

For all algorithms, provide time complexity analysis as well as a formal proof of correctness. Homework solutions should be clearly written and electronically submitted via ELMS (<http://elms.umd.edu>) by the due date listed above.

1. Prove that in any undirected graph of  $n$  vertices ( $n \geq 2$ ), there are always at least two vertices that have the same degree.
2. Suppose that an undirected graph  $G = (V, E)$  contains two nodes  $s$  and  $t$  such that the distance between  $s$  and  $t$  is strictly greater than  $n/2$ . Show that there must exist some node  $v$ , not equal to either  $s$  or  $t$ , such that deleting  $v$  from  $G$  destroys all  $s - t$  paths. Give an  $O(m + n)$  algorithm to find such a node  $v$ .
3. A *cut vertex* of an undirected connected graph is one whose removal (and removal of its incident edges) disconnects the graph. Give an  $O(m + n)$  algorithm to find all cut vertices of an undirected connected graph. (Hint: derive a relationship between cut vertices and low values.)
4. Given an unweighted tree  $T = (V, E)$ , let  $\Gamma(T)$  denote the maximum distance between any two vertices in  $T$ . Give an  $O(n)$  algorithm for computing  $\Gamma(T)$ .