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# Convolutional Neural Networks

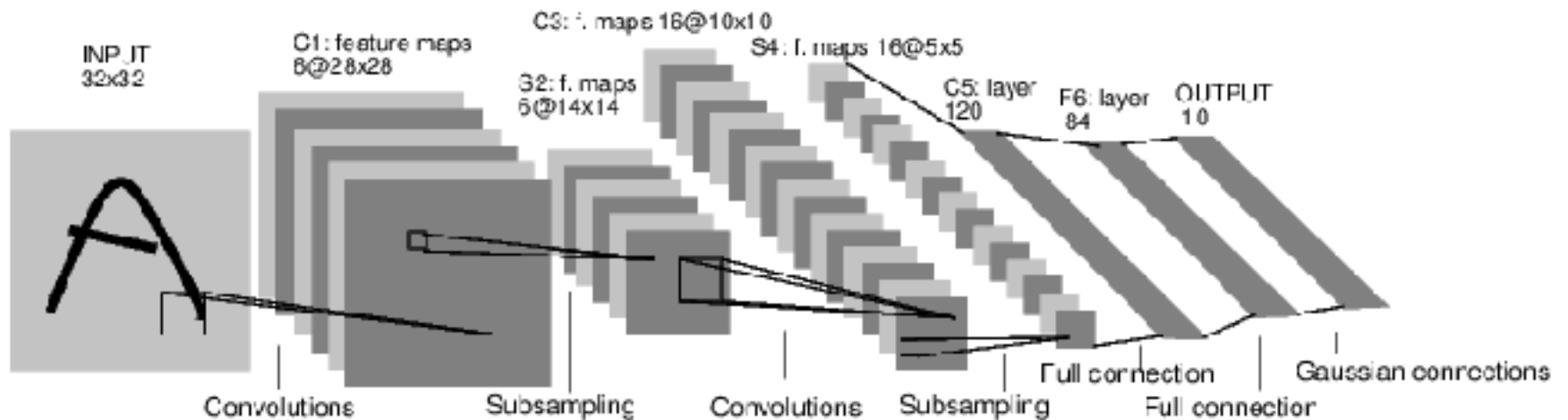
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Presented by

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# Convolutional Neural Networks

- ConvNets have been around for a long time,
- One of the seminal works came from LeCun et al. 1989
- MNIST digit and OC recognition
- Most recent version LeNet-5





Research, Prediction, Classification

# ImageNet Object Detection Challenge

Identify and label everyday objects in images

ImageNet 12 years to go

[Overview](#) [Data](#) [Discussion](#) [Leaderboard](#) [Rules](#)

Overview

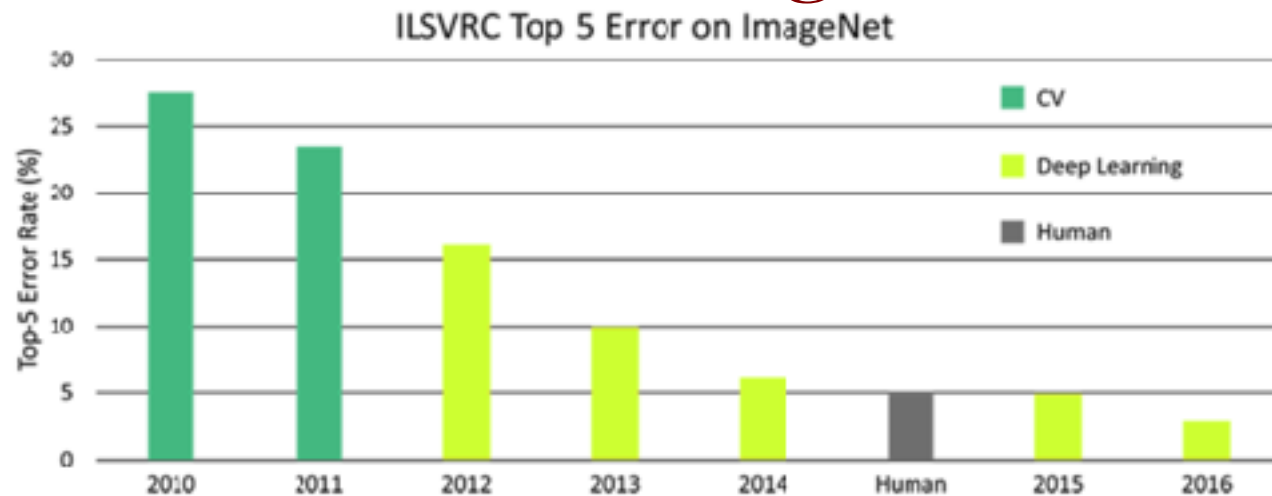
**Description**

**Timeline**

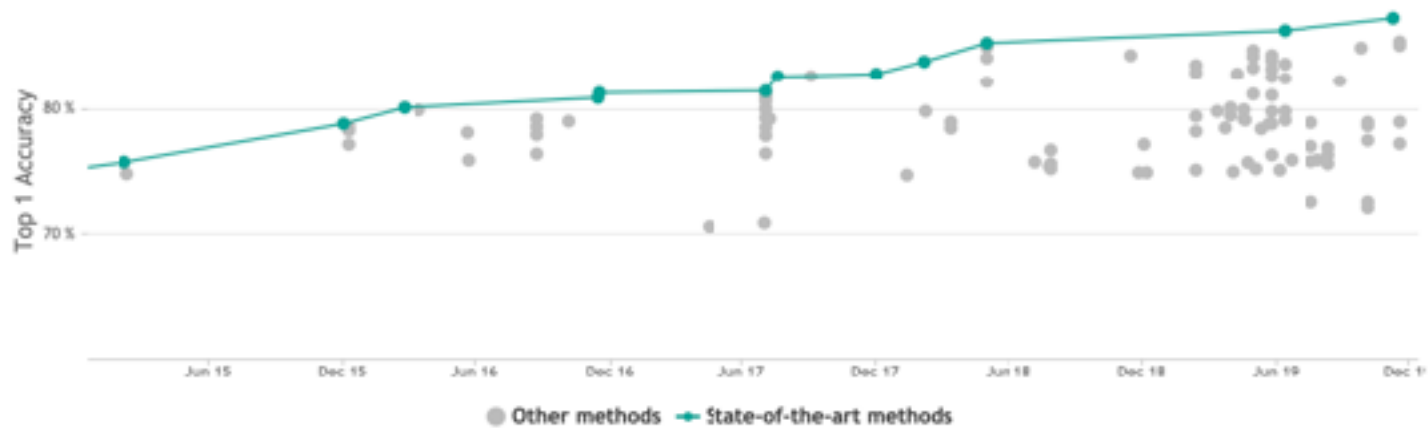
*Note: This year, Kaggle is thrilled to be the official host of all three ImageNet Challenges for the first time. Follow these links below to head to the other two competitions.*

- Approx. 14 M labeled images, 20 K classes
  - Images gathered from internet
  - Human labels via Amazon Turk
  - For object recognition challenge 1.2 M training images and 1000 classes
- <http://image-net.org/>

# Performance on ImageNet

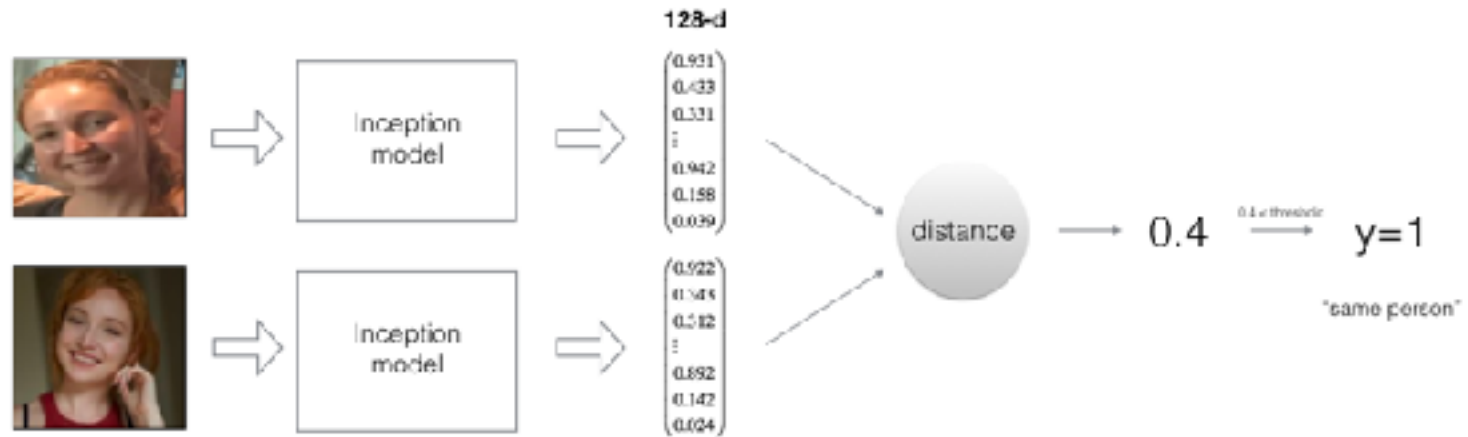


source: <https://www.dsiac.org/resources/journals/dsiac/winter-2017-volume-4-number-1/real-time-situ-intelligent-video-analytics>



Source: <https://paperswithcode.com/sota/image-classification-on-imagenet>

# Face recognition and verification system using FaceNet and DeepFace Algorithms - Implementation



## DeepFace: Closing the Gap to Human-Level Performance in Face Verification

Yaniv Taigman, Ming Yang, Marc' Aurelio Ranzato and Lior Wolf (2014) in *Proceedings of the IEEE Computer Society Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition 2014*.

## FaceNet: A Unified Embedding for Face Recognition and Clustering

Florian Schroff, Dmitry Kalenichenko and James Philbin (2015) in *Proceedings of the IEEE Computer Society Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition 2015*.

# Object Detection for autonomous car driving application - YOLO Algorithm Implementation

- You OnlySee Once (YOLO) is an object detection model
- It runs on an input image through a Convolution Neural Network



You Only Look Once: Unified, Real-Time Object Detection

Joseph Redmon, Santos Divvala, Ross Girshick and Ali Farhadi (2016) in *Proceedings of the IEEE Computer Society Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition 2016*.

# Deep Learning & Art: Neural Style Transfer

- Implementation of neural style transfer algorithm
- Generate novel artistic images

**content image**



louvre museum

+

**style image**



impressionist style painting

=

**generated image**



louvre painting  
with impressionist style

A neural algorithm of artistic style

Leon A. Gatys, Alexander S. Ecker, Matthias Bethge (2015) in *Proceedings of the IEEE Computer Society Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition 2015*.

# Cross-Correlation and Convolution

- Cross-correlation is a similarity measure between image  $I$  and kernel  $K$ .

$$S(i, j) = (I \star K)(i, j) = \sum_m \sum_n I(i + m, j + n)K(m, n)$$

Convolution is similar, although one signal is reversed

$$S(i, j) = (K * I)(i, j) = \sum_m \sum_n I(i - m, j - n)K(m, n)$$

$$\text{or, } S(i, j) = (K * I)(i, j) = \sum_m \sum_n I(m, n)K(i - m, j - n)$$

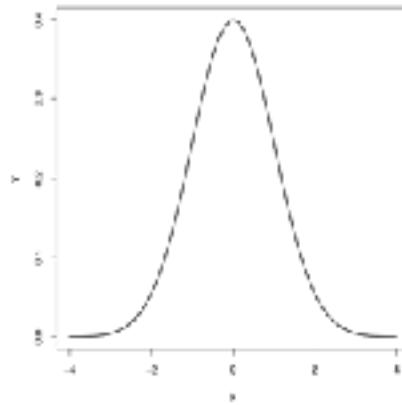
- They have two key features:
  - shift invariance :  
Same operation is performed at every point in the image
  - linearity  
Every pixel is replaced with a linear combination of its neighbors.



# Convolution



Image



Gaussian



Modified Image

# Cross-Correlation and Convolution

5	15	4	0	-1
10	1	5	1	0
6	9	11	1	-1
0	-1	5	15	4
1	0	10	1	5

Image

$n \times n$

\*

-1	0	1
-2	0	2
-1	0	1

filter

$f \times f$

# Cross-Correlation and Convolution

$$5*(-1)+15*0+4*1+10*(-2)+1*0+5*2+6*(-2)+9*0+11*2 = -1$$

5	15	4	0	-1
10	1	5	1	0
6	9	11	1	-1
0	-1	5	15	4
1	0	10	1	5

\*

-1	0	1
-2	0	2
-1	0	1

=

-1	-23	-27
10	0	-30
24	25	-19

# Cross-Correlation and Convolution

5	15	4	0	-1
10	1	5	1	0
6	9	11	1	-1
0	-1	5	15	4
1	0	10	1	5

\*

-1	0	1
-2	0	2
-1	0	1

=


# Cross-Correlation and Convolution

5 x -1	15 x 0	4 x 1	0	-1
10 x -2	1 x 0	5 x 2	1	0
6 x -1	9 x 0	11 x 1	1	-1
0	-1	5	15	4
1	0	10	1	5

-1		

# Cross-Correlation and Convolution

5	15 x -1	4 x 0	0 x 1	-1
10	1 x -2	5 x 0	1 x 2	0
6	9 x -1	11 x 0	1 x 1	-1
0	-1	5	15	4
1	0	10	1	5

-1	-23	

# Cross-Correlation and Convolution

5	15	$4x^{-1}$	$0x^0$	$-1x^1$
10	1	$5x^{-2}$	$1x^0$	$0x^2$
6	9	$11x^{-1}$	$1x^0$	$-1x^1$
0	-1	5	15	4
1	0	10	1	5

-1	-23	-27

# Cross-Correlation and Convolution

5	15	4	0	-1
10 x -1	1 x 0	5 x 1	1	0
6 x -2	9 x 0	11 x 2	1	-1
0 x -1	-1 x 0	5 x 1	15	4
1	0	10	1	5

-1	-23	-27
10		



# Cross-Correlation and Convolution

5	15	4	0	-1
10	$\frac{1}{x-1}$	$\frac{5}{x-0}$	$\frac{1}{x-1}$	0
6	$\frac{9}{x-2}$	$\frac{11}{x-0}$	$\frac{1}{x-2}$	-1
0	$\frac{-1}{x-1}$	$\frac{5}{x-0}$	$\frac{15}{x-1}$	4
1	0	10	1	5

-1	-23	-27
10	0	

# Cross-Correlation and Convolution

5	15	4	0	-1
10	1	$5x^{-1}$	$1x^0$	$0x^1$
6	9	$11x^{-2}$	$1x^0$	$-1x^2$
0	-1	$5x^{-1}$	$15x^0$	$4x^1$
1	0	10	1	5

-1	-23	-27
10	0	-30

# Cross-Correlation and Convolution

5	15	4	0	-1
10	1	5	1	0
6 <small>x -1</small>	9 <small>x 0</small>	11 <small>x 1</small>	1	-1
0 <small>x -2</small>	-1 <small>x 0</small>	5 <small>x 2</small>	15	4
1 <small>x -1</small>	0 <small>x 0</small>	10 <small>x 1</small>	1	5

-1	-23	-27
10	0	-30
24		

# Cross-Correlation and Convolution

5	15	4	0	-1
10	1	5	1	0
6	$9_{x-1}$	$11_{x0}$	$1_{x1}$	-1
0	$-1_{x-2}$	$5_{x0}$	$15_{x2}$	4
1	$0_{x-1}$	$10_{x0}$	$1_{x1}$	5

-1	-23	-27
10	0	-30
24	25	

# Cross-Correlation and Convolution

5	15	4	0	-1
10	1	5	1	0
6	9	11 x -1	1 x 0	-1 x 1
0	-1	5 x -2	15 x 0	4 x 2
1	0	10 x -1	1 x 0	5 x 1

$n \times n$

-1	-23	-27
10	0	-30
24	25	-19

Output Image

$n-f+1 \times n-f+1$

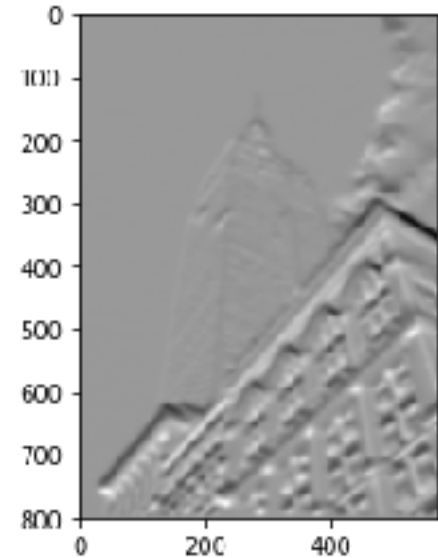
# Cross-Correlation and Convolution



\*

-1	0	1
-2	0	2
-1	0	1

=



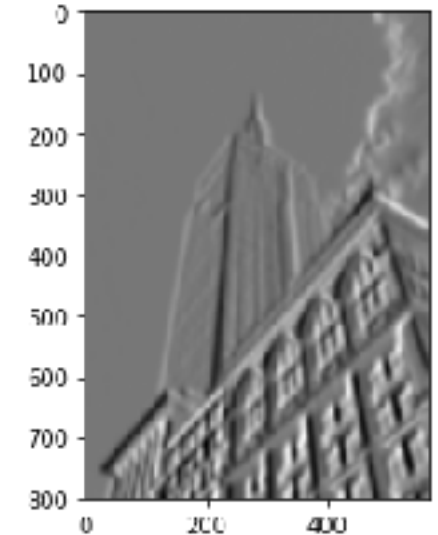
horizontal edge detector



\*

-1	-2	-1
0	0	0
1	2	1

=



vertical edge detector

# Cross-Correlation and Convolution



Cross-correlation

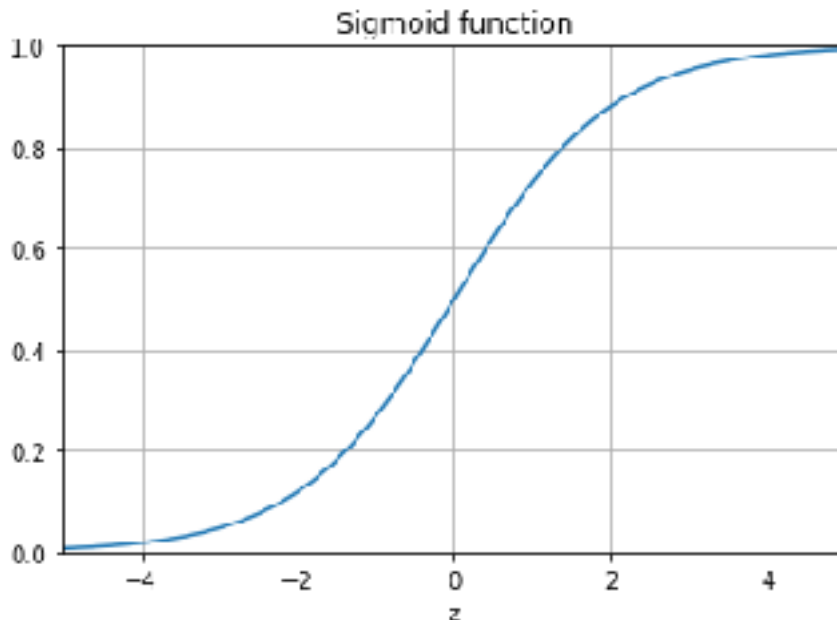
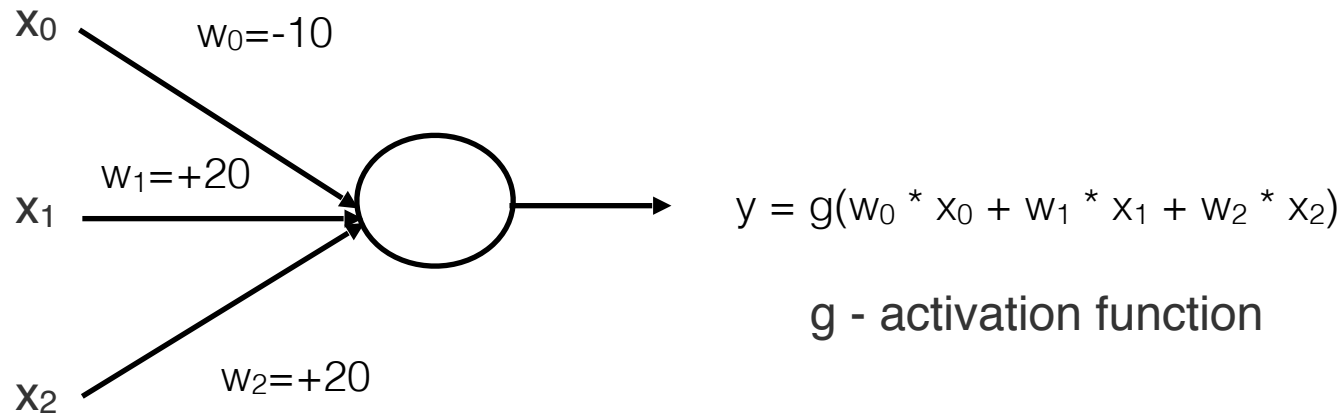
-1	0	1
-2	0	2
-1	0	1



1	2	1
0	0	0
-1	-2	-1

Convolution

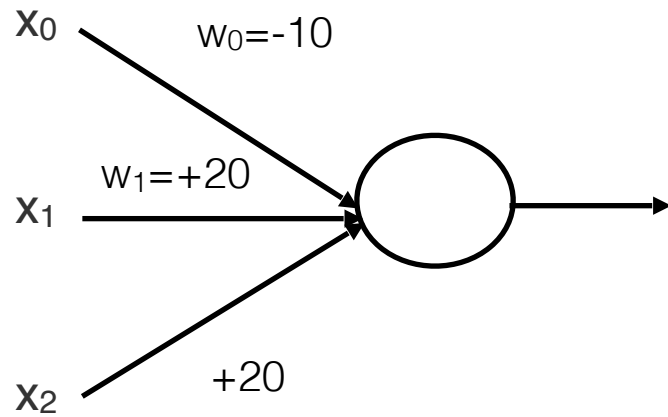
# Neural Network



$$g(z) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}}$$



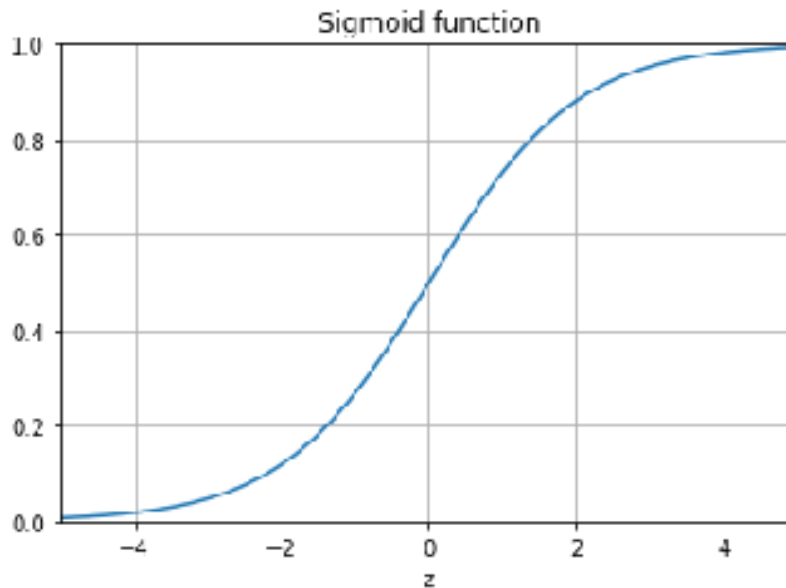
# Neural Network



$$y = g(w_0 * x_0 + w_1 * x_1 + w_2 * x_2)$$

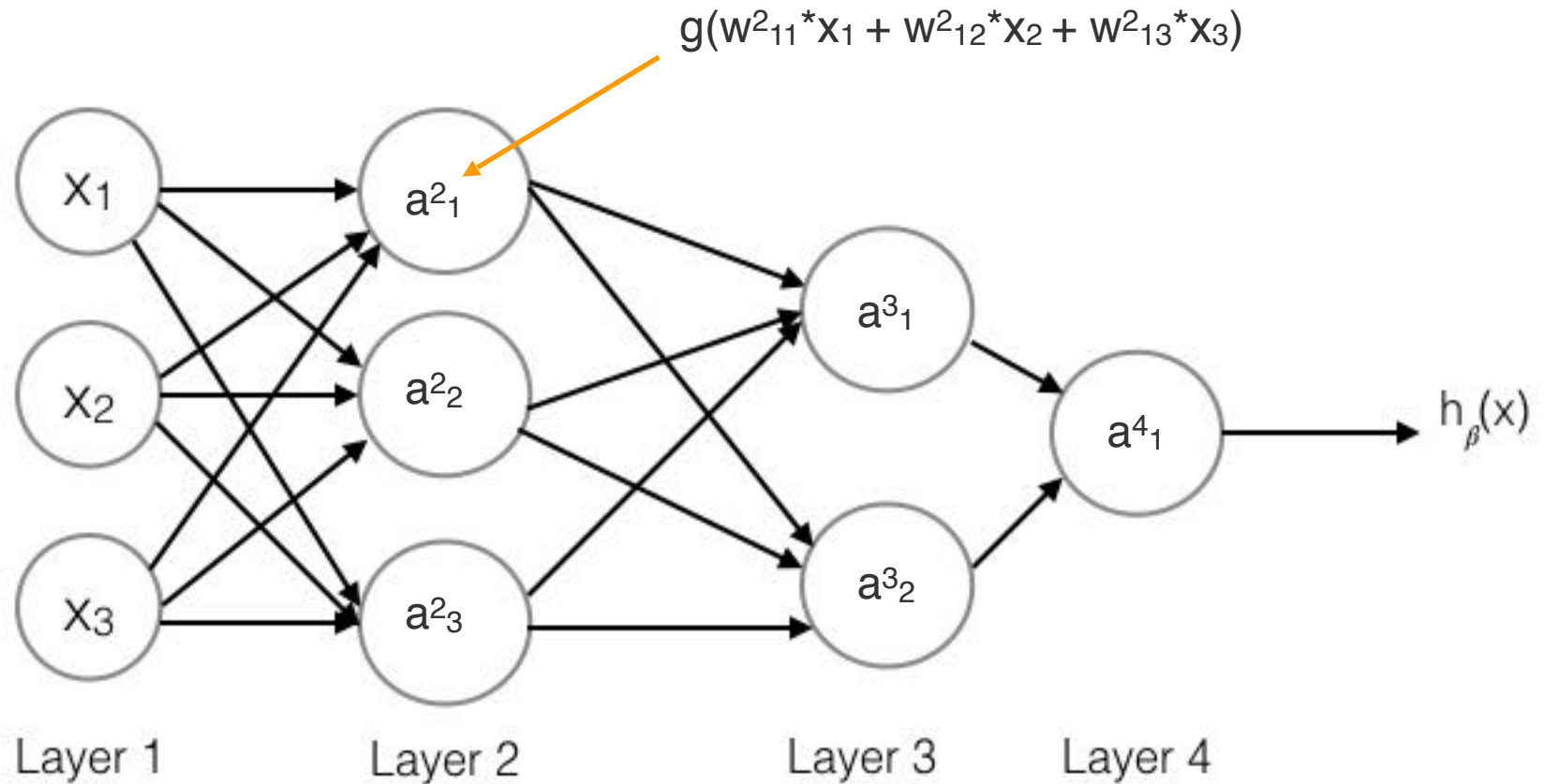
↑  
z

g - activation function

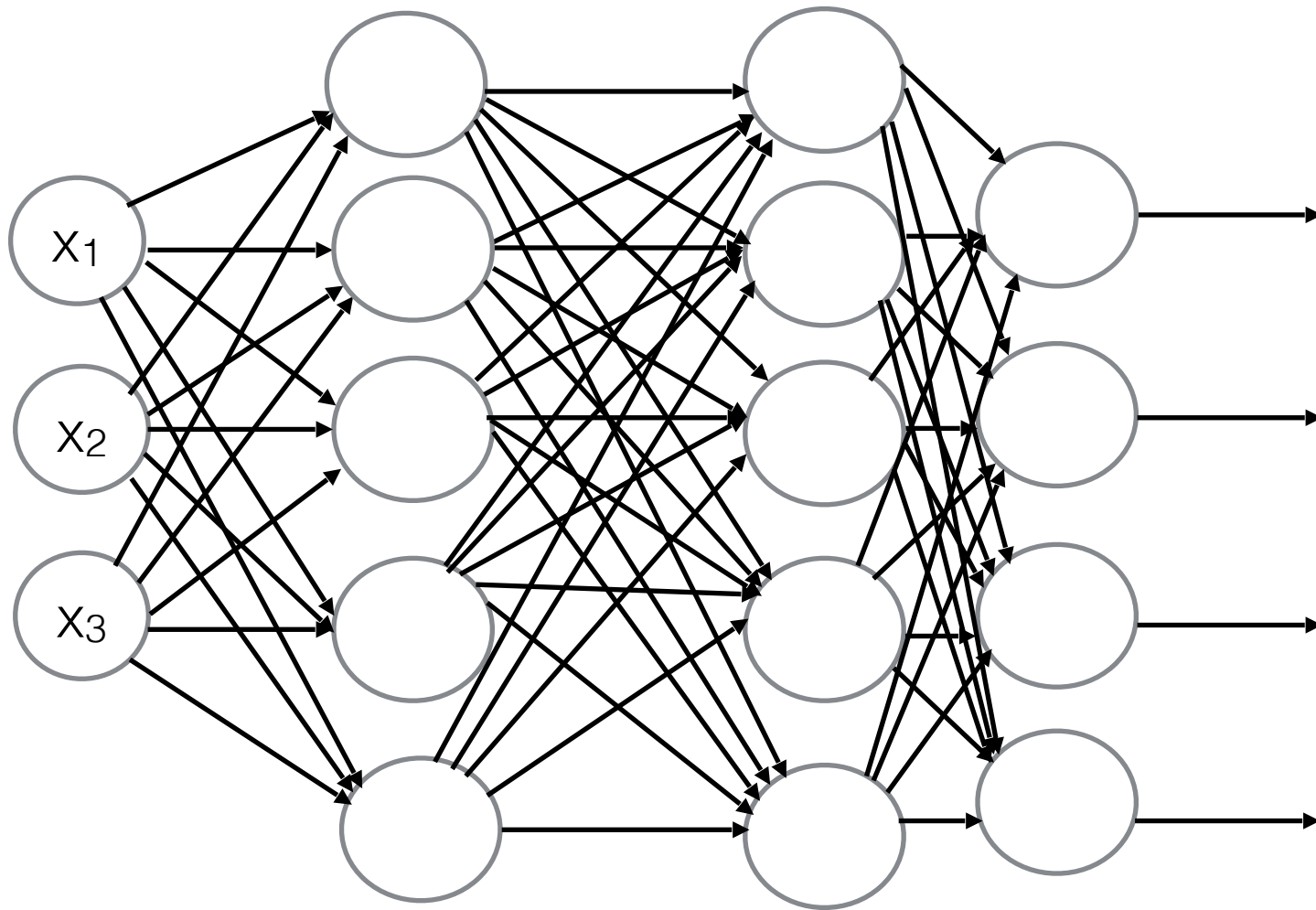


$$g(z) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}}$$

# Neural Network

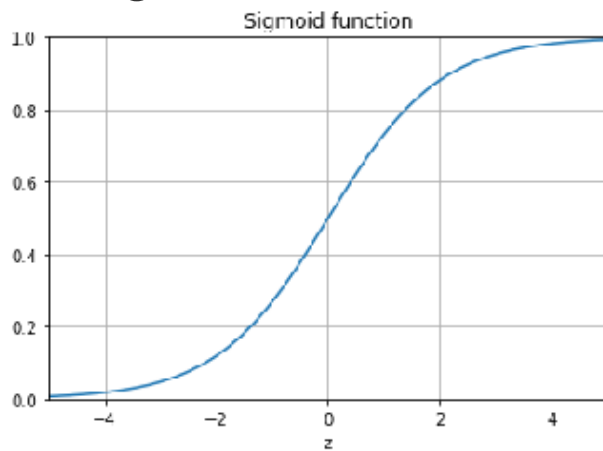


# Neural Network

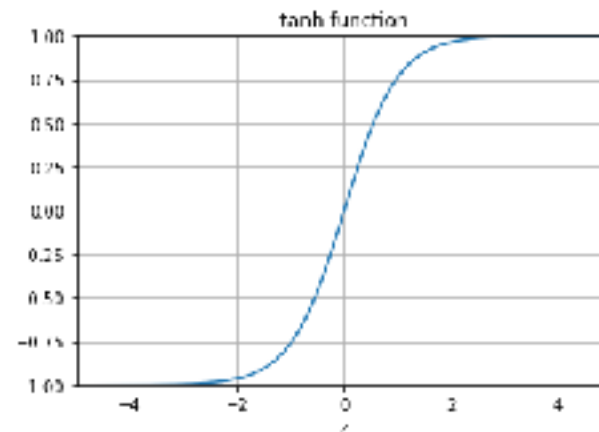


# Activation Functions

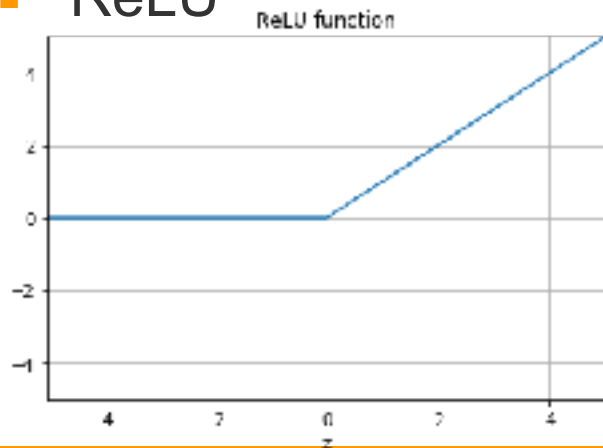
## ■ Sigmoid



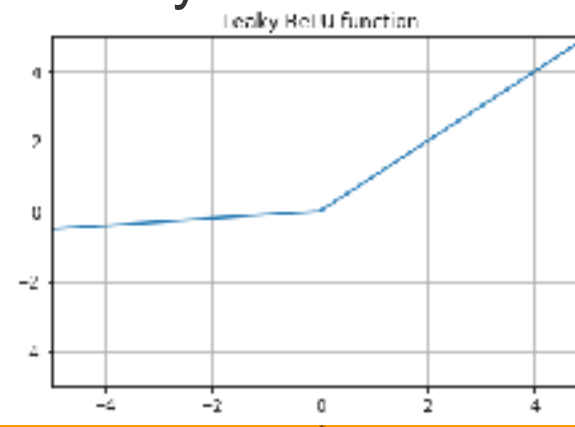
## ■ Hyperbolic tangent



## ■ ReLU



## ■ Leaky ReLU



# CNN

5	15	4	0	-1
10	1	5	1	0
6	9	11	1	-1
0	-1	5	15	4
1	0	10	1	5

*Image :  $n \times n$*

\*

-1	0	1
-2	0	2
-1	0	1

*filter :  $f \times f$*

# CNN

5	15	4	0	-1
10	1	5	1	0
6	9	11	1	-1
0	-1	5	15	4
1	0	10	1	5

\*

$W_1$	$W_2$	$W_3$
$W_4$	$W_5$	$W_6$
$W_7$	$W_8$	$W_9$

*Image* :  $n \times n$

*filter* :  $f \times f$

# CNN

5	15	4	0	-1
10	1	5	1	0
6	9	11	1	-1
0	-1	5	15	4
1	0	10	1	5

*Image :  $n \times n$*   
 *$n = 5$*

\*

$w_1$	$w_2$	$w_3$
$w_4$	$w_5$	$w_6$
$w_7$	$w_8$	$w_9$

*filter :  $f \times f$*   
 *$f = 3$*

# of parameters to learn :  $3 \times 3 = 9$

# CNN

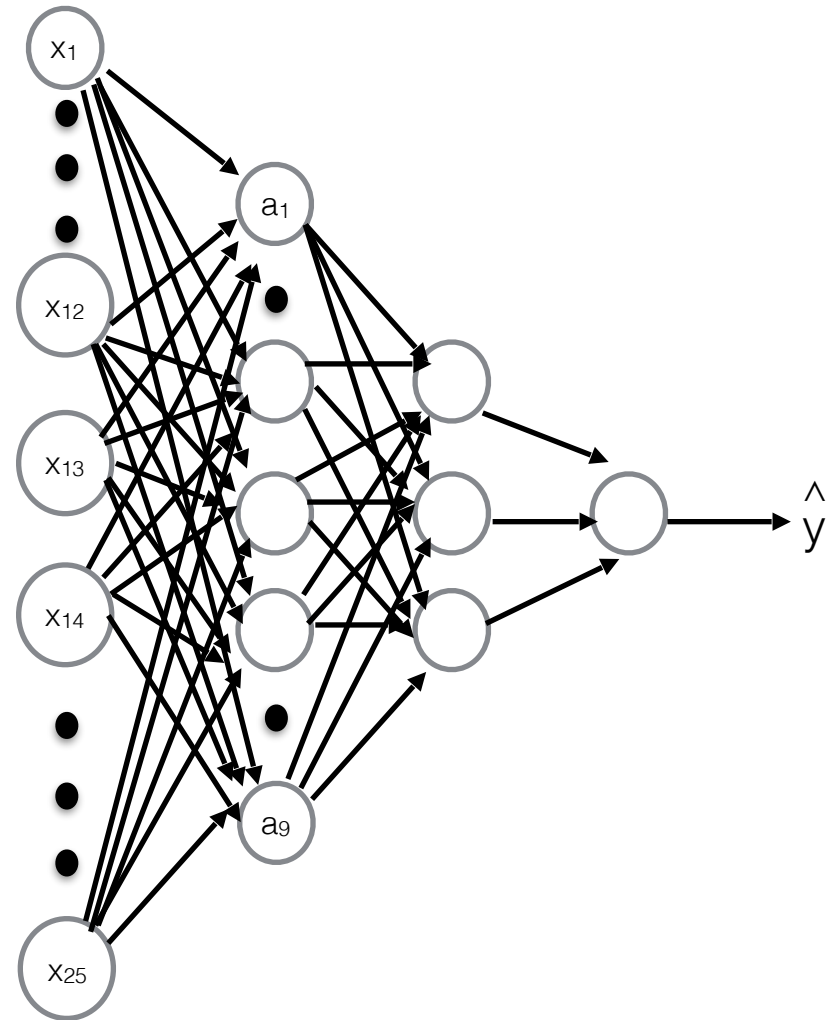
5	15	4	0	-1
10	1	5	1	0
6	9	11	1	-1
0	-1	5	15	4
1	0	10	1	5

*Image* :  $5 \times 5$

$W_1$	$W_2$	$W_3$
$W_4$	$W_5$	$W_6$
$W_7$	$W_8$	$W_9$

*filter* :  $3 \times 3$

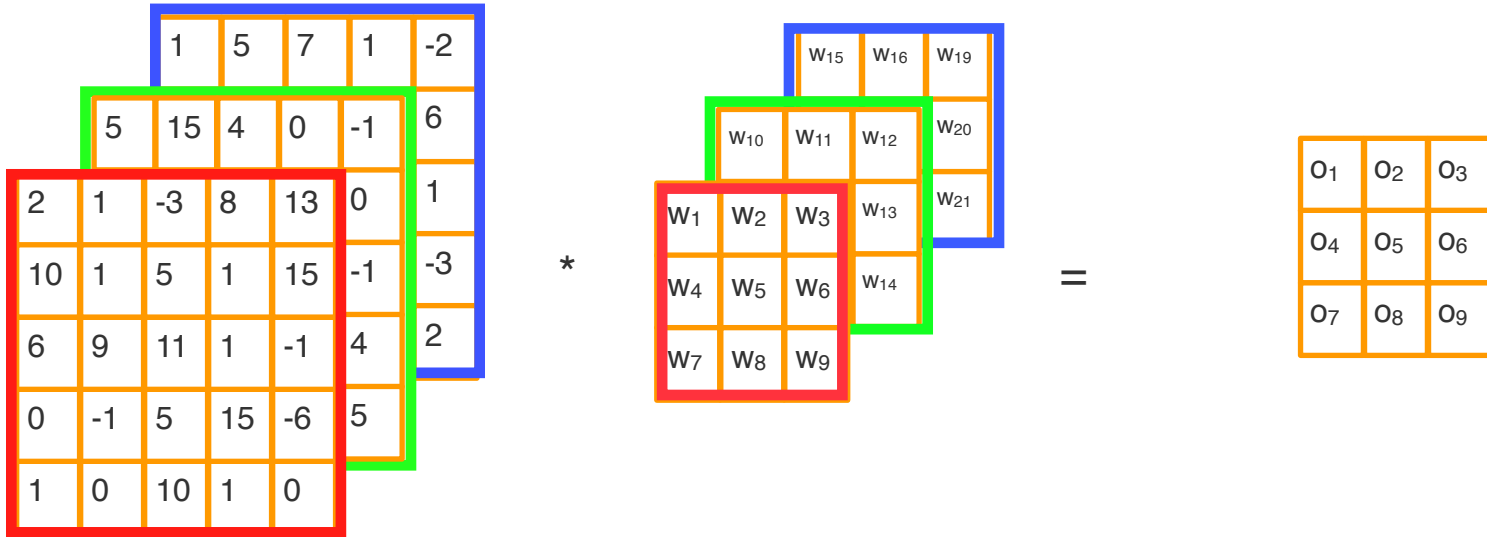
# of parameters to learn :  $3 \times 3 = 9$



# of parameters to learn :  $9 \times 25 = 225$



# CNN over multiple channels



*Image* :  $n \times n \times 3$

$5 \times 5 \times 3$

*filter* :  $f \times f \times 3$

$3 \times 3 \times 3$

$n - f + 1 \times n - f + 1$

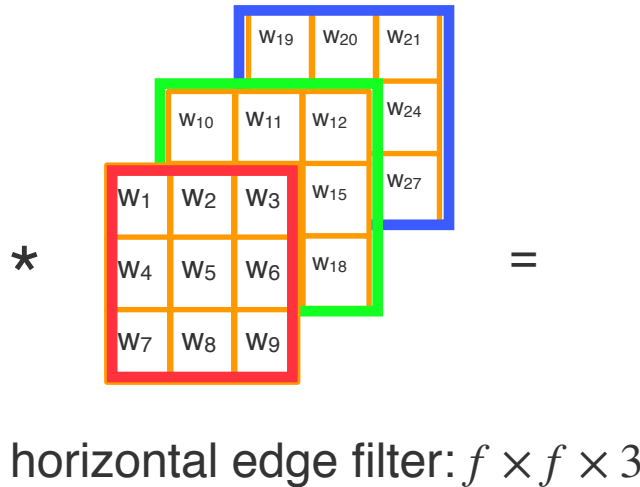
$3 \times 3 \times 1$

# CNN using multiple filters

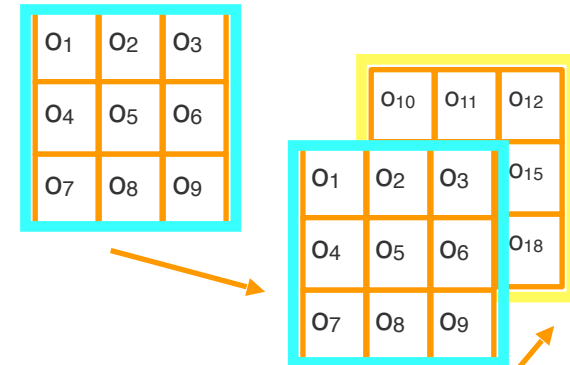
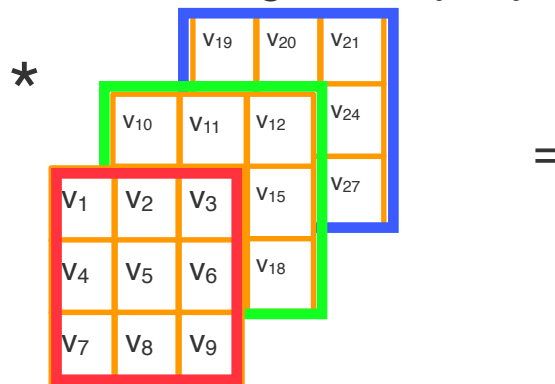
			1	5	7	1	-2
		5	15	4	0	-1	6
2	1	-3	8	13	0		1
10	1	5	1	15	-1		-3
6	9	11	1	-1	4		2
0	-1	5	15	-6	5		
1	0	10	1	0			

Image :  $n \times n \times 3$

$5 \times 5 \times 3$



vertical edge filter:  $f \times f \times 3$



$(n - f + 1) \times (n - f + 1) \times 2$



# CNN layer

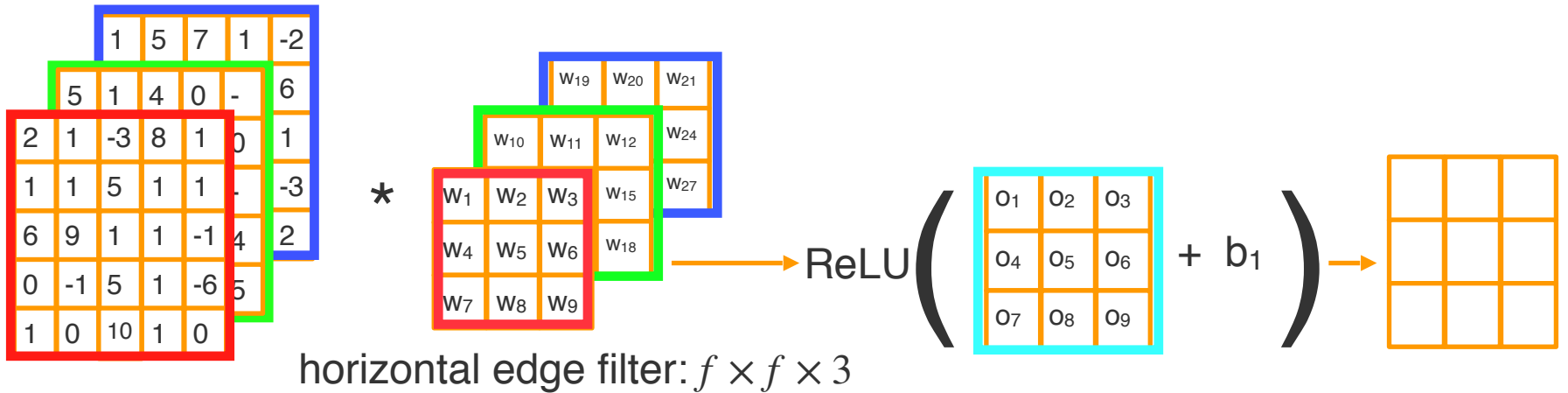
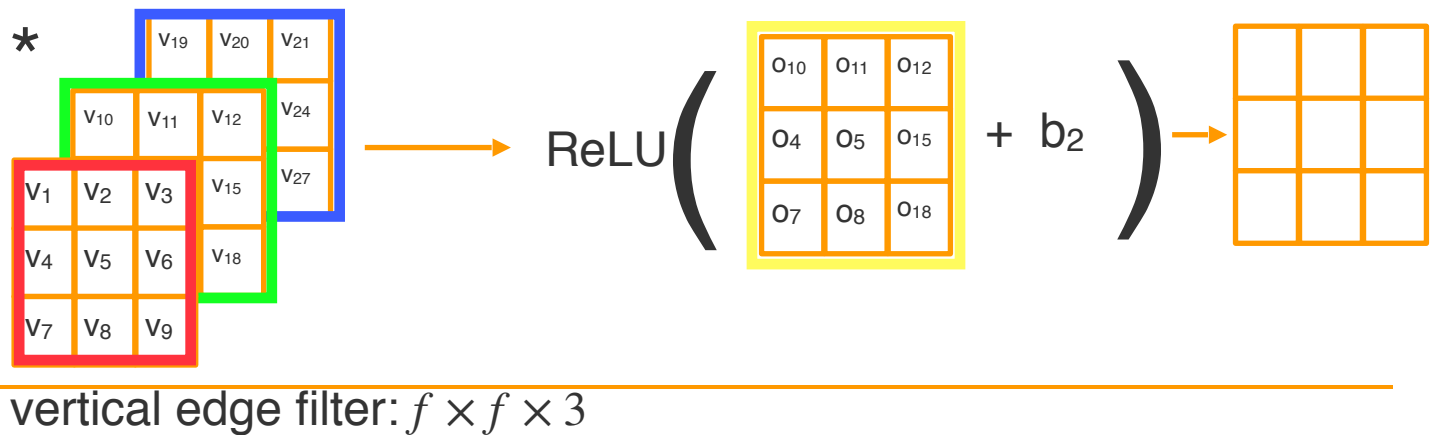


Image :  $n \times n \times 3$

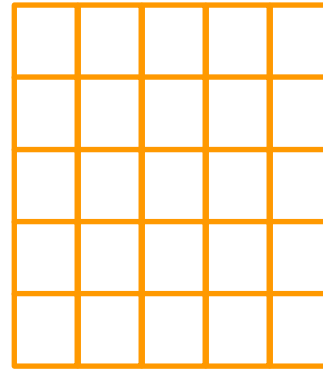
$(n - f + 1) \times (n - f + 1) \times 2$



# Padding

5	15	4	0	-1
10	1	5	1	0
6	9	$\frac{11}{x-1}$	$\frac{1}{x0}$	$\frac{-1}{x1}$
0	-1	$\frac{5}{x-2}$	$\frac{15}{x0}$	$\frac{4}{x2}$
1	0	$\frac{10}{x-1}$	$\frac{1}{x0}$	$\frac{5}{x1}$

$n \times n$



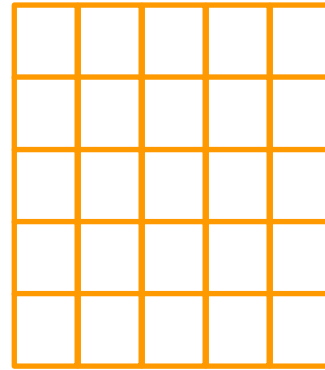
Output Image ( $n \times n$ ) :

$$(n + 2p - f + 1) \times (n + 2p - f + 1)$$

# Padding

0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	5	15	4	0	-1	0
0	10	1	5	1	0	0
0	6	9	11	1	-1	0
0	0	-1	5	15	4	0
0	1	0	10	1	5	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0

$n \times n$



Output Image ( $n \times n$ ):

$$(n + 2p - f + 1) \times (n + 2p - f + 1)$$



$$n + 2p - f + 1 = n$$

$$p = \frac{f - 1}{2} = 1$$

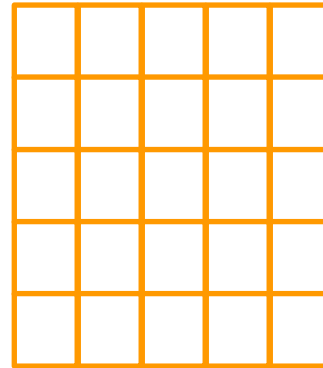


$$5 + 2 \times 1 - 3 + 1 = 5$$

# Strides

5	15	4	0	-1
10	1	5	1	0
6	9	11	1	-1
0	-1	5	15	4
1	0	10	1	5

$n \times n$

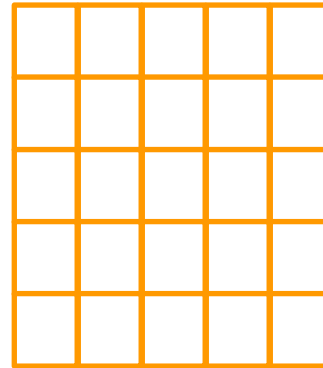


output image:  $(n + 2p - f + 1) \times (n + 2p - f + 1)$

# Strides

5	15	4	0	-1
10	1	5	1	0
6	9	11	1	-1
0	-1	5	15	4
1	0	10	1	5

$n \times n$



Output Image

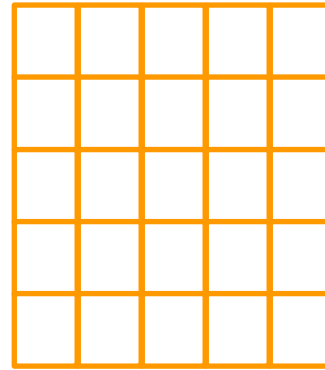
$$\left\lfloor \frac{n + 2p - f}{s} + 1 \right\rfloor \times \left\lfloor \frac{n + 2p - f}{s} + 1 \right\rfloor$$

$stride = 1$

# Strides

5	15	4	0	-1
10	1	5	1	0
6	9	11	1	-1
0	-1	5	15	4
1	0	10	1	5

$n \times n$



Output Image

$$\left\lfloor \frac{n + 2p - f}{s} + 1 \right\rfloor \times \left\lfloor \frac{n + 2p - f}{s} + 1 \right\rfloor$$

$stride = 2$



# Strides

5	15	4	0	-1
10	1	5	1	0
6	9	11	1	-1
0	-1	5	15	4
1	0	10	1	5

$n \times n$



Output Image

$$\left\lfloor \frac{n + 2p - f}{s} + 1 \right\rfloor \times \left\lfloor \frac{n + 2p - f}{s} + 1 \right\rfloor$$

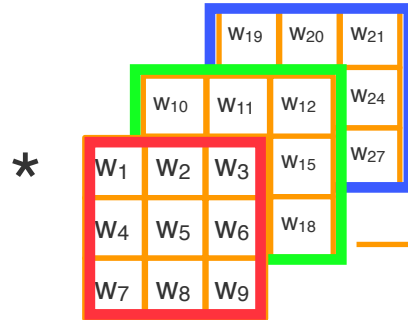
$$\left\lfloor \frac{5 + 2 \times 0 - 3}{2} + 1 \right\rfloor \times \left\lfloor \frac{5 + 2 \times 0 - 3}{2} + 1 \right\rfloor = 2 \times 2$$

$stride = 2$

# CNN layer

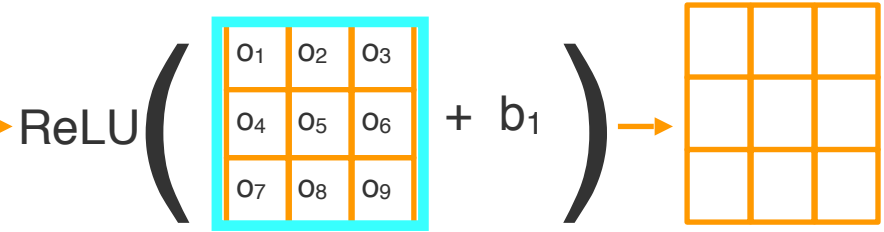
			1	5	7	1	-2	
		5	1	4	0	-	6	
2	1	-3	8	1	0	1		
1	1	5	1	1	-	-3		
6	9	1	1	-1	4	2		
0	-1	5	1	-6	5			
1	0	10	1	0				

Image :  $n \times n \times 3$

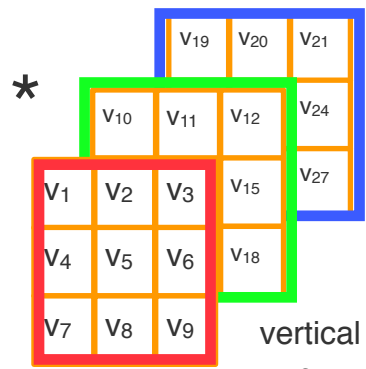


$f \times f \times 3$

horizontal edge filter

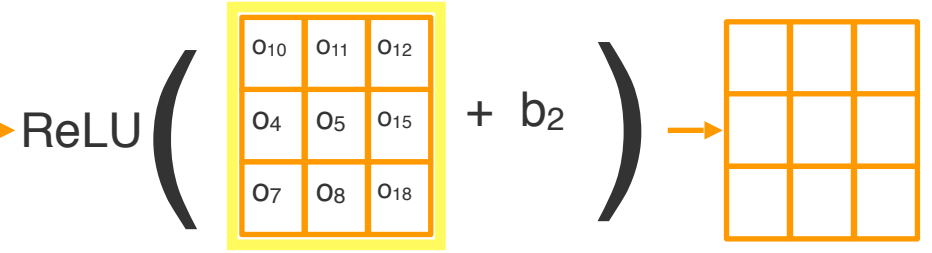


$$\left\lfloor \frac{n + 2p - f}{s} + 1 \right\rfloor \times \left\lfloor \frac{n + 2p - f}{s} + 1 \right\rfloor$$



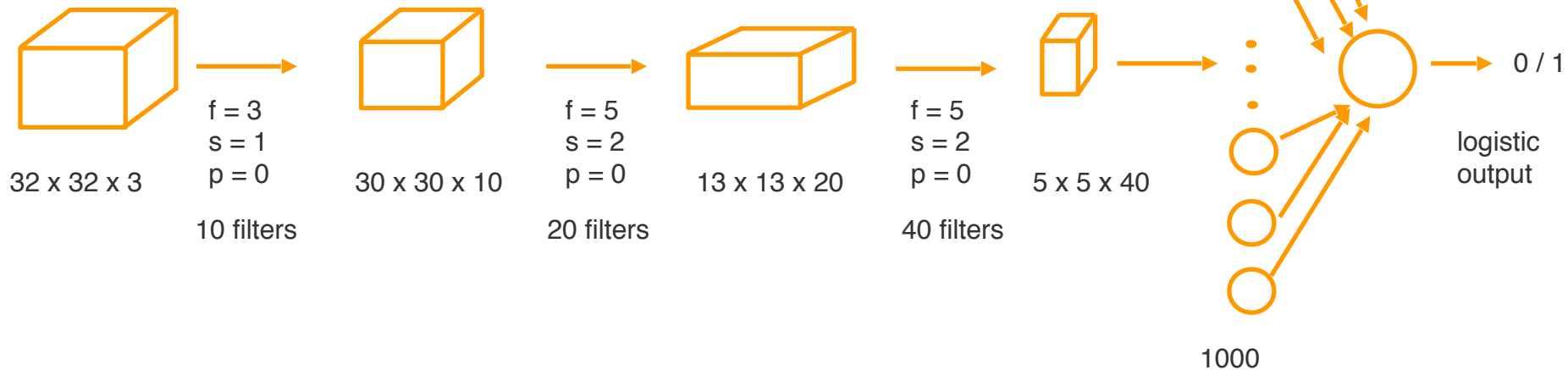
vertical edge filter

$f \times f \times 3$



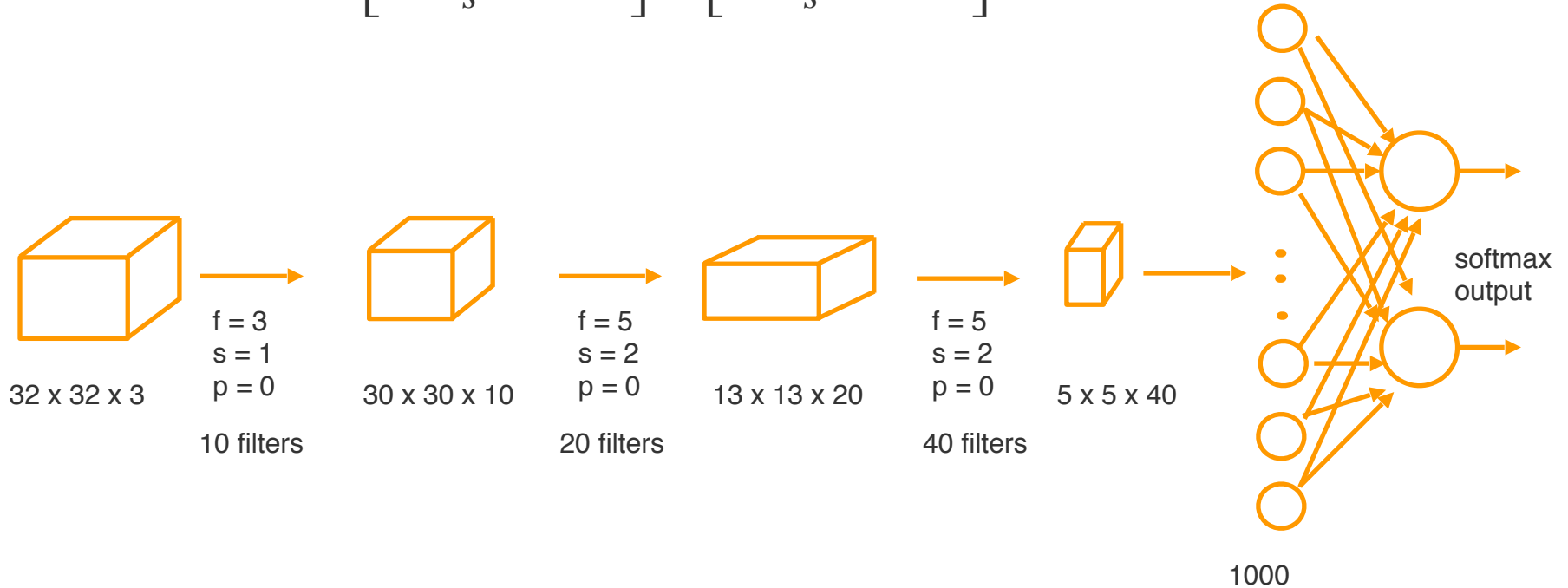
# Convolutional Neural Network

$$\left\lfloor \frac{n + 2p - f}{s} + 1 \right\rfloor \times \left\lfloor \frac{n + 2p - f}{s} + 1 \right\rfloor$$



# Convolutional Neural Network

$$\left\lfloor \frac{n + 2p - f}{s} + 1 \right\rfloor \times \left\lfloor \frac{n + 2p - f}{s} + 1 \right\rfloor$$



# Max Pooling

1	5	6	-1
10	8	2	3
4	1	2	-5
0	9	-1	0




# Max Pooling

1	5	6	-1
10	8	2	3
4	1	2	-5
0	9	-1	0



10	

# Max Pooling

1	5	6	-1
10	8	2	3
4	1	2	-5
0	9	-1	0



10	6

# Max Pooling

1	5	6	-1
10	8	2	3
4	1	2	-5
0	9	-1	0



10	6
9	



# Max Pooling

1	5	6	-1
10	8	2	3
4	1	2	-5
0	9	-1	0



10	6
9	2

# Max Pooling

1	5	6	-1	10
10	8	2	3	1
4	1	2	-5	6
1	9	-1	6	1
5	8	-1	2	-7



$f = 3$   
 $s = 1$   
 $p = 0$

10		

$$\left\lfloor \frac{n + 2p - f}{s} + 1 \right\rfloor \times \left\lfloor \frac{n + 2p - f}{s} + 1 \right\rfloor$$

# Max Pooling

$$\left\lfloor \frac{n + 2p - f}{s} + 1 \right\rfloor \times \left\lfloor \frac{n + 2p - f}{s} + 1 \right\rfloor$$

1	5	6	-1	10
10	8	2	3	1
4	1	2	-5	6
1	9	-1	6	1
5	8	-1	2	-7



f = 3  
s = 1  
p = 0

10	8	

# Max Pooling

$$\left( \frac{n + 2p - f}{s} + 1 \right) \times \left( \frac{n + 2p - f}{s} + 1 \right)$$

1	5	6	-1	10
10	8	2	3	1
4	1	2	-5	6
1	9	-1	6	1
5	8	-1	2	-7



$$\begin{aligned} f &= 3 \\ s &= 1 \\ p &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

10	8	10

# Max Pooling

$$\left( \frac{n + 2p - f}{s} + 1 \right) \times \left( \frac{n + 2p - f}{s} + 1 \right)$$

1	5	6	-1	10
10	8	2	3	1
4	1	2	-5	6
1	9	-1	6	1
5	8	-1	2	-7



$$\begin{aligned} f &= 3 \\ s &= 1 \\ p &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

10	8	10
10		

# Max Pooling

$$\left( \frac{n + 2p - f}{s} + 1 \right) \times \left( \frac{n + 2p - f}{s} + 1 \right)$$

1	5	6	-1	10
10	8	2	3	1
4	1	2	-5	6
1	9	-1	6	1
5	8	-1	2	-7



$$\begin{aligned} f &= 3 \\ s &= 1 \\ p &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

10	8	10
10	9	

# Max Pooling

$$\left( \frac{n + 2p - f}{s} + 1 \right) \times \left( \frac{n + 2p - f}{s} + 1 \right)$$

1	5	6	-1	10
10	8	2	3	1
4	1	2	-5	6
1	9	-1	6	1
5	8	-1	2	-7



$$\begin{aligned} f &= 3 \\ s &= 1 \\ p &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

10	8	10
10	9	6

# Max Pooling

$$\left( \frac{n + 2p - f}{s} + 1 \right) \times \left( \frac{n + 2p - f}{s} + 1 \right)$$

1	5	6	-1	10
10	8	2	3	1
4	1	2	-5	6
1	9	-1	6	1
5	8	-1	2	-7



$$\begin{aligned} f &= 3 \\ s &= 1 \\ p &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

10	8	10
10	9	6
9		



# Max Pooling

$$\left( \frac{n + 2p - f}{s} + 1 \right) \times \left( \frac{n + 2p - f}{s} + 1 \right)$$

1	5	6	-1	10
10	8	2	3	1
4	1	2	-5	6
1	9	-1	6	1
5	8	-1	2	-7



$$\begin{aligned} f &= 3 \\ s &= 1 \\ p &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

10	8	10
10	9	6
9	9	

# Max Pooling

$$\left( \frac{n + 2p - f}{s} + 1 \right) \times \left( \frac{n + 2p - f}{s} + 1 \right)$$

1	5	6	-1	10
10	8	2	3	1
4	1	2	-5	6
1	9	-1	6	1
5	8	-1	2	-7



$$\begin{aligned} f &= 3 \\ s &= 1 \\ p &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

10	8	10
10	9	6
9	9	6

# Average Pooling

1	5	6	-1
10	8	2	3
4	1	2	-5
0	9	-1	0



6	2.5
3.5	-1

# LeNet - 5

$$\left( \frac{n + 2p - f}{s} + 1 \right) \times \left( \frac{n + 2p - f}{s} + 1 \right)$$

