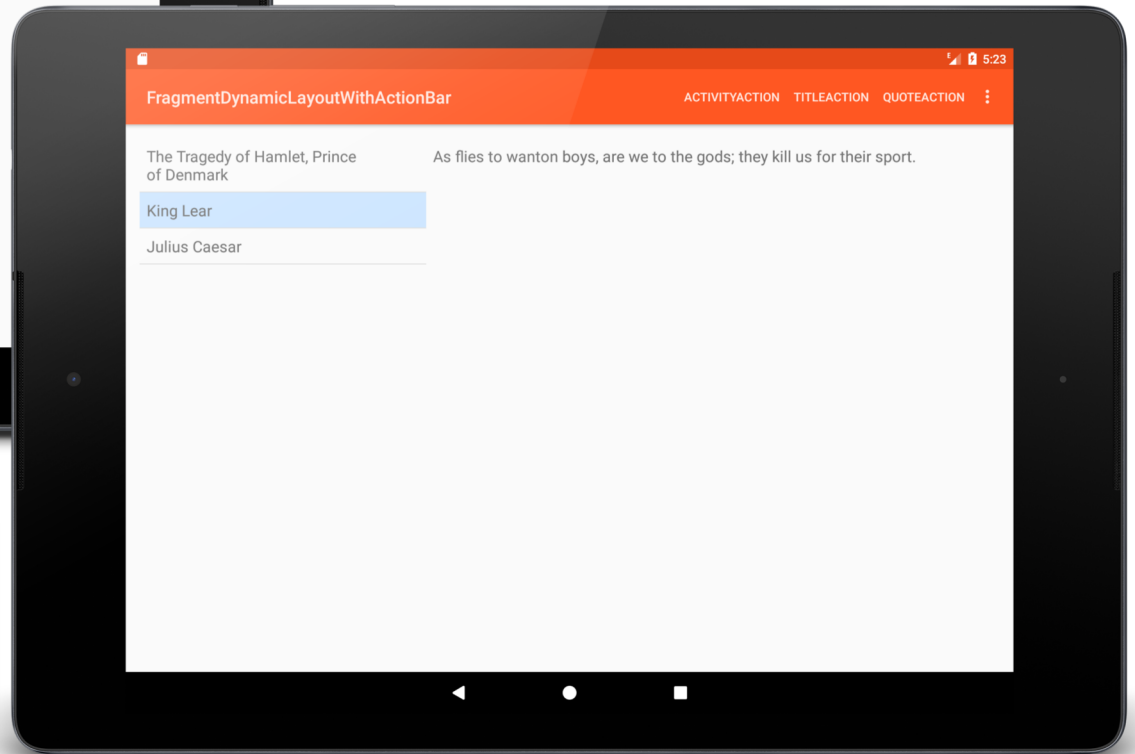
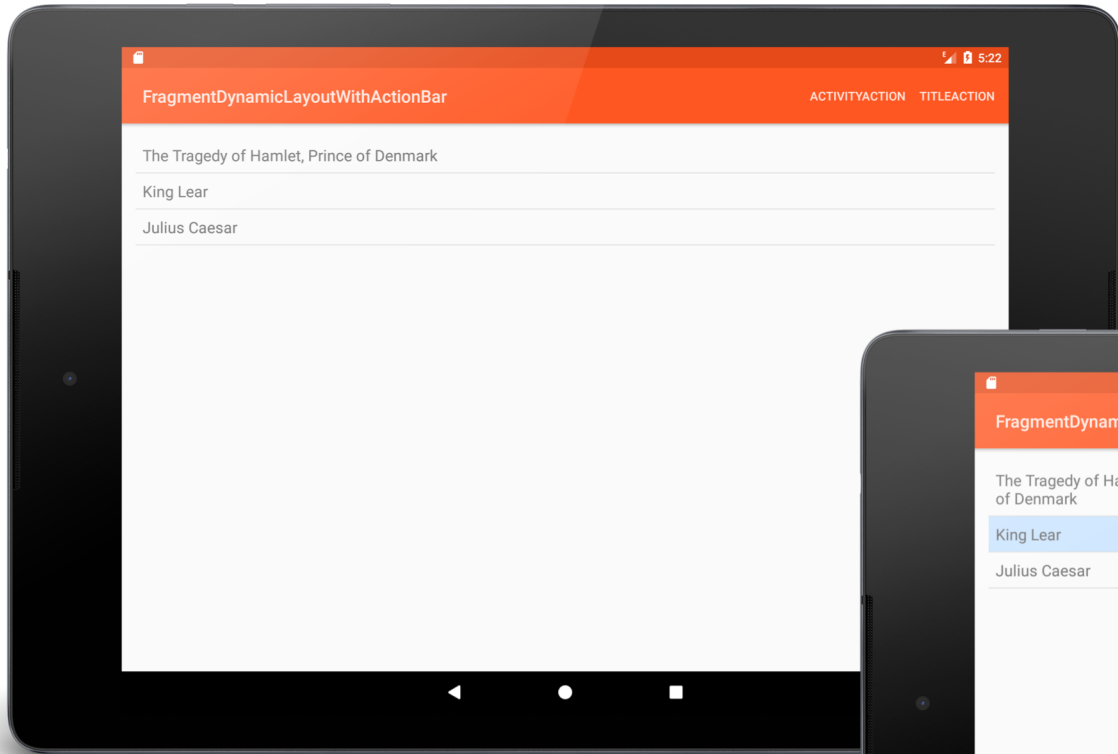
Provides actions for the ActionBar

Three main objects

- QuoteViewerActivity

- TitleFragment

- QuoteFragment



FragmentDynamic LayoutWithActionBar

Dialogs

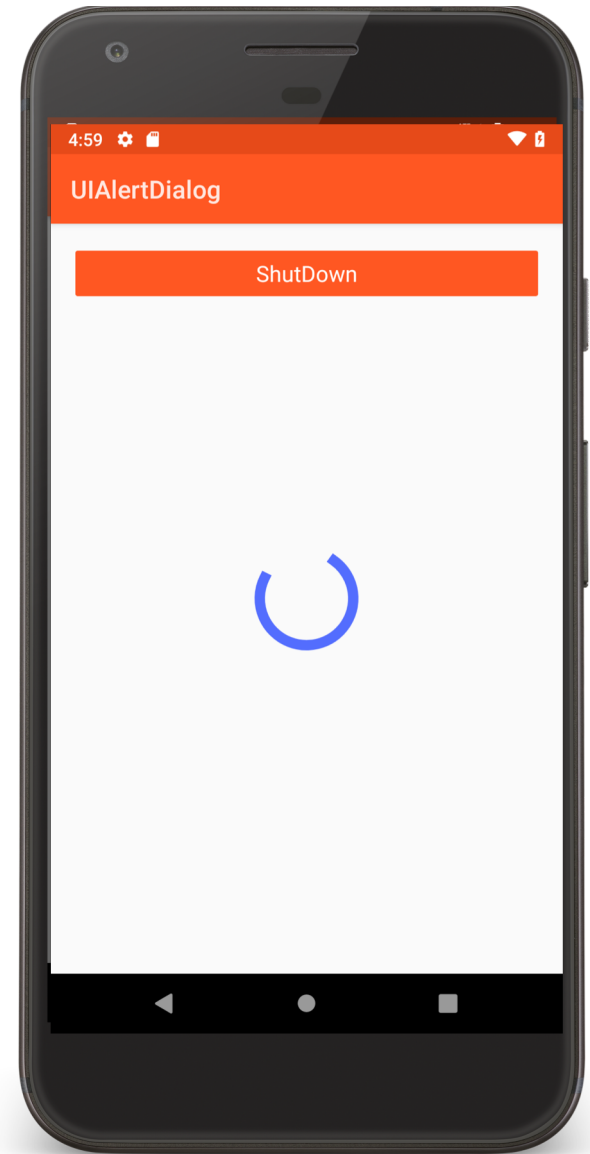
Independent subwindows used by Activities to communicate with user

Dialog Subclasses

AlertDialog

DatePickerDialog

TimePickerDialog



UIAlertDialog

Next

Data Management

Example Applications

UIButton

UIToggleButton

UICheckbox

UIRatingBar

UIAutoCompleteTextView

UIRadioGroup

UITimePickerFragment

UIDatePickerFragment

UIWebView

UIGoogleMaps

UIListView

UIListViewWithCustom
Adapter

UIRecyclerView

UISpinner

UIViewPager

UILinearLayout

UIRelativeLayout

UITableLayout

UIGridView

HelloAndroidWithMenus

UIAlertDialog