

CMSC133, Spring 2020, Quiz #4 (Memory Map)
Deadline: Wednesday, April 29, 2:00 pm (No late deadline)

Specifications

Draw a memory map for the code you see on the next page, until the execution reaches the point indicated by the comment `/* HERE */`. In your diagram:

- You must have a stack, heap, and static memory sections as illustrated by the examples at:

<http://www.cs.umd.edu/~nelson/classes/resources/MemoryMapsInformation/MemoryMapsInformation.pdf>

- Identify each frame as illustrated by the previous examples.
- Draw your variables as they are encountered during program execution.

```
public class ShoppingCart {
    private String customer;
    private int itemCount;
    private StringBuffer items;
    private static final double MAX_ITEMS_NUMBER = 40;

    public ShoppingCart(String customer) {
        this.customer = customer;
        items = new StringBuffer();
    }

    public ShoppingCart addItem(String desc) {
        if (itemCount < MAX_ITEMS_NUMBER) {
            items.append(desc);
            itemCount++;
        }

        return this;
    }

    public ShoppingCart specialItemAdd(String desc) {
        String tai = "Spec:" + desc;

        /* HERE */
        addItem(tai);

        return this;
    }

    public String toString() {
        return "ShoppingCart [customer=" + customer + ", itemCount=" + itemCount + ", items=" + items + "];"
    }
}

public class Driver {
    public static void proc(ShoppingCart[] allc, int which, String item) {
        allc[which].specialItemAdd(item);

        System.out.println(allc[1]);
        System.out.println(allc[3]);
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        ShoppingCart laura = new ShoppingCart("Laura");
        laura.addItem("milk");
        ShoppingCart tom = new ShoppingCart("Tom");
        tom.addItem("salt");

        ShoppingCart[] carts = new ShoppingCart[4];
        carts[1] = laura;
        carts[3] = tom;

        proc(carts, 1, "oil");
    }
}
```