Emerging Architecture Session

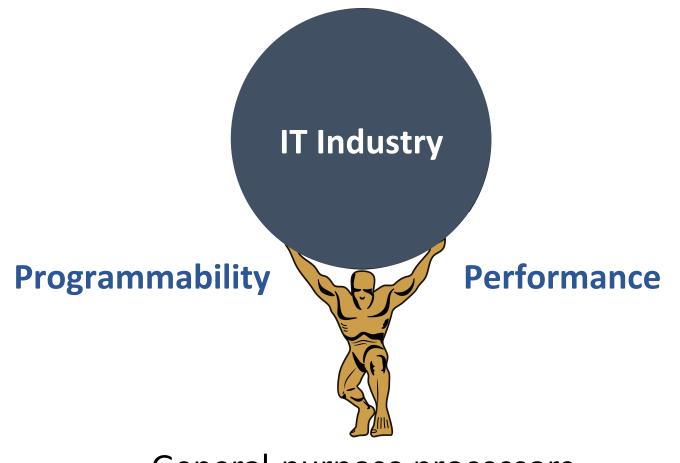
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NSF CSR/NeTS 2019 Joint PI Meeting



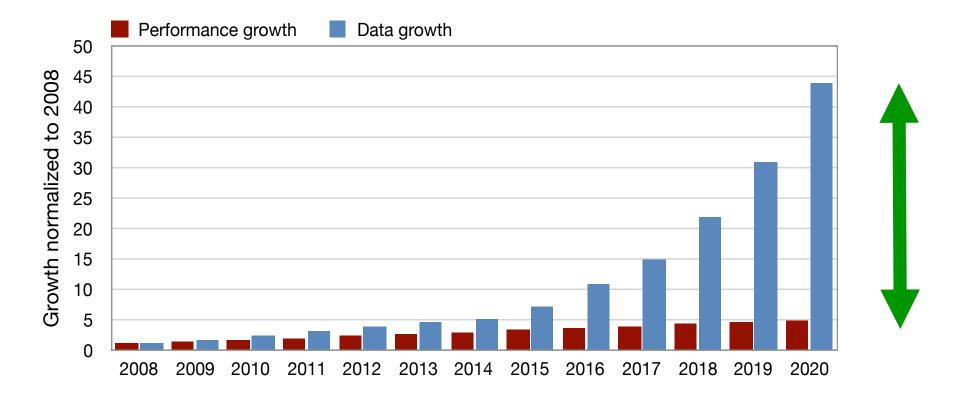
General-purpose processors

Main drivers for revolutionary advances in IT industry



General-purpose processors

Growing gap between data and compute

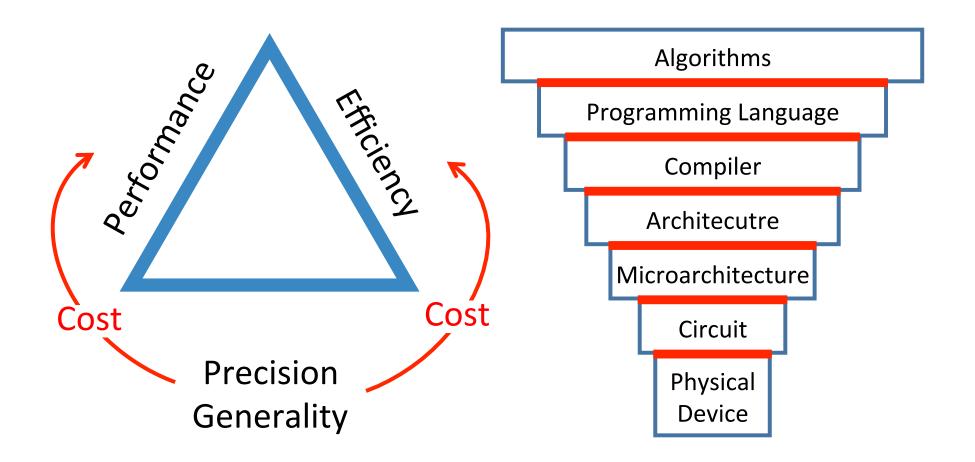


- Data growth trends: IDC's Digital Universe Study, December 2012
- Performance growth trends: Esmaeilzadeh et al, "Dark Silicon and the End of Multicore Scaling," ISCA 2011

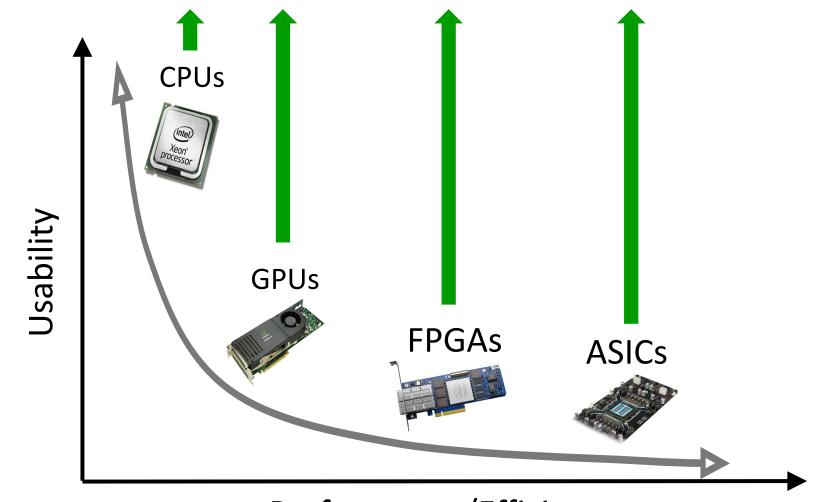
Power/energy efficiency is a primary concern



Rethinking abstractions



Usability vs. performance/efficiency



Performance/Efficiency

Programming/Compiler Challenges

- 1. Redefining hardware/software abstractions that enable updating emerging architecture without redoing the software stack
- 2. Enabling future-proof software development that will not only work, but perform well, on hardware that did not exist when the software was written.
- 3. Language and programming constructs that enable programming with hardware architectures such as analog processing engines, non-volatile memory subsystems, reconfigurable fabric, accelerators, Application-Specific ICs, etc.
- 4. Enabling end-to-end application development when multiple domains of algorithms is necessary.

System Challenges

- 5. Moving from domain-specific architecture to domain-specific computational stack.
 - Isolation
 - Multi-tenancy
 - Virtualization
 - etc.
- 6. Tools and techniques for performance analysis and tuning when performance-opaque firmware and emergent architectures are hard to characterize.
- 7. System stacks that can seamlessly navigate trade-offs among performance and privacy, security, reliability, predictability, etc.

Architecture Challenges

- 8. Balancing general-purpose versus special-purpose designs
 - Applications are not kernels!
- 9. Getting the most from constrained hardware budget (Power/Energy, Storage, Battery, Bandwidth) and enabling new capabilities.
- 10. Enabling developers to designing their own specialpurpose hardware and its associated stack
 - Open-sourcing hardware and its stack!
 - Democratization of hardware design
- 11. Enabling emerging hardware architectures and paradigms to improve other aspects of the system such as privacy, security, reliability, predictability, etc.

Full-Stack Approach towards Research and Education in Emerging Architectures

- Programming Interfaces
- Operating Systems Abstractions
- Compilation and Interoperability
- Modeling, experimentation, and emulation toolsets
- Not just performance: privacy, security, predictability, reliability, etc.
- Moving forward from CPU for everything as well as accelerator for one domain
- Cross-Disciplinary Education and Tools for Breaking the Silos
- Evaluation for emerging domains requires flexibility in terms of existing applications and established benchmarks; avoid overfitting!