

- 1. (24 points) At the Twitty Family Reunion there are n people.
 - (a) Everyone hugs everyone. People even hug themselves! And Alicehugs-Bob is counted as different from Bob-hugs-Alice. How many hugs are there?
 - (b) Everyone hugs everyone. Except that people do not hug themselves. Alice-hugs-Bob is counted as different from Bob-hugs-Alice. How many hugs are there?
 - (c) Everyone hugs everyone. Except that people do not hug themselves. Alice-hugs-Bob is counted as the same as Bob-hugs-Alice. How many hugs are there?
 - (d) Everyone hugs everyone. People even hug themselves! Alice-hugs-Bob is counted as the same as Bob-hugs-Alice. How many hugs are there?

SOLUTION TO QUESTION 1a: n^2 . SOLUTION TO QUESTION 1b: $n^2 - n$. SOLUTION TO QUESTION 1c: n(n-1)/2. SOLUTION TO QUESTION 1d: n(n-1)/2 + n.

- 2. (24 points)
 - (a) How many permutations are there of the letters in the sentence: pack my box with five dozen liquor jugs

(ignore spaces, so the question is *packmyboxwithfivedozenliquorjugs*

(b) How many permutations are there of the letters in the sentence: Don't not ever stop not writing nothing

(ignore spaces as above)

SOLUTION TO QUESTION 2

a) The total number of letters in Pack my box with five dozen liquor jugs

is 32.

Every letter appears once except: 3 o's 2 i's 2 e's 2 u's So the answer is

 $\frac{32!}{3!2!2!2!}$

b)

Omitted

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- 3. (28 points) Alice makes lunch for her darling. There is a sandwicheither PBJ, Turkey, Tomato, Egg salad, or Tuna fish, a fruit- either apple or blueberries or blackberries or a banana, and a snack- either pretzels, potato chips or applesauce.
 - (a) How many ways can Alice make her darling lunch?
 - (b) If her darling does not like having apples and applesauce in the same lunch, then how many lunches can Alice make her?

SOLUTION TO QUESTION 3a

 $5 \times 4 \times 4 = 80.$

SOLUTION TO QUESTION 3b

We count how many lunches DO have both an apple and applesauce and then subtract from 80.

 $5 \times 1 \times 1 = 5.$

So the answer is 75.

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4. (21 points) (The first three parts are 0 points so they are really optional and there is nothing to hand in; however, you should do them for the enlightnement.) Let a_n be defined as follows

$$a_1 = 10$$

 $(\forall n \ge 2)[a_n = a_{\lfloor n^{3/4} \rfloor} + 20]$

- (a) (0 points but you will need this for the next part) Write a computer program to compute, given n, a_1, \ldots, a_n .
- (b) (0 points but you will need it for the next part) Compute a_i for $1 \le i \le 100,000$
- (c) (0 points) Based on your data make a good guess for the form of a good bound on a_n . (Do not look at the next question as it gives away the form.)
- (d) (21 points) Use constructive induction to find constants $A, B \in \mathbb{N}$ such that

$$(\forall n \ge 1)[a_n \le A \lg n + B]$$

Base Case: $a_1 = 5 \le A \lg 1 + B = B$ so need $B \ge 5$

IH: For all n' < n, $a_{n'} \le A \lg(n') + B$

IS:

$$a_n = a_{\lfloor n^{3/4} \rfloor} + 20 \le a_{n^{3/4}} + 20 \le A \lg \lg(n^{3/4})) + B + 20$$

Need

$$A \lg(\lg(n^{3/4}) + B + 20 \le A \lg \lg(n) + B$$

 $A \lg \lg(n^{3/4}) + 20 \le A \lg \lg(n)$
 $A(\lg((3/4) \lg(n)) + 20 \le A \lg \lg(n)$

$$A \lg(3/4) + A \lg(\lg(n)) + 20 \le A \lg \lg(n)$$

 $A \lg(3/4) + 20 \le$
 $-A \lg(4/3) + 20 \le$
 $A \ge \frac{20}{\lg(4/3)} \sim 8.3$

We take A = 9 and B = 5.