

CMSC 132:

OBJECT-ORIENTED PROGRAMMING II



Callbacks

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Callback

- **Definition**

- Executable code passed as argument to other code
- Examples:
 - Timer
 - Function that prints table and has as parameters a number of rows and a second function that defines the data to print (e.g., square roots, factorials, etc.)

- **Approach**

- Higher-level code passes function as argument to lower-level code
 - In Java, pass object implementing interface
 - In C/C++, pass pointer to function
- Lower-level code invokes callback function to perform desired task

Callback

- **Motivation**

- Keeps code separate
 - Clean division between higher & lower-level code
- Promotes code reuse
 - Lower-level code supports different callbacks
- Supports event-driven programming
 - Lower-level code registers function as handler

- **Other Examples**

- Observer pattern → `Observer.update( )`
- Visitor pattern → `Visitor.visit( )`