

CMSC 216 Quiz 2 Worksheet

The second quiz for the course will be on Fri, Jun 17. The following list provides more information about the quiz:

- The quiz will be a written quiz (no computer).
- Closed book, closed notes quiz.
- Answers must be neat and legible. **You must use pencil.**

The following exercises cover the material to be included in this quiz. Solutions to these exercises will not be provided, but you are welcome to discuss your solutions with the TA or instructor during office hours.

Exercises

1. What makes a character array a string? Is every character array a string?
2. The function `last_char_index` returns the index where `ch` is located last in `str`. If `ch` is not in the string, or `ch` is `'\0'`, return -1. The prototype of the function is:

```
static int last_char_index(char str[], char ch)
```

3. Define a function called `isPalindrome`. The function will return 1 if the string parameter is a palindrome and 0 otherwise.
4. Write a function called `blank_line` which returns an integer and has a string as a parameter. The function will return 1 if the string represents a blank line and 0 otherwise. A line will be considered a blank line if it only includes any of the following characters: `'\t'`, `'\b'` and `' '`. You can assume the `'\n'` character will not be part of the line.
5. Draw a memory map for the following code.

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main() {
    int val[3] = {10, 7, 14};

    int data = 100;
    int *p = &data;
    int y = 1;
    int **q = &p;

    *p += 100;
    printf("First %d %d %d\n", *p, data, y);

    y++;
    printf("Second %d\n", **q);

    p = &val[y];
    printf("Third %d\n", **q);

    return 0;
}
```

6. The function `filter` has the following prototype:

```
static int filter(int src[], int dest[], int arraySize,
                  int lower_bound, int upper_bound)
```

The function initializes the `dest` array with elements that have values in the range defined by `lower_bound` (inclusive) and `upper_bound` (inclusive). The size of `src` and `dest` is `arraySize`. The function will return the number of elements placed in `dest`. You can assume `lower_bound` is less than or equal to `upper_bound`.