

BILL, RECORD LECTURE!!!!

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From Infinite Ramsey To Finite Ramsey

Exposition by William Gasarch

January 8, 2026

Notation

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3. 2^A is the powerset of A .
4. $\binom{A}{a}$ is the set of all a -sized subsets of A .

Let $\text{COL}: \binom{A}{2} \rightarrow [2]$. A set $H \subseteq A$ is **homogenous** if COL restricted to $\binom{H}{2}$ is constant. (From now on **homog.**)

Infinite And Finite Ramsey Thm

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We will prove **The Finite Ramsey** from **The Infinite Ramsey**.

**Proof of the
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Say $k = 182$. There is a coloring of $\binom{[10^{100}]}{2}$ with no homog set of size 182.

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We will use the inf Ramsey Theory to get a contradiction.

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Answer on the next slide

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We do the full COL on the next slide.

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Hence there is a homog set of size k for COL_L .

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This is a contradiction since COL $_L$ has no homog sets of size k .

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BILL: So we have proven that, for all k , there is an $n = R(k)$.

STUDENT: Great! what is $R(10)$?

BILL: We showed $R(10)$ exists by showing there is SOME n such that for all COL: $\binom{[n]}{2} \rightarrow [2]$ there is a homog set of size k .

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