

Announcements

- Program #4 on the web
- Program #3 was returned
- Reading
 - socket handout - on web (Today)
 - notes (Thursday)

Internet Abstractions

- Domain Name System

- character strings to represent names
- mashie.cs.umd.edu

- IP Address

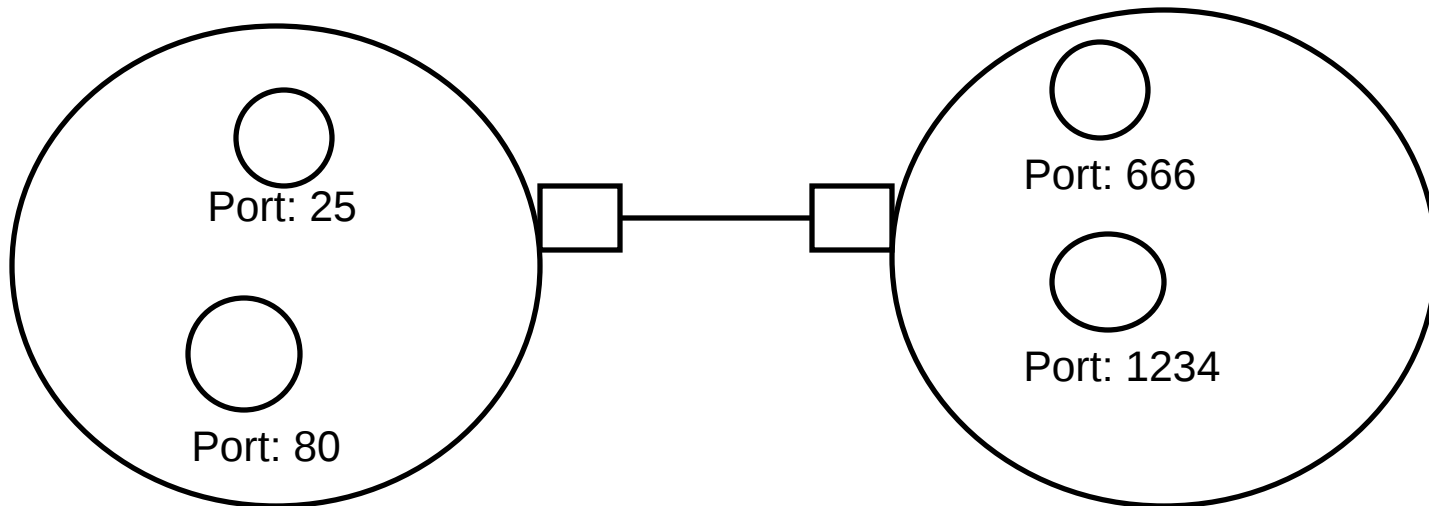
- 32 bit value that describes a network card
- Example address: 128.8.129.30

- Port (TCP)

- 16 bit endpoint for communication on a machine
- Well known ports:
 - used to connect to a service (e.g. 80 is HTTP)
- Machine assigned:
 - used for incoming connections

Networking

- Unique identification of communication
 - 4 tuple of $\langle [\text{srcIp}, \text{srcPort}], [\text{destIp}, \text{destPort}] \rangle$



Network API Types

- **struct hostent**
 - represents a host
 - struct hostent gethostbyname(char *name);
 - returns the information about the passed host name
- **struct sockaddr**
 - end point for communication
 - can be used for IP or other protocols too
- **struct sockaddr_in**
 - defines an endpoint on an IP network
 - contains fields for src/dest IP addr and src/dest port
- **file descriptor**
 - used to refer to an active socket

Socket API Calls (Client)

- `int socket(int domain, int type, int protocol);`
 - create a new socket
 - typical usage:
 - `fd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);`
 - creates a TCP socket
- `int connect(int sockfd, struct sockaddr*server, int len);`
 - connect to the remote host/port described by `sockaddr`
 - `sockfd` must be a previously created socket
 - `len` is the size of `struct sockaddr`

Network Code Example (Client)

```
int openserverfd(char *host, unsigned short port) {  
    int clientfd;  
    char *host;  
    struct sockaddr_in serveraddr;  
    struct hostent *hp;  
  
    clientfd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);  
    if (clientfd < 0) exit(-1);  
    hp = gethostbyname(host);  
    if (!hp) exit(-1);  
    memset((void *) &serveraddr, '\0', sizeof(struct sockaddr));  
    serveraddr.sin_family = AF_INET;  
    memcpy(&serveraddr.sin_addr.s_addr, hp->h_addr, hp->h_length);  
    serveraddr.sin_port = htons(port);  
  
    return connect(clientfd, &serveraddr, sizeof(serveraddr));  
}
```

Socket API Calls (Server)

- `int bind(int sockfd, struct sockaddr *addr, int len);`
 - bind a local port to the passed socket
 - port is specified in the passed `sockaddr`
- `int listen(int sockfd, int backlog);`
 - inform OS to let connections happen on the passed sock
 - allow at most backlog pending connections
- `int accept(int sockfd, struct sockaddr *addr, int len);`
 - blocks until a connection arrives on passed `sockfd`
 - returns a new file descriptor for the active connection
 - fill out `addr` with information about established connection

Network Code Example (Server)

```
int readyServer(int port) {  
    int listenfd, optval=1;  
    struct sockaddr_in serveraddr;  
  
    listenfd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);  
    if (listenfd < 0) return -1;  
    setsockopt(listenfd, SOL_SOCKET, SO_REUSEADDR);  
  
    memset((void *) &serveraddr, '\0', sizeof(struct sockaddr));  
    serveraddr.sin_family = AF_INET;  
    serveraddr.sin_addr.s_addr = htonl(INADDR_ANY);  
    serveraddr.sin_port = htons((unsigned short) port);  
    ret = bind(listenfd, &serveraddr, sizeof(serveraddr));  
    if (ret < 0) return -1;  
  
    return listen(listenfd, 10);  
}
```

Network Code Example (Server), Cont.

```
int listenfd;
struct sockaddr_in clientaddr;
struct hostent *hp;
char *haddrp;
....
listenfd = readyServer(MY_PORT);

while (1) {
    connfd = accept(listenfd, &clientaddr, sizeof(clientaddr));
    if (connfd < 0) exit(-1);
    hp = gethostbyaddr(&clientaddr.sin_addr.s_addr,
                      sizeof(clientaddr.sin_addr.s_addr), AF_INET);
    haddrp = inet_ntoa(clientaddr.sin_addr);
    printf("connection from %s (ip %s)\n", hp->h_name, haddrp);
}
```

Network API - Using and Open Socket

- Sockets can be read/written just like other fd

```
FILE *ofp, ifp;  
int serverfd;  
  
serverfd = openserverfd("www.dyninst.org", 80) ;  
ofp = fdopen(serverfd, "w");  
if (!ofp) exit (-1);  
ifp = fdopen(serverfd, "r");  
if (!ifp) exit(-1);  
fprintf(ofp, "GET index.html\n");  
while (fgets(line, sizeof(line), ifp)) {  
    printf(line);  
}
```

Other Socket API Details

- When done with a socket
 - use close to cleanup