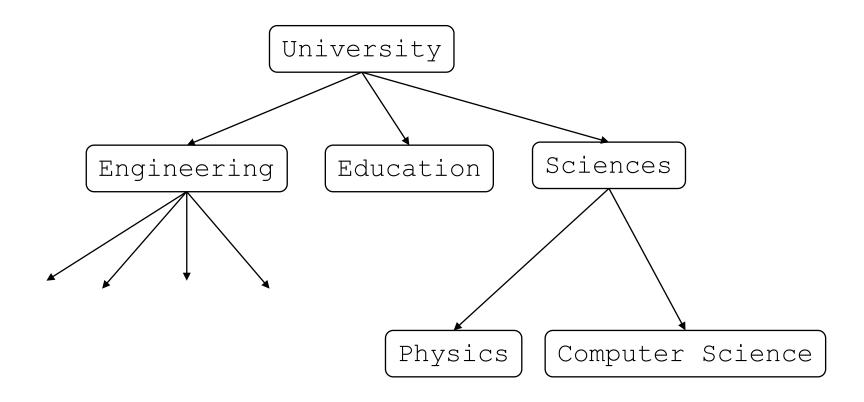
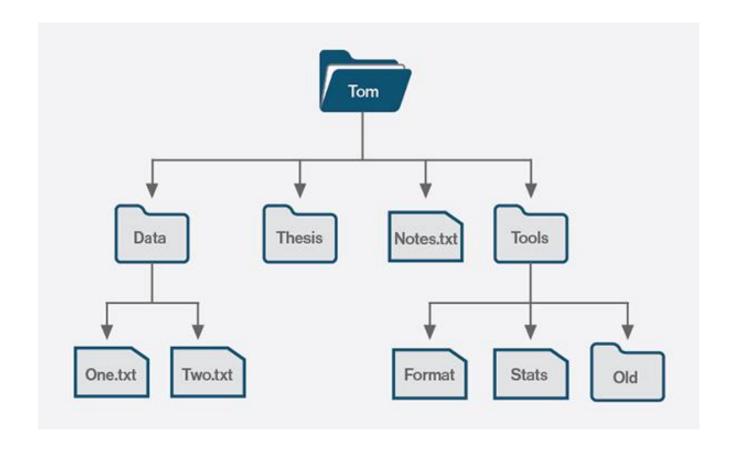
CMSC 132: Object-Oriented Programming II

Binary Trees

Trees



Trees

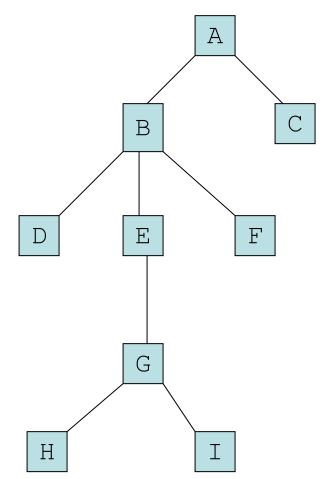


Trees

- A tree is a node with a value and zero or more children.
- No Cycle

Properties

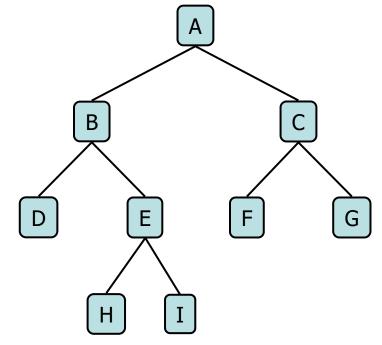
- Number of nodes
- Height
- Root Node
- Leaves
- Interior nodes
- Ancestor
- Descendant
- Siblings
- Subtrees



CMSC 132 Summer 2021

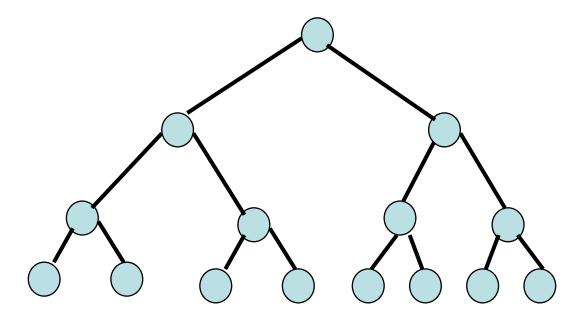
Binary Tree

- Each internal node has at most two children (degree of two)
- The children of a node are an ordered pair
- We call the children of an internal node left child and right child
- Applications:
 - arithmetic expressions
 - decision processes
 - searching



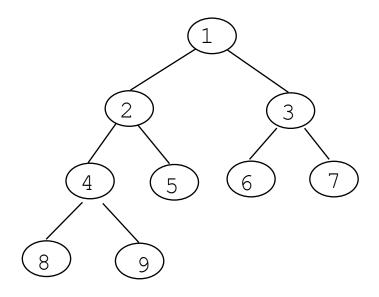
Full Binary Tree

- A full binary tree is a tree in which every node other than the leaves has two children.
- ▶ A full (perfect) binary tree of a given height k has 2^{k+1}-1 nodes.

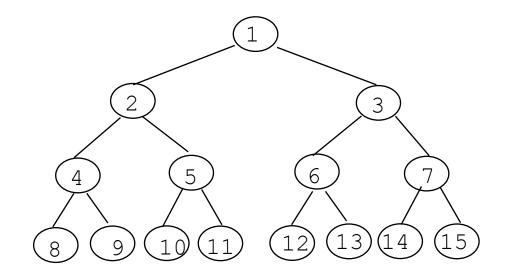


Complete Binary Trees

A **complete binary tree** is a **binary tree** in which every level, except possibly the last, is completely filled, and all nodes are as far left as possible.



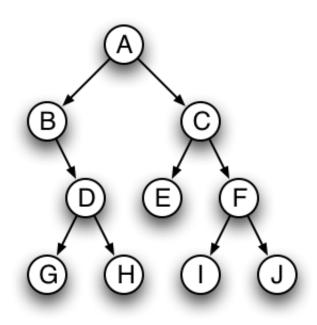
Complete binary tree



Full binary tree

Binary Tree Traversal

Traversal: Process of visiting each node in a tree, exactly once



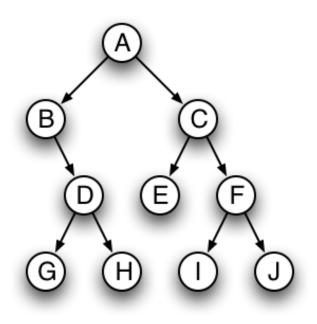
preOrder:

inOrder:

postOrder:

levelOrder:

Binary Tree Traversal



preOrder: root, left, right ABDGHCEFIJ

inOrder:left, root, right BGDHAECIFJ

postOrder:left, right, root G H D B E I J F C A

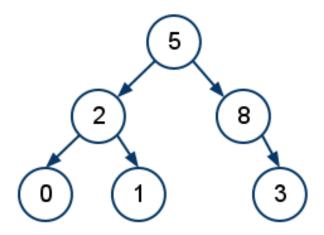
Level Order: BFS
ABCDEFGHIJ

Quiz 1:

What is the preOrder traversal of this binary tree?

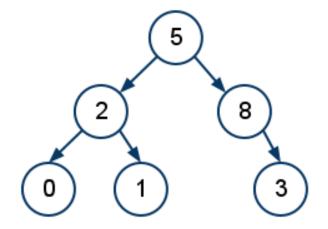


- B. 521038
- C. 520183
- D. 520138



Quiz 1:

What is the preOrder traversal of this binary tree?



- A. 528013
- B. 521038
- C. 520183
- D. 520138

Quiz 2:

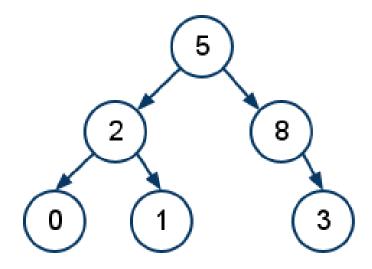
What is the inOrder traversal of this binary tree?



B. 021583

C. 021538

D. 520138



Quiz 2:

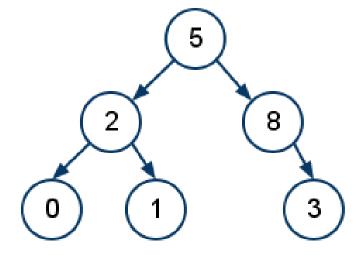
What is the inOrder traversal of this binary tree?

A. 012385

B. 021583

C. 021538

D. 520138



Quiz 3:

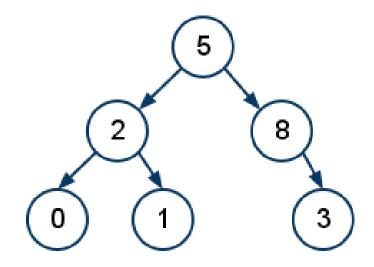
What is the postOrder traversal of this binary tree?

A. 012385

B. 021583

C. 012538

D. 520138



Quiz 3:

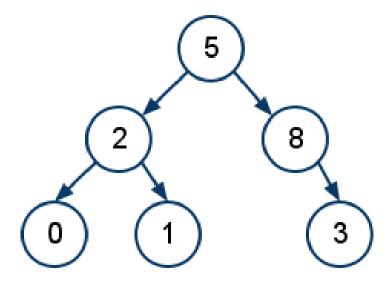
What is the postOrder traversal of this binary tree?

A. 012385

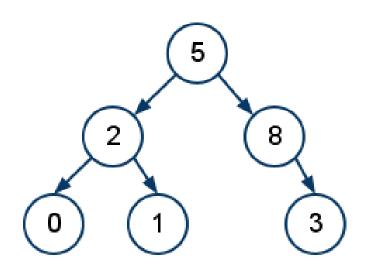
B. 021583

C. 012538

D. 520138



Binary Tree Traversal



preOrder: 5 2 0 1 8 3

inOrder: 0 2 1 5 8 3

postOrder: 0 1 2 3 8 5

Level Order: 5 2 8 0 1 3

Arithmetic Expression Trees

Arithmetic Expression:

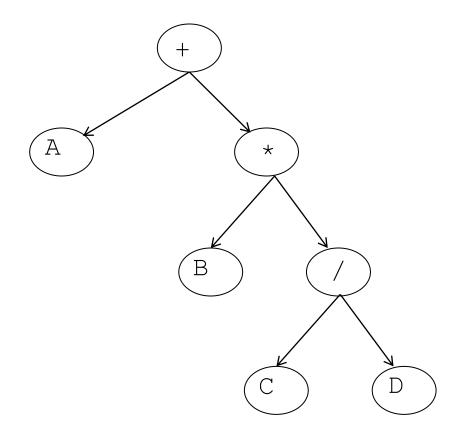
$$A + (B * (C / D))$$

Tree for the above expression:

Used in most compilers

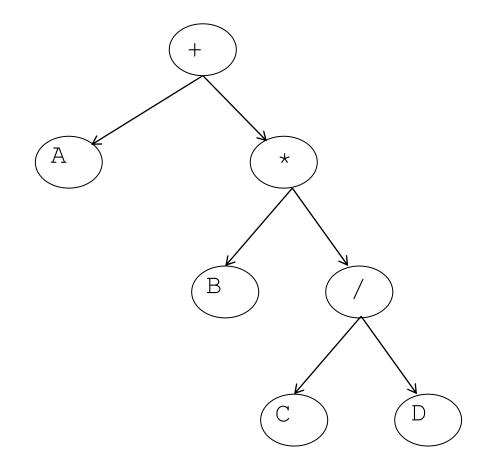
No parenthesis need to evaluate

Calculate by traversing tree



Traversing Trees

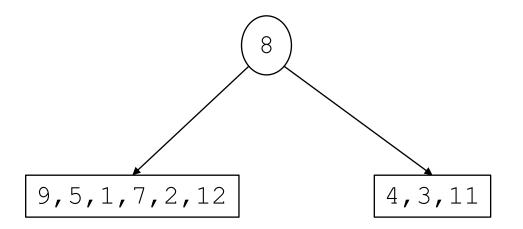
- Preorder: Root, then Children
 - + A * B / C D
- Postorder: Children, then Root
 - ABCD/*+
- Inorder: Left child, Root, Right child
 - A + B * C / D



Build a Binary Tree

Build a Binary Tree from given in Order, postOrder

inOrder: 9,5,1,7,2,12,8,4,3,11



Build a Binary Tree

Build a Binary Tree from given in Order, postOrder

inOrder: 9,5,1,7,2,12,8,4,3,11

postOrder: 9,1,2,12,7,5,3,11,4,8

Build a Binary Tree

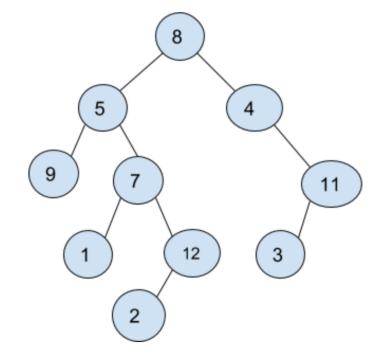
Build a Binary Tree from given in Order, postOrder

inOrder: 9,5,1,7,2,12,8,4,3,11

postOrder: 9,1,2,12,7,5,3,11,4,8

preorder: 8,5,9,7,1,12,2,4,11,3

levelOrder: 8,5,4,9,7,11,1,12,3,2



Build a Binary

Build Binary Tree from in Order, pre Order

inOrder: DBHEIAFCG

preOrder:ABDEHICFG

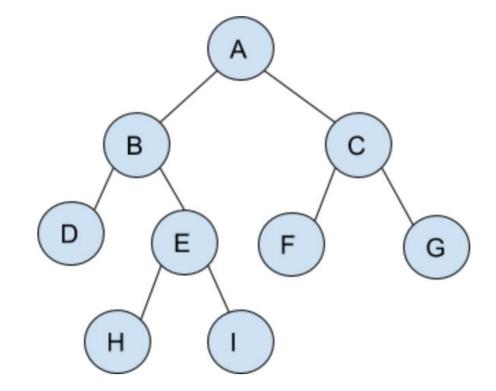
Build a Binary

Build Binary Tree from in Order, pre Order

inOrder: DBHEIAFCG

preOrder:ABDEHICFG

postOrder: DHIEBFGCA



Binary Tree Implementation

Height:

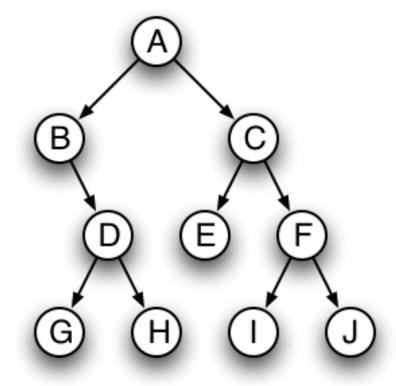
Size:

Diameter:

Mirror:

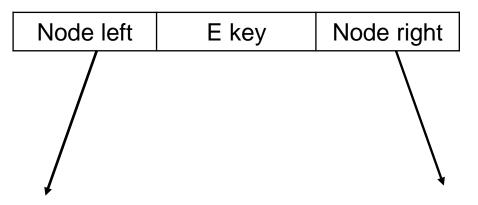
Path:

Least Common Ancestor (LCA):



Binary Tree Node Class

```
class Node {
   private E key;
   private Node left, right;
   Node(E key) {
     this.key = key;
   }
}
```



Binary Tree Class

```
public class BinaryTree<E> {
     private Node root;
     class Node {
        private E key;
       private Node left, right;
        Node (E key) {
           this.key = key;
```

Binary Tree Implementation

Check out the Binary Tree code examples from github