

CMSC 132

Week2 Lab1

Comparable vs Comparator

clone()

finalize()

Student Class

```
public class Student {  
    String first;  
    String last;  
    int id;  
  
    public Student(String first, String last, int id) {  
        this.first = first;  
        this.last = last;  
        this.id = id;  
    }  
}
```

Comparable vs Comparator

- Both are interfaces
- `Comparable` defines the natural ordering for class objects
 - Has only one method `compareTo`
- **Comparison by lastname for Student class**

```
public class Student implements Comparable<Student>{  
    .....  
    @Override  
    public int compareTo(Student o) {  
        return this.last.compareTo(o.last);  
    }  
}
```

Comparable vs Comparator

- How can we add more than one comparison method ?
 - Define a `Comparator` class for each comparison method
 - Has only one method `compare`

```
public class StudentComparatorByID implements
Comparator<Student>{

    @Override
    public int compare(Student o1, Student o2) {
        return o1.id - o2.id;
    }

}
```

Comparable vs Comparator – Example

```
Student s1 = new Student("John", "Locke", 5);  
Student s2 = new Student("Mike", "Nickolas", 3);
```

```
s1.compareTo(s2);           // -ve  
s2.compareTo(s1);           // +ve
```

```
StudentComparatorByID comp = new StudentComparatorByID();  
comp.compare(s1, s2);       // +ve  
comp.compare(s2, s1);       // -ve
```

Object's Class Methods

- equals()
- toString()
- clone()
- finalize()
- ... etc

clone()

- Method's signature

```
protected Object clone() throws CloneNotSupportedException
```

- It is used to make copy of objects
- Example

```
Student sCopy = (Student)s.clone();
```

- Default behavior throws an exception when class is not Cloneable
 - Unless you override it

clone() – Student Class

```
@Override
protected Object clone() throws CloneNotSupportedException {
    return new Student (first, last, id);
}
```

- **Example**

```
Student sCopy = (Student)s.clone();
```

- **Why don't we use the following ?**

```
Student sCopy = s;
```


finalize()

- Garbage Collector (gc) can delete objects with no references
 - Orphaned object
- Before deleting an object, gc calls the object's `finalize` method
 - For any cleanup required
 - Do anything special

- Method's signature

```
protected void finalize() throws Throwable {
```

finalize() – Student Class

```
@Override
protected void finalize() throws Throwable {
    System.out.println("I'm gonna die :(");
}

public static void foo(){
    // Just creates an object and terminates
    Student s = new Student("John", "Luke", 5);
}

public static void main(String[] args) {
    foo();
    // explicit call for gc to run (runs automatically by default)
    System.gc();
}
```

Clicker Quiz

06/15/2017

1. Suppose we have a class Person that overrides the clone() method

```
Person p = new Person();
```

```
Person pCopy = p.clone();
```

A. Compiles with a warning

B. Doesn't compile

C. Compiles but would cause runtime error.

D. Works just fine.

1. Suppose we have a class Person that overrides the clone() method

```
Person p = new Person();
```

```
Person pCopy = p.clone();
```

A. Compiles with a warning

B. Doesn't compile

C. Compiles but would cause runtime error.

D. Works just fine.

2. True or false. The default implementation of the clone() method performs a shallow copy only.

A. True

B. False

2. True or false. The default implementation of the clone() method performs a shallow copy only.

A. True

B. False

3. True or false. The code inside `finalize()` will not execute unless we explicitly call `System.gc()`.

A. True

B. False

3. True or false. The code inside `finalize()` will not execute unless we explicitly call `System.gc()`.

A. True

B. False

4. True or false. If we a comparator StudentComparatorByID, that compares two Student objects, then the Student class cannot implement the Comparable interface or else we'll get a conflict between the compareTo method defined by the Comparator and Comparable interfaces.

- A. True
- B. False

4. True or false. If we have a comparator `StudentComparatorByID`, that compares two `Student` objects, then the `Student` class cannot implement the `Comparable` interface or else we'll get a conflict between the `compareTo` method defined by the `Comparator` and `Comparable` interfaces.

A. True

B. False

TODO - For the Time class

- A Comparator class (compare only by hours)
- A clone method
- A finalize method to the Time class and see the effect of running `System.gc()`.
- An equals() method

- Try to work with the same partner
- Feel free to ask
- Write some student test cases for these features