# Computer Vision CMSC 426

Spring 2020

# Logistics

- Four projects, and three homework assignments (programming + discussion): in groups of three
- Midterm exam: in class
- All information available from the <u>Website</u>
- Grading
  - Projects 50 %
  - Homework 25%
  - MidTerm 25%

# Programming

- Python
- Primer on Python?

# Administration

- Webpage
  - Get homework and projects
  - Syllabus
  - Other documents
- Piazza
  - Ask questions
    - do not post solutions
    - do not ask if your answer or approach is correct
  - Discuss issues
  - Public versus private
- ELMS
  - Hand in homework and projects
  - See grades

# Recommended Texts



**Computer Vision: Algorithms and Applicati**on, Richard Szeliski Online: <u>http://szeliski.org/Book/</u>



Computer Vision: A Modern Approach David Forsyth and Jean Ponce Online: <u>http://www.csd.uwo.ca/~olga/Courses/Winter2010/CS4442\_9542b/</u> <u>CVbook.pdf</u>



**Digital Image Processing**, Prentice Hall, Rafael Gonzalez, and Richard Woods, 2008. Online: <u>http://web.ipac.caltech.edu/staff/fmasci/home/astro\_refs/</u> <u>Digital\_Image\_Processing\_2ndEd.pdf</u>



Multiple View Geometry in Computer Vision

Richard Hartley and Andrew Zisserman University Press, 2004, selected chapters available online: <u>http://www.robots.ox.ac.uk/~vgg/hzbook/</u>

# What is Computer Vision



# What is Computer Vision



# What is Computer Vision



### Goals of Computer Vision

- Build machines and develop algorithms which can automatically replicate some functionalities of biological visual system
- Systems which navigate in cluttered environments
- Systems which can recognize objects, activities
- Systems which can interact with humans/world
- Synergies with other disciplines and various applications Artificial Intelligence robotics, natural language understanding
- Vision as a sensor medical imaging, Geospatial Imaging, robotics, visual surveillance, inspection

### **Computer Vision**

#### Visual Sensing

Images I(x,y) - brightness patterns





- image appearance depends on structure of the scene
- material and reflectance properties of the objects
- position and strength of light sources

#### Visual Information Processing



This is the part of your brain that processes visual information

# Challenges/Issues

- About 40% of our brain is devoted to vision
- We see immediately and can form and understand images instantly
- Applications and examples

#### Connections to other disciplines



# **Goal of Computer Vision**

what we see

what computers see

















#### And so are these!



50

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v







### Why study computer vision?

### Vision is useful: Images and video are everywhere!



### Vision as measurement device











## Special effects: shape and motion capture



## 3D Modeling





http://www.photogrammetry.ethz.ch/research/cause/3dreconstruction3.html

## Face recognition









#### How the Afghan Girl was Identified by Her Iris Patterns





Source: S. Seitz

### Biometrics







Optical character recognition (OCR)

Technology to convert scanned docs to text

If you have a scanner, it probably came with OCR software





Digit recognition, AT&T labs

License plate readers <u>http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/</u> <u>Automatic number plate recognition</u>

Source: S. Seitz

## Mobile visual search





## Google Art Museum Project



#### Navigate museums of the world







(a)







(d)

## Autonomous vehicles





### Vision-based interaction (and games)











#### Assistive technologies

### Classification





### Vision as a source of semantic information



# Object categorization



### Challenges: viewpoint variation



Michelangelo 1475-1564

# Challenges: illumination



image credit: J. Koenderink

# Challenges: scale




### Challenges: deformation



Xu, Beihong 1943

slide credit: Fei-Fei, Fergus & Torralba

### Challenges: occlusion



Magritte, 1957

### Challenges: background clutter



Emperor shrimp and commensal crab on a sea cucumber in Fiji Photograph by Tim Laman



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#### Challenges: Motion



#### Challenges: object intra-class variation



slide credit: Fei-Fei, Fergus & Torralba

### Challenges: local ambiguity







#### Levels of complexity

- Early vision local operations, compute maps, or statistics of individual pixels (edges, motion fields, depth maps)
- Midlevel vision assembly of local information (segmentation, contour completions, grouping)
- Scene analysis recognition of objects, scenes
- Active vision how to control and use the resources to adjust the sensor to gather additional information
- Goal directed vision control behaviors based on visual information

## **Contents of the Class**

Image Processing, Low-level and Mid-level Vision :

- Image sensing, lenses
- Non-traditional sensors & perceptual coordinate systems
- Photometry and Color
- Filtering, correlation, convolution, noise
- Fourier transform
- Edge detection, Boundary detection
- Hough transforms
- Features, Corners, SIFT features
- Image and Motion
- Segmentation
- Texture Analysis

Multiple view Geometry for Robotics:

- Geometric transforms
- Projective geometry
- Camera Calibration
- Epipolar geometry
- Stereopsis
- Optical flow
- Tracking

Image Recognition

- Recognition of specific objects
- Recognition using Machine Learning, SVM, HOG features
- Recognition using Neural Networks
- Applications of Recognition

## Short description of Projects

## Homework 1

- Review of estimation
- LS estimation TLS estimation, LS with Regularization and RANSAC, applied to the problem of line fitting



### Project 1: Color Segmentation with GMM





Detect the ball in images "seen" by Nao.

You will learn about Color imaging and about Clustering approaches (K-mean and GMMs)

## Homework 2: Image Features and Warping



The project involves: corner detection and geometric transformations between image planes

# Project 2: Panorama Stitching



Use the image features to derive the transformation between images and blend

## Project 3: Segmentation with Graphcuts



Segment foreground from background in log-polar coordinates using Edge, Color, Texture, and Motion information.

## Homework 3:Image classification using HOGs and Bag of Words



## Project 4:Image classification using CNNs



cat cat

cat

cat

dog dog dog

dog

#### Training Data





Test Image



?

Write a CNN, then train it as a classifier