CMSC 430 - 11 June 2026

Allocating data in the heap

- Hustle - Pairs, boxes, and lists

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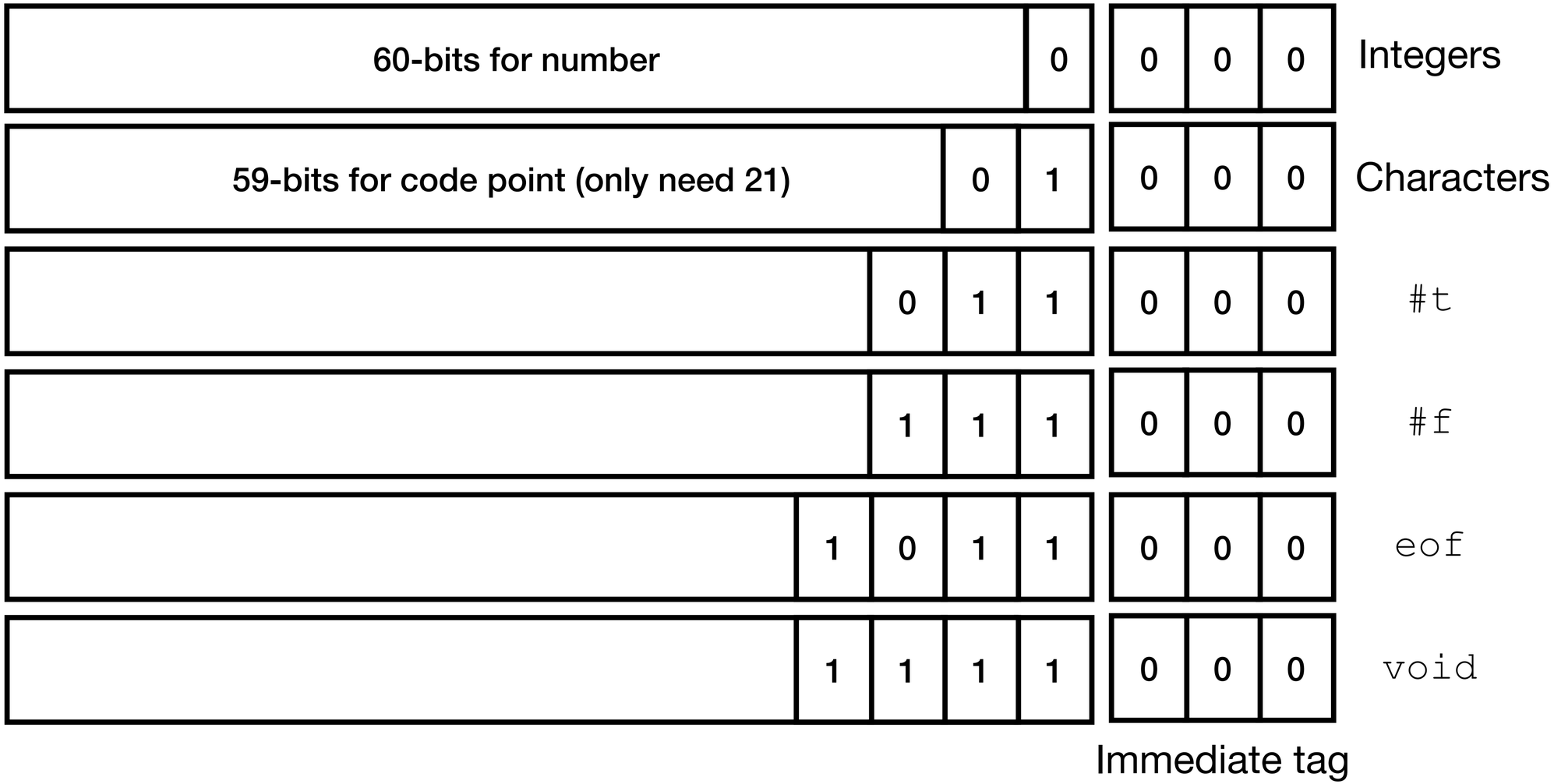
Announcements

- No quiz
- Exam 1 released at midnight

Hustle

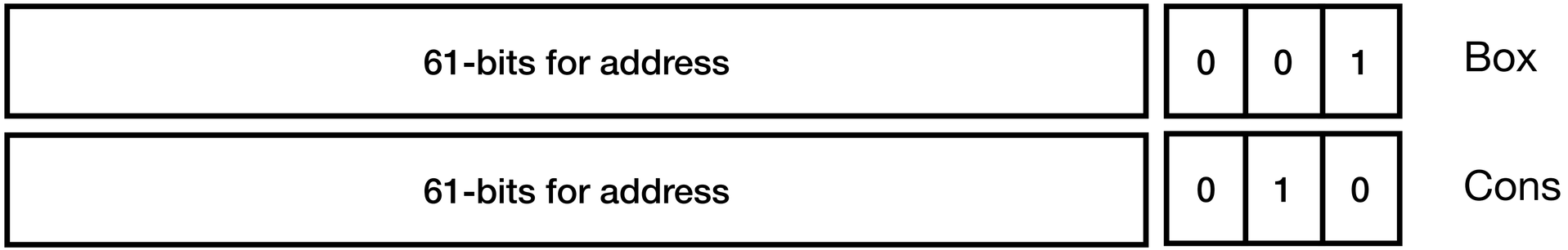
Encoding immediate values (Hustle)

Type tag in least significant bits

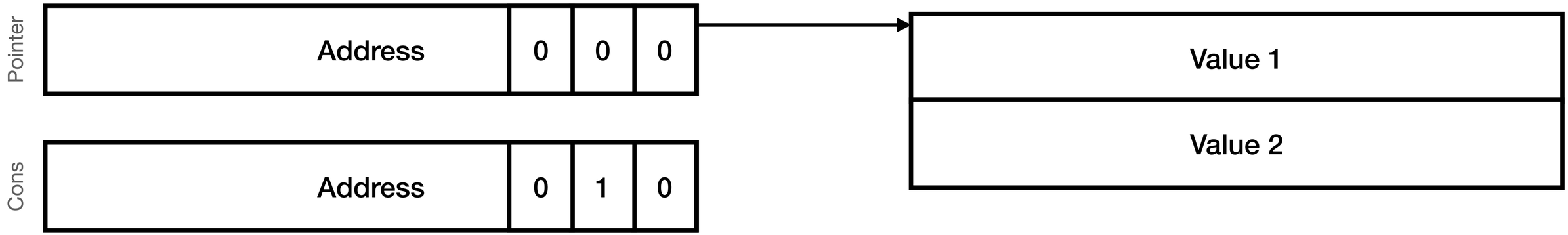


Encoding pointer values (Hustle)

Type tag in least significant bits



Values that point to memory



Idea:

A pair is allocated as two words in memory

The pair *value* will be represented by the address + type tag in 3 least significant bits

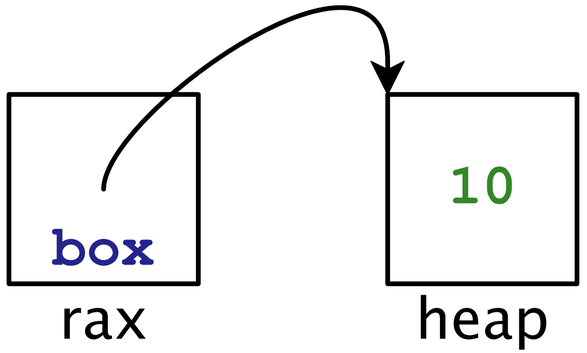
Pointers end in #b000 because we allocate in multiples of 8 bytes: advantage of this and stash type tag there (no shifting).

Observe: pointers don’t have a type, values do!

Creating a box

A box is a tagged pointer to one value in memory

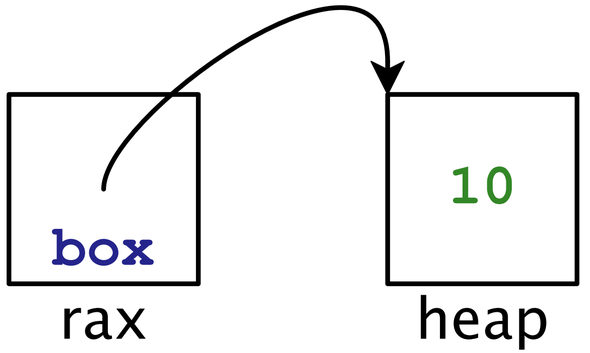
```
> (compile-op1 'box)
(list
 (Mov (Mem 'rbx) 'rax)
 (Mov 'rax 'rbx)
 (Xor 'rax 1)
 (Add 'rbx 8))
> (exec (parse '(box 10)))
'#&10
```



Accessing a box

A box is a tagged pointer to one value in memory

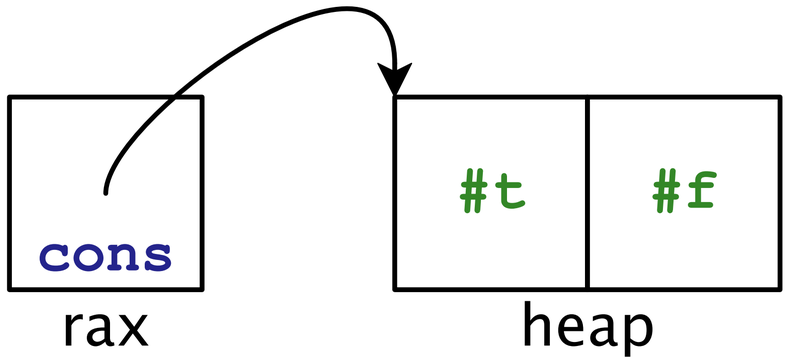
```
> (compile-op1 'unbox)
(list
 (Push 'rax)
 (And 'rax 7)
 (Cmp 'rax 1)
 (Pop 'rax)
 (Jne 'err)
 (Mov 'rax (Mem 'rax -1)))
```



Creating a pair

A pair is a tagged pointer to two values in memory

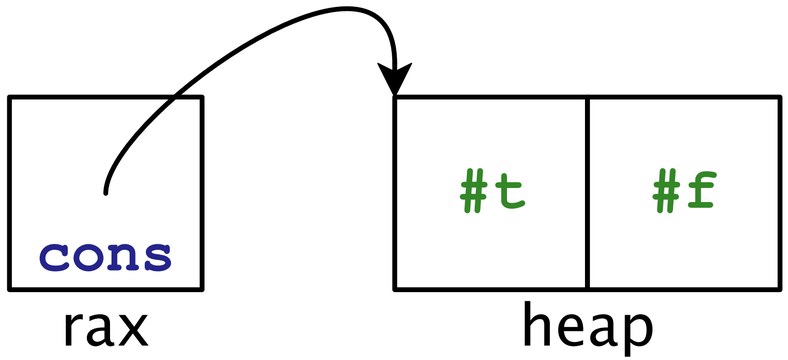
```
> (compile-op2 'cons)
(list
 (Mov (Mem 'rbx 8) 'rax)
 (Pop 'rax)
 (Mov (Mem 'rbx 0) 'rax)
 (Mov 'rax 'rbx)
 (Xor 'rax 2)
 (Add 'rbx 16))
> (exec (parse '(cons #t #f)))
'(#t . #f)
```



Accessing a pair

A pair is a tagged pointer to two values in memory

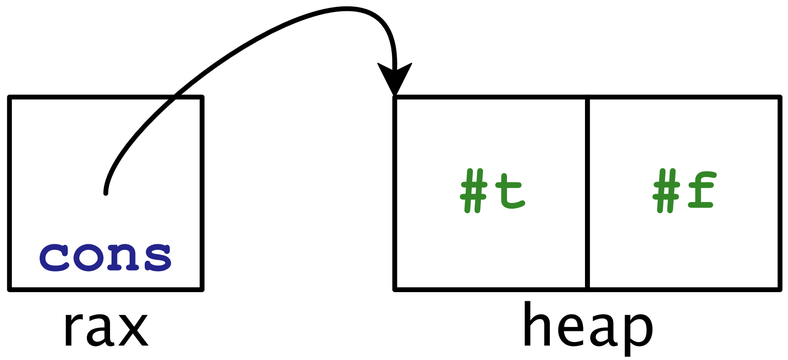
```
> (compile-op1 'car)
(list
 (Push 'rax)
 (And 'rax 7)
 (Cmp 'rax 2)
 (Pop 'rax)
 (Jne 'err)
 (Mov 'rax (Mem 'rax -2)))
```



Accessing a pair

A pair is a tagged pointer to two values in memory

```
> (compile-op1 'cdr)
(list
 (Push 'rax)
 (And 'rax 7)
 (Cmp 'rax 2)
 (Pop 'rax)
 (Jne 'err)
 (Mov 'rax (Mem 'rax 6)))
```



What about the empty list?

The empty list is just an immediate with a unique bit pattern

```
> (compile-datum '())
(list (Mov 'rax 152))
```

Heap support from standalone run-time

Run-time allocates heap

Passes pointer as argument

Frees heap after return

```c
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "values.h"
#include "print.h"
#include "runtime.h"

/* in words */
#define heap_size 10000

int main(int argc, char **argv)
{
  val_t *heap = malloc(8 * heap_size);
  if (!heap) {
    fprintf(stderr, "out of memory\n");
    return 1;
  }

  val_t result = entry(heap);

  print_result(result);
  if (val_typeof(result) != T_VOID)
    putchar('\n');

  free(heap);
  return 0;
}
```

Heap support from hosted run-time

Run-time allocates heap

Installs pointer in rdi register

```
(define heap
  (malloc 10000 'raw))

(define (asm-interp/host asm)
  (parameterize ([current-externs ...])
    (let ((l (gensym)))
      (asm-interp
       (prog (Global l)
             (Label l)
             (Mov rdi (cast heap _pointer _int64))
             (Jmp 'entry)
             asm)))))
```

Decoding bits

Decoding is now recursive

```
;; Integer -> Value
(define (bits->value b)
  (cond [(= b (value->bits #t)) #t]
        [(= b (value->bits #f)) #f]
        [(= b (value->bits eof))  eof]
        [(= b (value->bits (void))) (void)]
        [(= b (value->bits '())) '()]
        [(int-bits? b)
         (arithmetic-shift b (- int-shift))]
        [(char-bits? b)
         (integer->char (arithmetic-shift b (- char-shift)))]
        [(box-bits? b)
         (box (bits->value (mem-ref (- b type-box))))]
        [(cons-bits? b)
         (cons (bits->value (mem-ref (+ 0 (- b type-cons))))
               (bits->value (mem-ref (+ 8 (- b type-cons)))))]
        [else (error "invalid bits")]))
```

Decoding bits

Decoding is now recursive

```
;; Integer -> Value
(define (bits->value b)
  (cond [(= b (value->bits #t)) #t]
        [(= b (value->bits #f)) #f]
        [(= b (value->bits eof))  eof]
        [(= b (value->bits (void))) (void)]
        [(= b (value->bits '())) '()]
        [(int-bits? b)
         (arithmetic-shift b (- int-shift))]
        [(char-bits? b)
         (integer->char (arithmetic-shift b (- char-shift)))]
        [(box-bits? b)
         (box (bits->value (mem-ref (- b type-box))))]
        [(cons-bits? b)
         (cons (bits->value (mem-ref (+ 0 (- b type-cons))))
               (bits->value (mem-ref (+ 8 (- b type-cons)))))]
        [else (error "invalid bits")]))
```

Printing bits

Printing is now recursive

```c
void print_result(val_t x)
{
  switch (val_typeof(x)) {
  case T_INT:
    printf("%" PRId64, val_unwrap_int(x));
    break;
  case T_BOOL:
    printf(val_unwrap_bool(x) ? "#t" : "#f");
    break;
  case T_CHAR:
    print_char(val_unwrap_char(x));
    break;
  case T_EOF:
    printf("#<eof>");
    break;
  case T_VOID:
    break;
  case T_EMPTY:
  case T_BOX:
  case T_CONS:
    printf("'");
    print_result_interior(x);
    break;
  case T_INVALID:
    printf("internal error");
  }
}
```

```c
void print_result_interior(val_t x)
{
  switch (val_typeof(x)) {
  case T_EMPTY:
    printf("()");
    break;
  case T_BOX:
    printf("#&");
    print_result_interior(val_unwrap_box(x)->val);
    break;
  case T_CONS:
    printf("(");
    print_cons(val_unwrap_cons(x));
    printf(")");
    break;
  default:
    print_result(x);
  }
}
```

```c
void print_cons(val_cons_t *cons)
{
  print_result_interior(cons->fst);

  switch (val_typeof(cons->snd)) {
  case T_EMPTY:
    // nothing
    break;
  case T_CONS:
    printf(" ");
    print_cons(val_unwrap_cons(cons->snd));
    break;
  default:
    printf(" . ");
    print_result_interior(cons->snd);
    break;
  }
}
```