CMSC131 Practice Final Exam

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Name: _

Preface: This is a final exam for Dr. Bill Pugh's & Dr. Ilchul Yoon's Fall 2017 CMSC131 course at the University of Maryland– College Park written by Shriraj Gandhi and Jonathan Saewitz, teaching assistants for the course. It is meant to be used for studying, and should not be considered a guide for what the exam will or will not cover — it should serve merely as a resource to use when studying. If you have any questions, feel free to email saewitz@terpmail.umd.edu.

Topics covered: Arrays, ArrayLists, Sets, Maps, Classes, Interfaces, Exceptions, Recursion

1. Arrays

Write a function named averageLength that, given an array containing Strings, returns the average length of the Strings in the array.

For example, with input ["I", "love", "pizza", "!"], return 2.75

2. ArrayLists

Write a function named getSquares that, given an ArrayList containing Integers, returns an ArrayList with the square root of all numbers that are perfect squares. A perfect square is an integer that is the square of an integer (Wikipedia) (e.g. 36 is a perfect square because $6^2 = 36$).

For example, with input [30, 26, 25, 1, 3, 4], return [5, 1, 2]

3. **Sets**

After the following code is run:

```
List<Integer> a = new ArrayList<Integer>();
Set<Integer> s = new HashSet<Integer>();
for (int i = 0; i < 8; i++) {
   for (int j = 0; j < 3; j++) {
      a.add(i);
      s.add(i);
   }
}
```

How many elements are in a? _____ How many elements are in s? _____ When might you use a Set instead of a List?

4. Maps

(a) Write a function biggestClass that, given a Map<String, Integer> mapping courses to number of enrolled students, returns the course with the most students.
 For example, with input {"CMSC131"=332, "ENGL101"=3000}, return "ENGL101"

(b) Consider a class Salesperson defined with private instance variables String name and int revenueGenerated which has methods getName() and getRevenueGenerated() that returns a Salesperson's name and revenue generated, respectively. Write a method named consolidate that, given an ArrayList<Salesperson> sales, creates and returns a HashMap<String, Integer> of Salespersons where each Salesperson appears only once with revenue aggregated.

For example, with input [("Alice", 10), ("Bob", 30), ("Alice", 20), ("Charlie", 40), ("Bob", 10)], return {"Alice"=30, "Bob"=40, "Charlie"=40}

(c) Why might map_name.keySet() return a Set, rather than a List?

5. Interfaces & Classes

Write a class Dinner that implements the Meal interface:

```
public interface Meal {
    // Print "eat x" where x is the name of the Meal object
    public void eat();
    // Returns the name of the Meal object
    public String getName();
    // Changes the name of the Meal
    // Must throw IllegalArgumentException if newName contains the word "moldy" anywhere
    public void setName(String newName);
}
```

A Dinner must have two properties: a name and a count of the number of times eaten (you can call this numEaten). numEaten is increased every time the eat() method is called.

The Dinner class must have

- The two fields mentioned above, privately encapsulated
- A constructor that takes a String name and initializes numEaten to 0 and a copy constructor
- A getter for numEaten
- A static method getShorter that takes two objects of type Dinner as parameters and returns the object with the shorter name
- An equals method that returns true if a passed Object is a Dinner and has the same name and numEaten and false otherwise

6. Exceptions

You are starting to work for a software development company named Epsilon Productions. The programmer before you wrote a method named epsilon() that takes a HashMap<String, Integer> and prints meaningful statistical data based on it. However, he made some mistakes and his method throws many exceptions, leading to complaints from customers of your software. Your job is to write a method named safeEpsilon() with the following header:

public static void safeEpsilon (HashMap<String, Integer> map)

Your method will simply call the epsilon method by passing the map, but your code must stop gracefully in the case of exceptions.

- If there is a ConcurrentModificationException, print "Please don't change the map while we are using it"
- If there is a NullPointerException, print "Please provide a valid map"
- If there is any other Exception, print "Please call us for assistance"
- You must always print "Thank you for choosing Epsilon Production Inc."

7. Recursion

You cannot use any loops for the following problems.

(a) Write a method named getSum that, given an array of ints named arr, recursively finds the sum of its elements and returns it.

(b) Write a method named power that, given an n and p, recursively computes the value of n to the p power. For example, power(3, 2) returns 9 (compute n^p — you may assume that n ≥ 0 and p ≥ 0).