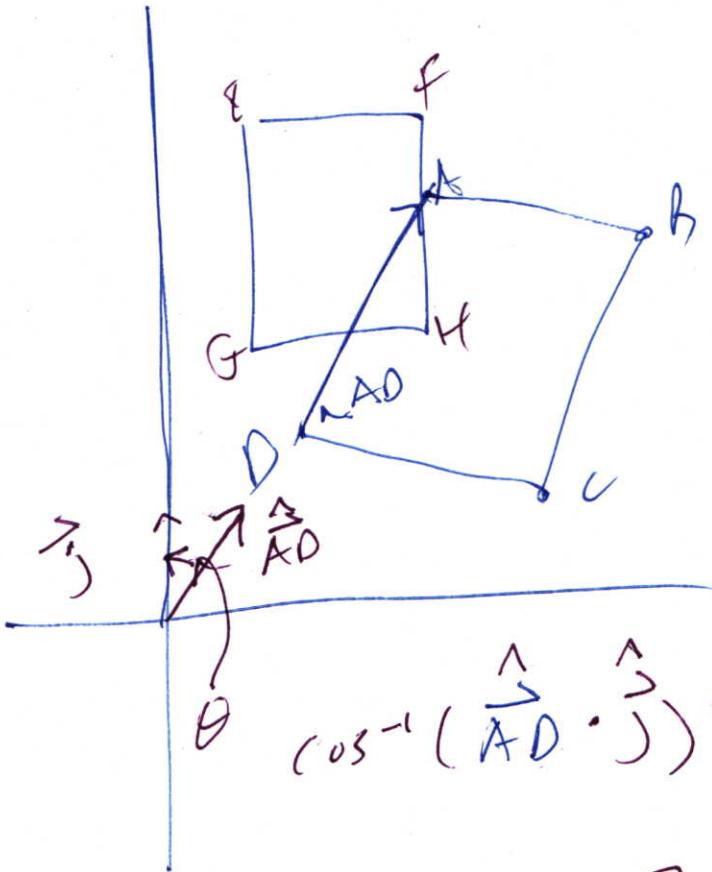


Slide 1



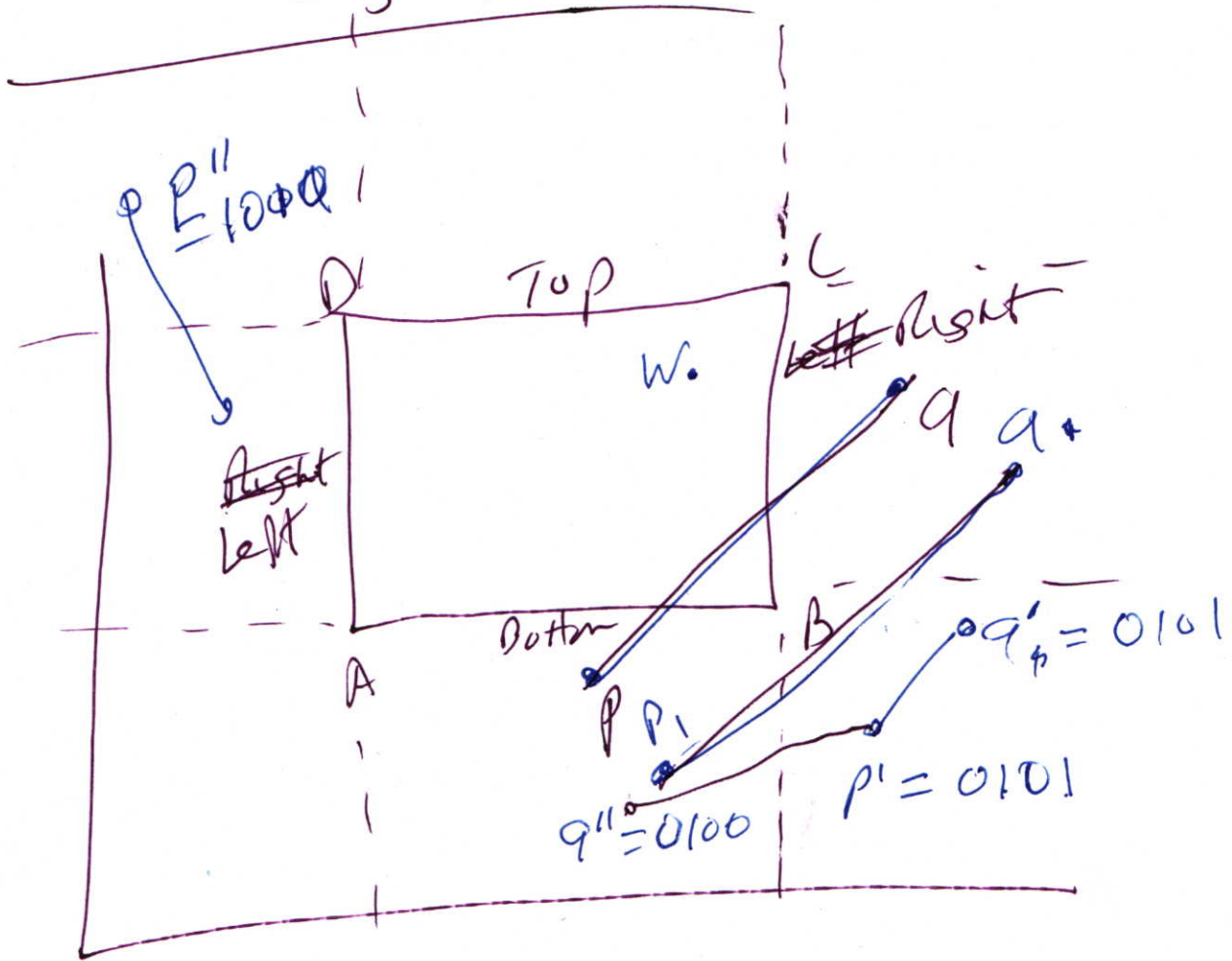
$$\vec{j} = 20.17$$

$$\cos^{-1}(\hat{AD} \cdot \hat{j}) = \theta$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} A_x \\ A_y \end{bmatrix}$$

Rotated pts = $m \begin{bmatrix} A_x & B_x & C_x & D_x & \dots \\ A_y & B_y & C_y & D_y & \dots \end{bmatrix}$

Cohen Sutherland algorithm



$P_x = TBLR$
 $p = D100$
 $q = 0001$
 $w = 0000$

$left = C_x = B_x$
 $right = A_x = D_x$
 $top = D_y = C_y$
 $bottom = A_y = B_y$

$$p = 0100$$

$$q = 0001$$

$p' = 0101$ $q' = 0101$ $q'' = 0100$ $p'' = 1000$

$$p, q$$

$$\oplus p, bq$$

b_p and b_q has one on bit
 \Rightarrow reject

$$b_p \neq b_q \neq 0$$

$ibq = \text{code } p$

$bq = \text{code } q$
 if $bq = 0$ and $bp = 0 \Rightarrow \text{accept}$

else if bq and $bq == 0$
 reject

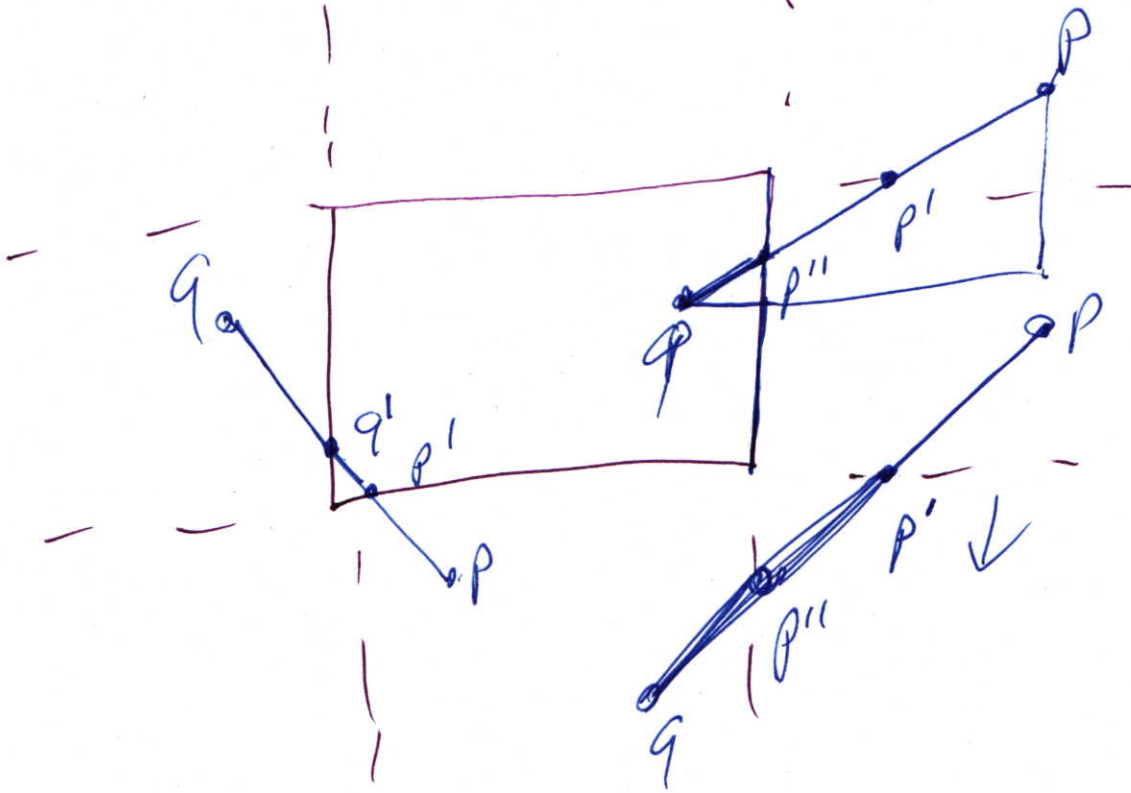
else

set if p is all zero
 switch

P is outside
 Q is maybe inside

clip P to boundary
 repeat

Slide 5



$$q = \langle q_x, q_y \rangle$$

$$p = \langle p_x, p_y \rangle$$

$$v = p - q = \langle \Delta x, \Delta y \rangle$$



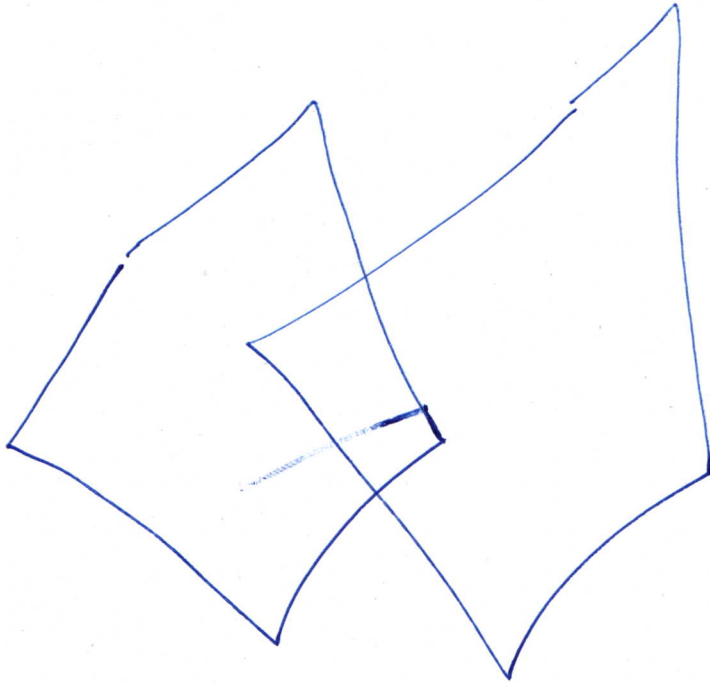
$$p = \langle p_x, p_y \rangle$$

$$y = mx + b$$

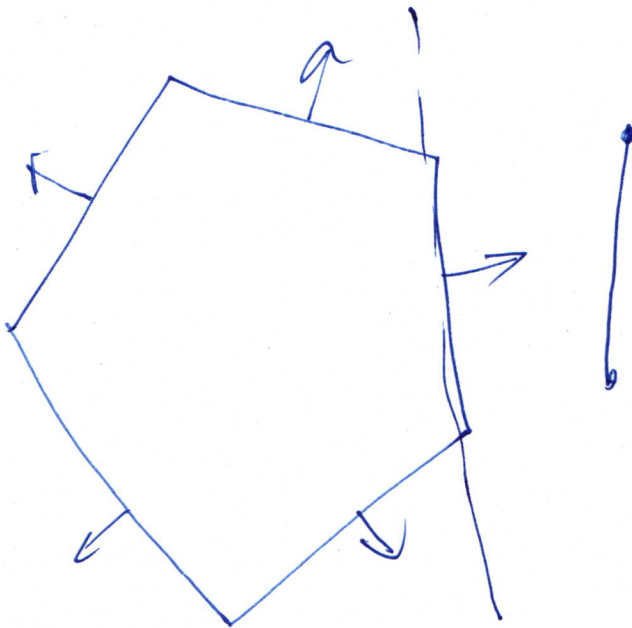
$$y = \frac{\Delta y \text{ right} + q_y}{\Delta x}$$

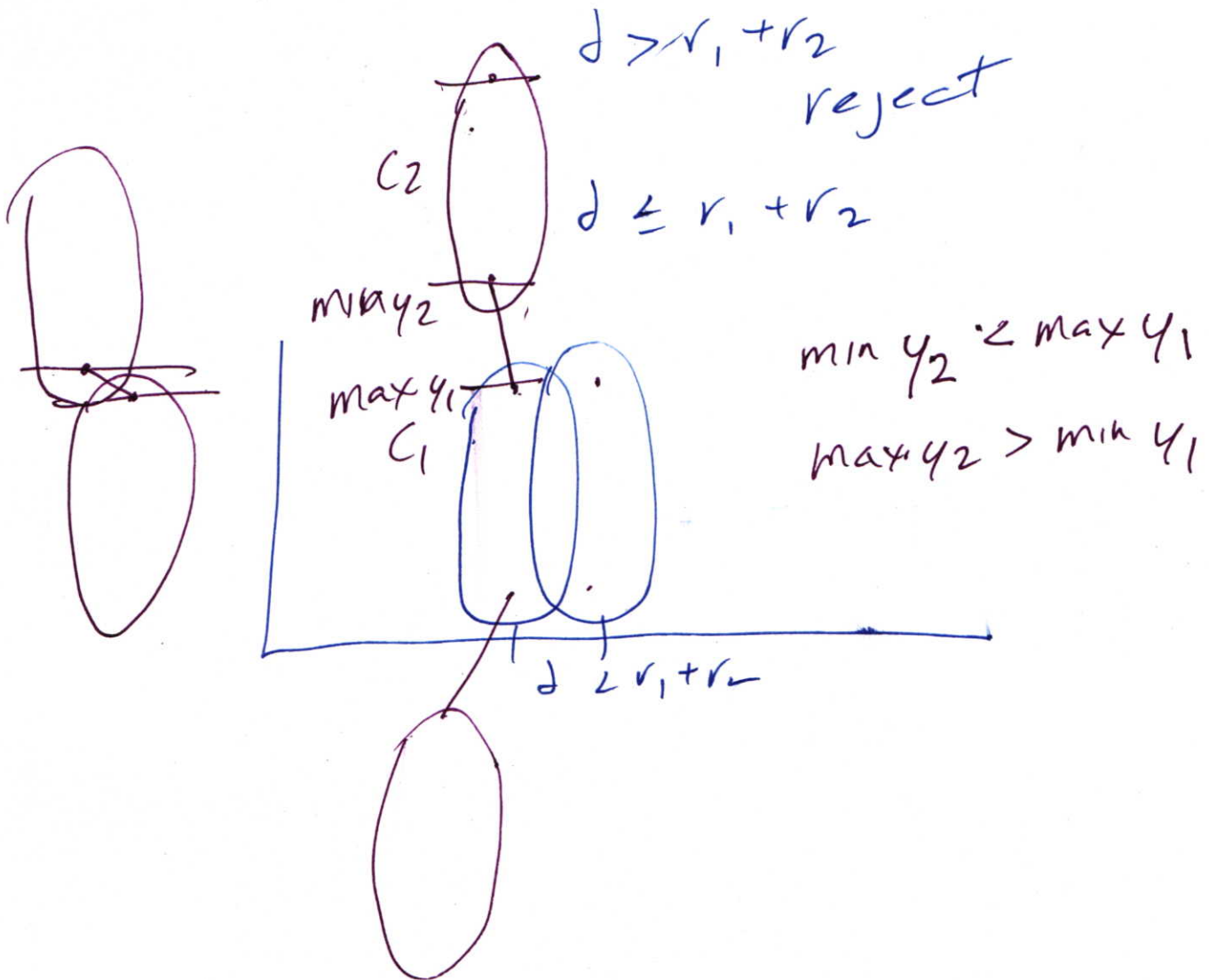
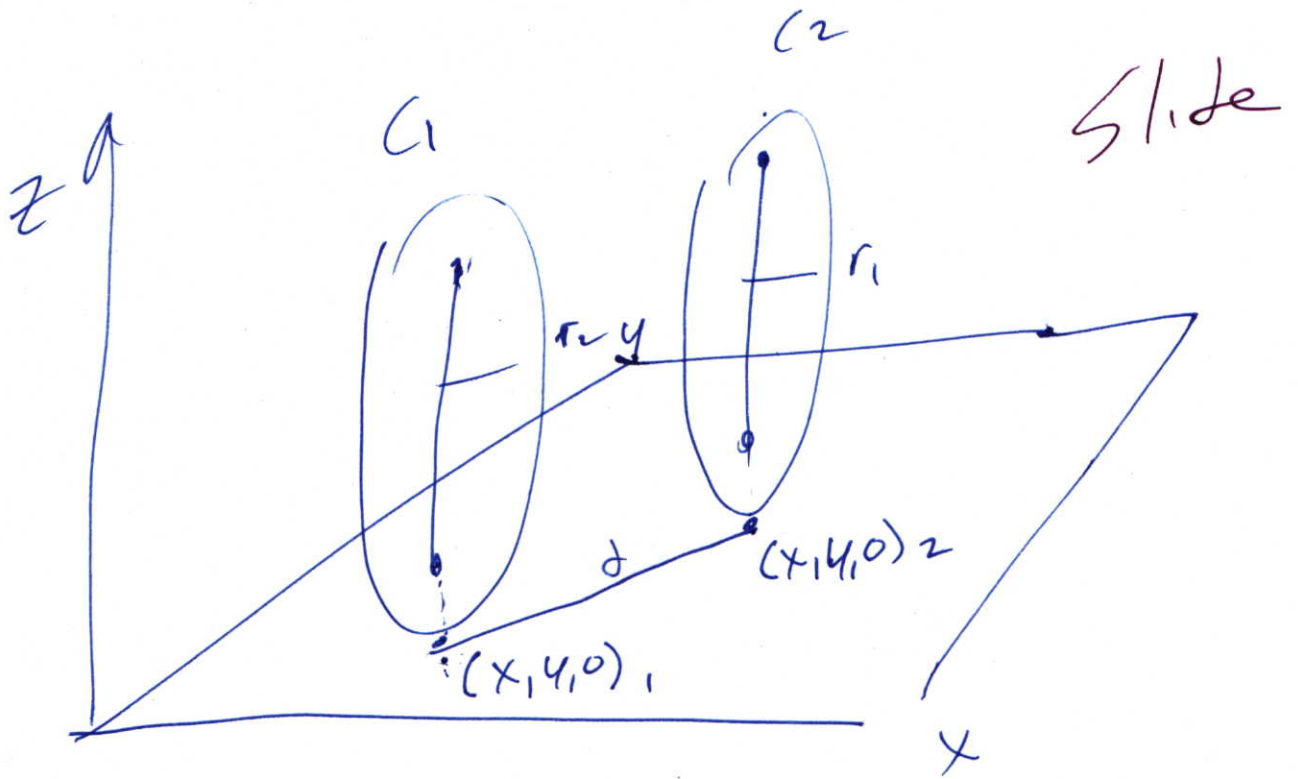
$$x = \text{right}$$

Slide 6



polygons to
polygon



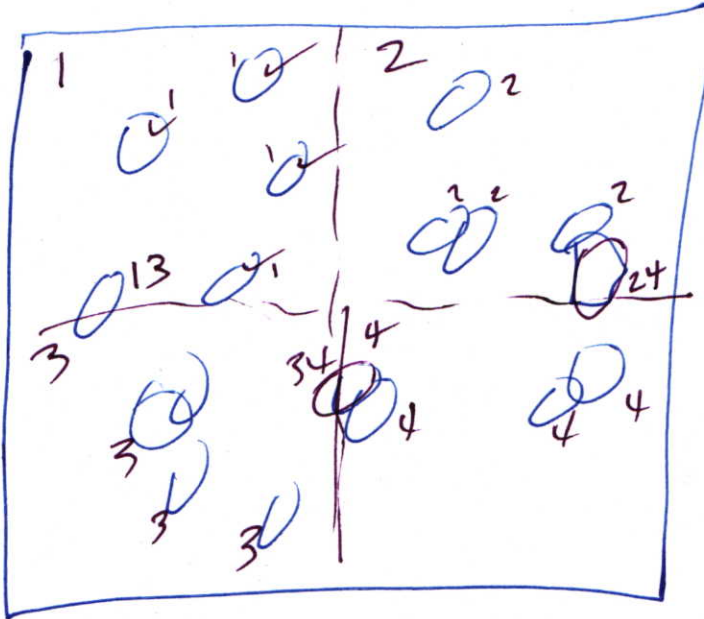
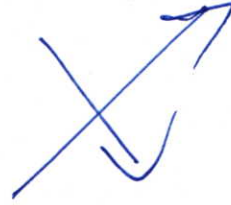


Shape x Shape

box vs box

Sphere vs sphere

Capsule vs capsule



$O(n^2)$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$$

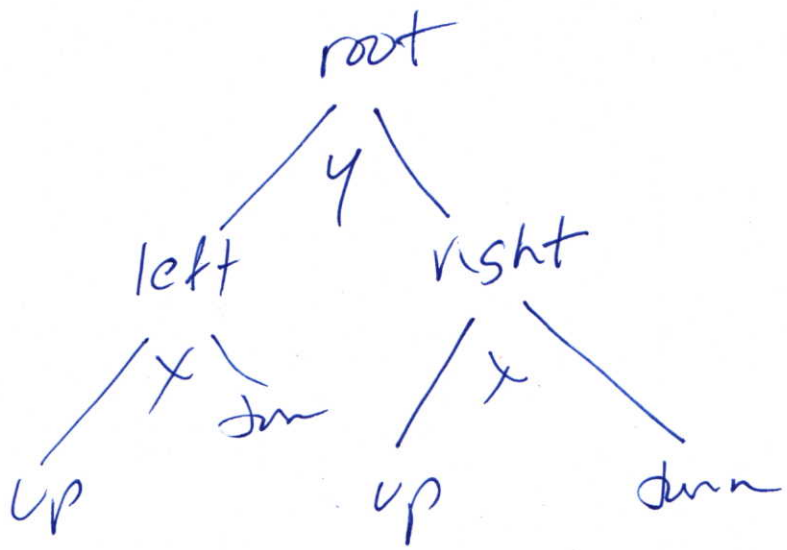
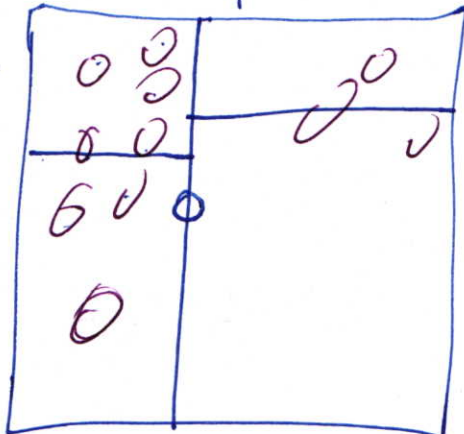
~~grid~~

original one shape x $n-1$ shapes

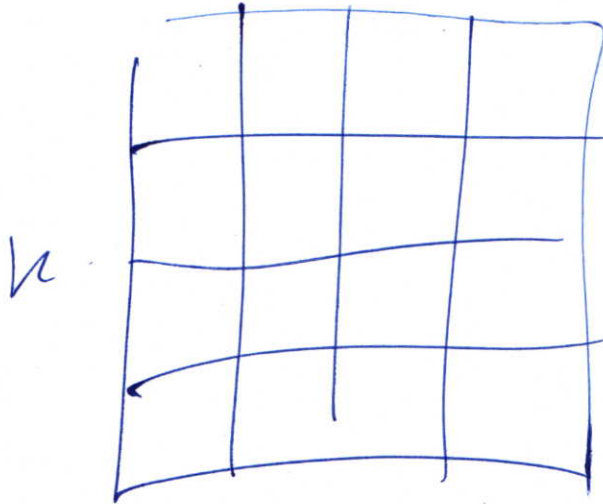
grid
4 quadrants one shape x $\frac{n-1}{4}$

k-d tree

y median along one dimension



Idea 1 - fixed grid
k



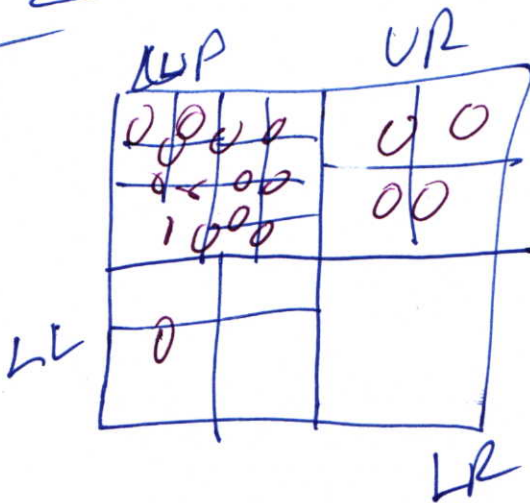
k^2 buckets

one shape $\times \frac{n}{k^2}$

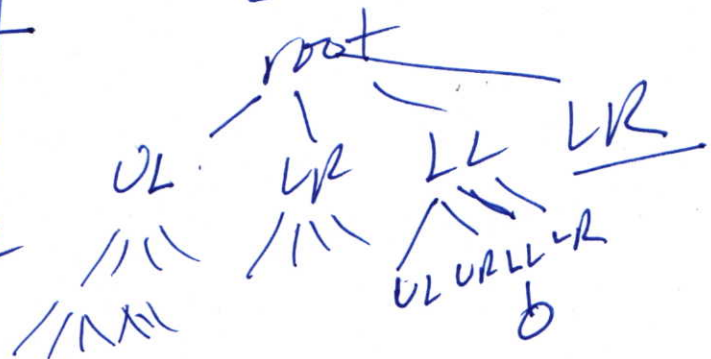
10,000

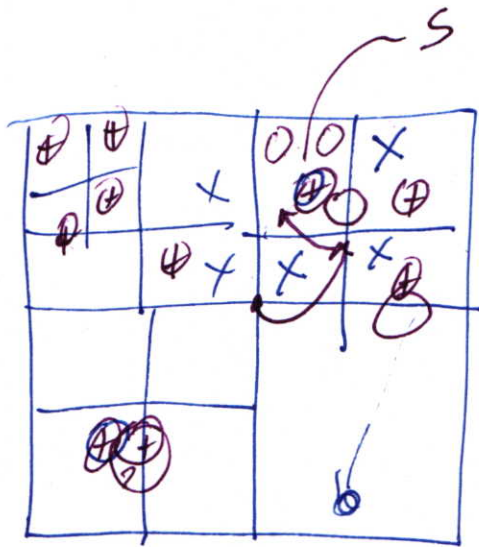
$k=100$ $k^2=10,000$

Idea 2 -



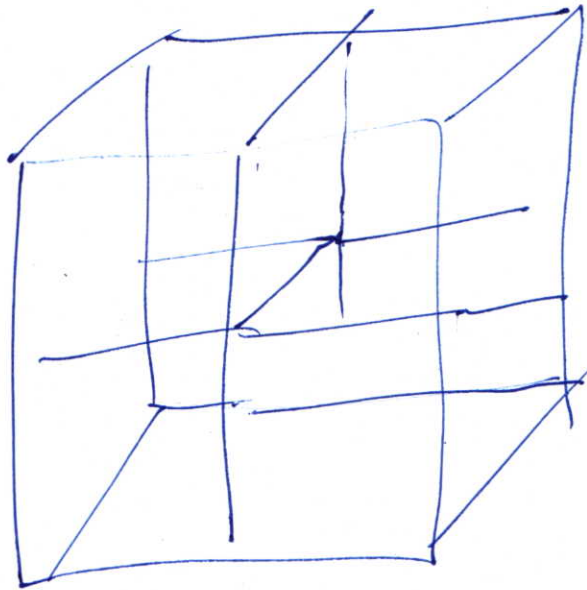
Quad trees
k-d trees





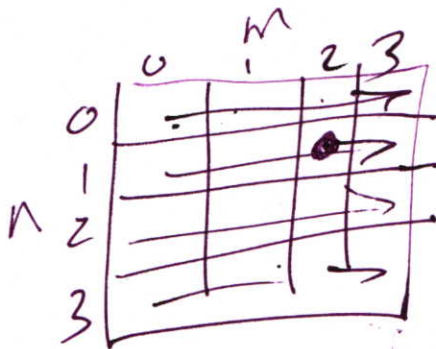
S QT

Oct tree

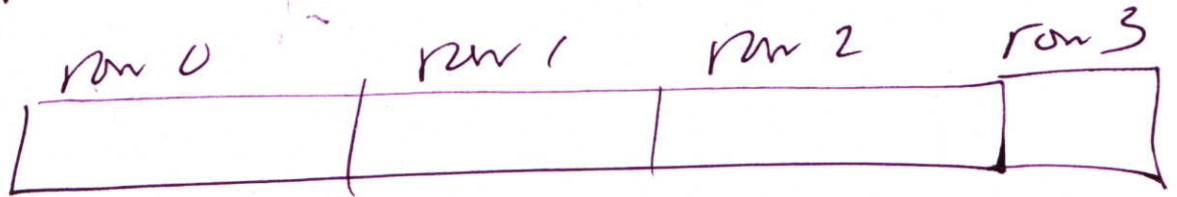


Array mapping function

$AMF(i, j) \rightarrow$ linear order of an element



$$AMF(i, j) =$$



$$AMF(0, 0) = 0$$

$$AMF(0, 2) = 2$$

$$AMF(1, 2) = i * m + j$$

Morton order

$$\text{AMF}(i, j) =$$

$$\text{AMF}(2, 3) = \overset{2}{\checkmark} 010, \overset{3}{\checkmark} 011$$

$$\checkmark$$
$$00110$$
$$841$$

$$\rightarrow 8+4+1 = \textcircled{13}$$