## CMSC132 Trees, Big O Worksheet

1. For each of the following code fragments, circle the critical section, determine T(n) and the complexity (Big O).

```
a.
for (int i = 10; i <= n - 2; i++) {
    for (int k = 1; k <= n; k *= 2) {
        sum = i + k;
        }
}
b.
for (int i = 1; i <= n / 2; i += n/2) {
    for (int k = 1; k <= 100; k++) {
        System.out.println(i * k);
        }
}</pre>
```

- 2. When do we want to use a recurrence relation?
- 3. What is Big-Omega?
- 4. For the following tree, perform a preorder, and inorder and a postorder traversal.



- 5. Is the previous tree a Binary Search Tree? If not, update the tree so it becomes one.
- 6. What is the best way to insert values into a tree so the tree is balanced? Does adding values to the tree in sorted order helps?
- 7. When we insert a node into a binary search tree, does it always become a leaf?
- 8. Insert into a binary search tree the same value twice, using the right subtree to handle duplicates.