# Another Proof by Contradiction: The Set of Primes is Infinite 

## Infinity of primes

- Assume that the primes are finite. Then, we can list them in ascending order:

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Clearly, $N$ is bigger than any $p_{i}$. We have two cases:
i. $\quad N$ is prime. Contradiction, since $N$ is bigger than any prime.
ii. $\quad N$ is composite. This means that $N$ has at least one factor $f$. Let's take the smallest factor of $N$, and call it $f_{\min }$. Then, this number is prime (why?) Since $f_{\text {min }}$ is prime, it divides $p_{1} \cdot p_{2} \cdot \ldots \cdot p_{n}$. By the previous theorem, this means that it cannot possibly divide $p_{1} \cdot p_{2} \cdot \ldots \cdot p_{n}+1=N$. Contradiction, since we assumed that $f_{\min }$ is a factor of N .

Therefore, the primes are not finite.

