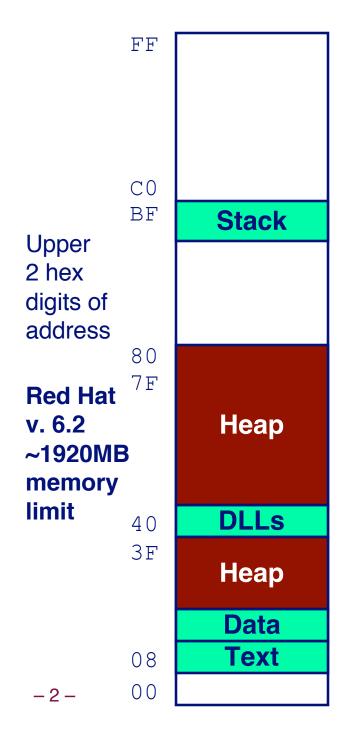
### **15-213**

"The course that gives CMU its Zip!"

# Machine-Level Programming V: Miscellaneous Topics Sept. 24, 2002

### **Topics**

- **Linux Memory Layout**
- Understanding Pointers
- Buffer Overflow
- Floating Point Code



# **Linux Memory Layout**

#### **Stack**

Runtime stack (8MB limit)

#### Heap

- Dynamically allocated storage
- When call malloc, calloc, new

#### **DLLs**

- Dynamically Linked Libraries
- Library routines (e.g., printf, malloc)
- Linked into object code when first executed

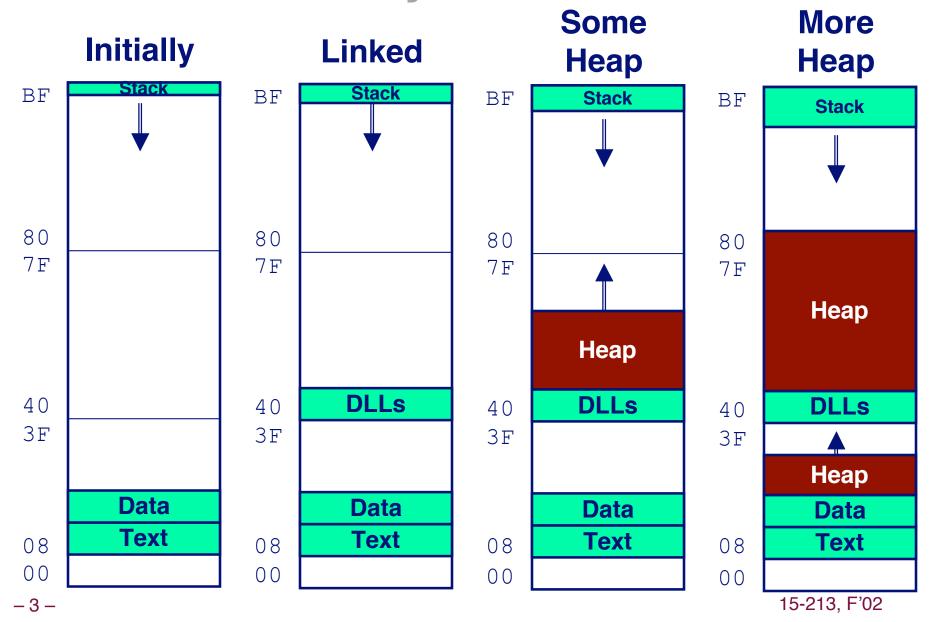
#### **Data**

- Statically allocated data
- E.g., arrays & strings declared in code

#### **Text**

- Executable machine instructions
- Read-only

## **Linux Memory Allocation**



# **Text & Stack Example**

```
(gdb) break main
(gdb) run
Breakpoint 1, 0x804856f in main ()
(gdb) print $esp
$3 = (void *) 0xbffffc78
```

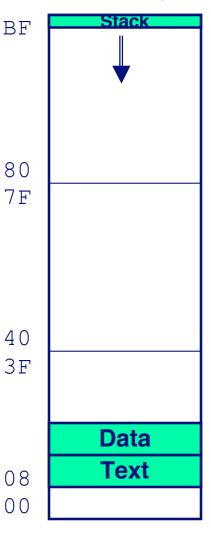
#### Main

Address 0x804856f should be read 0x0804856f

#### Stack

■ Address 0xbffffc78

### **Initially**



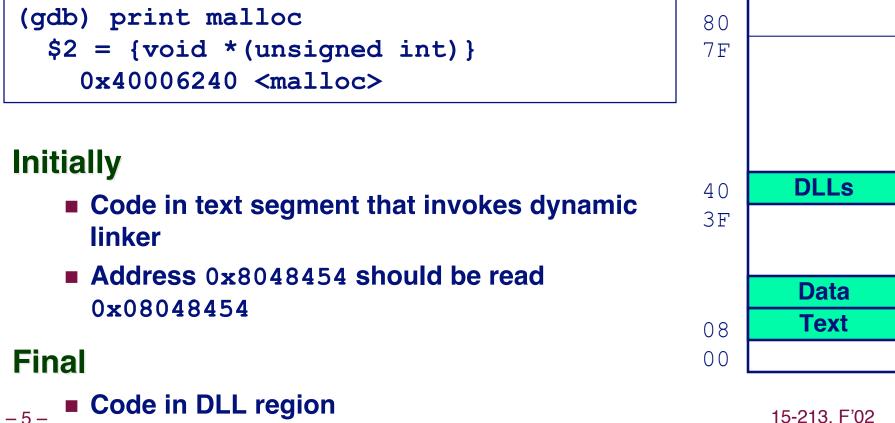
# Dynamic Linking Example

```
(gdb) print malloc
 $1 = {<text variable, no debug info>}
   0x8048454 <malloc>
(qdb) run
 Program exited normally.
(gdb) print malloc
 $2 = {void *(unsigned int)}
   0x40006240 < malloc>
```

### **Initially**

- Code in text segment that invokes dynamic linker
- Address 0x8048454 should be read  $0 \times 08048454$

#### **Final**



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Linked

Stack

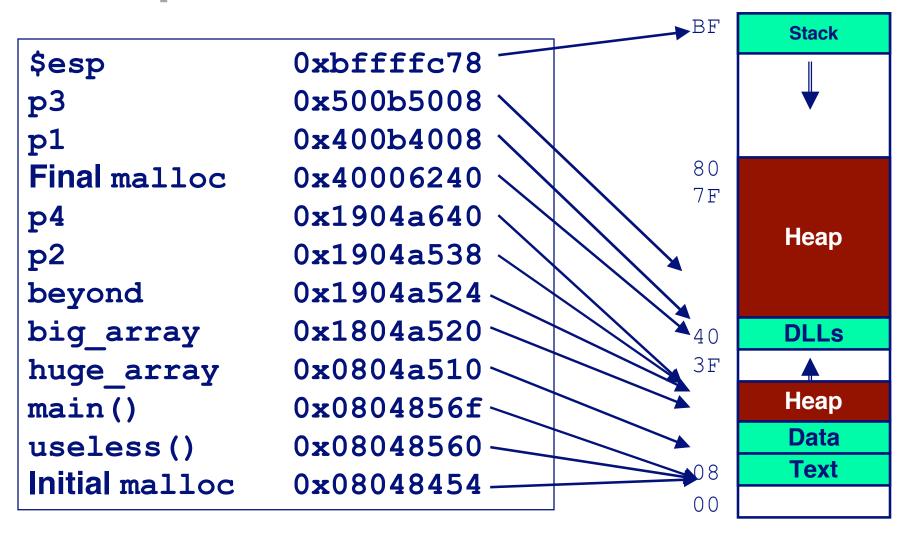
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## **Memory Allocation Example**

```
char big_array[1<<24]; /* 16 MB */
char huge array[1<<28]; /* 256 MB */
int beyond;
char *p1, *p2, *p3, *p4;
int useless() { return 0; }
int main()
p1 = malloc(1 << 28); /* 256 MB */
p2 = malloc(1 << 8); /* 256 B */
p3 = malloc(1 << 28); /* 256 MB */
p4 = malloc(1 << 8); /* 256 B */
 /* Some print statements ... */
```

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## **Example Addresses**



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## **C** operators

### **Operators**

```
() [] -> .
                    & (type) sizeof
* /
     응
+ -
<< >>
< <= > >=
== !=
æ
22
?:
= += -= *= /= %= &= ^= != <<= >>=
1
```

### **Associativity**

```
left to right
right to left
left to right
right to left
right to left
left to right
```

Note: Unary +, -, and \* have higher precedence than binary forms

# C pointer declarations

<pre>int *p</pre>	p is a pointer to int
int *p[13]	p is an array[13] of pointer to int
int *(p[13])	p is an array[13] of pointer to int
int **p	p is a pointer to a pointer to an int
int (*p)[13]	p is a pointer to an array[13] of int
<pre>int *f()</pre>	f is a function returning a pointer to int
int (*f)()	f is a pointer to a function returning int
int (*(*f())[13])()	f is a function returning ptr to an array[13] of pointers to functions returning int
int (*(*x[3])())[5]	x is an array[3] of pointers to functions returning pointers to array[5] of ints

## **Internet Worm and IM War**

### November, 1988

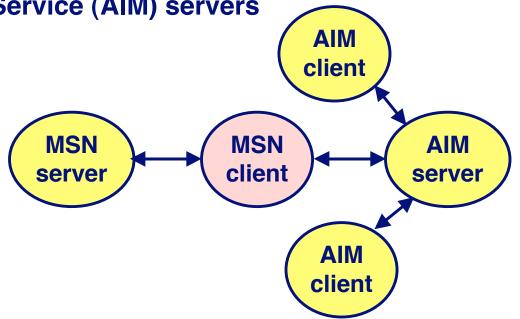
- Internet Worm attacks thousands of Internet hosts.
- How did it happen?

### **July, 1999**

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Microsoft launches MSN Messenger (instant messaging system).

 Messenger clients can access popular AOL Instant Messaging Service (AIM) servers



## Internet Worm and IM War (cont.)

### August 1999

- Mysteriously, Messenger clients can no longer access AIM servers.
- Microsoft and AOL begin the IM war:
  - AOL changes server to disallow Messenger clients
  - Microsoft makes changes to clients to defeat AOL changes.
  - At least 13 such skirmishes.
- How did it happen?

# The Internet Worm and AOL/Microsoft War were both based on *stack buffer overflow* exploits!

- many Unix functions do not check argument sizes.
- allows target buffers to overflow.

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# **String Library Code**

- Implementation of Unix function gets
  - No way to specify limit on number of characters to read

```
/* Get string from stdin */
char *gets(char *dest)
{
   int c = getc();
   char *p = dest;
   while (c != EOF && c != '\n') {
        *p++ = c;
        c = getc();
   }
   *p = '\0';
   return dest;
}
```

- Similar problems with other Unix functions
  - strcpy: Copies string of arbitrary length
  - scanf, fscanf, sscanf, when given %s conversion specification

## **Vulnerable Buffer Code**

```
/* Echo Line */
void echo()
{
    char buf[4]; /* Way too small! */
    gets(buf);
    puts(buf);
}
```

```
int main()
{
   printf("Type a string:");
   echo();
   return 0;
}
```

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## **Buffer Overflow Executions**

unix>./bufdemo

Type a string: 123

123

unix>./bufdemo

Type a string: 12345

Segmentation Fault

unix>./bufdemo

Type a string: 12345678

Segmentation Fault

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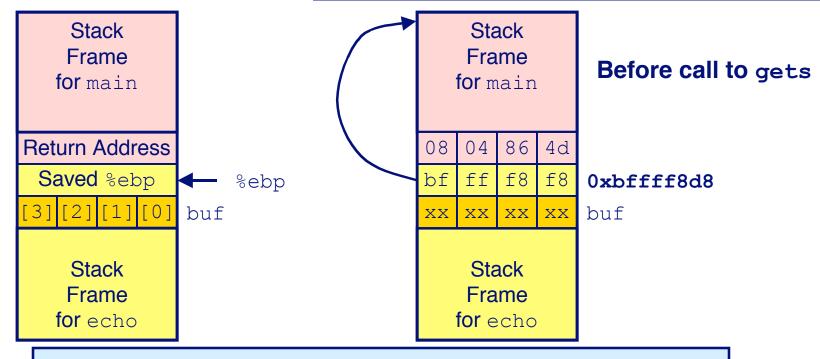
## **Buffer Overflow Stack**

```
Stack
                     /* Echo Line */
  Frame
                     void echo()
  for main
                         char buf[4]; /* Way too small! */
Return Address
                         gets(buf);
                        puts (buf) ;
Saved %ebp ← %ebp
3][2][1][0] buf
   Stack
             echo:
  Frame
                pushl %ebp
                                    # Save %ebp on stack
  for echo
                movl %esp, %ebp
                subl $20,%esp
                                    # Allocate space on stack
                pushl %ebx
                                    # Save %ebx
                addl $-12,%esp # Allocate space on stack
                leal -4(%ebp), %ebx # Compute buf as %ebp-4
                pushl %ebx # Push buf on stack
                call gets
                                    # Call gets
```

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# Buffer Overflow Stack Example

```
unix> gdb bufdemo
(gdb) break echo
Breakpoint 1 at 0x8048583
(gdb) run
Breakpoint 1, 0x8048583 in echo ()
(gdb) print /x *(unsigned *)$ebp
$1 = 0xbffff8f8
(gdb) print /x *((unsigned *)$ebp + 1)
$3 = 0x804864d
```

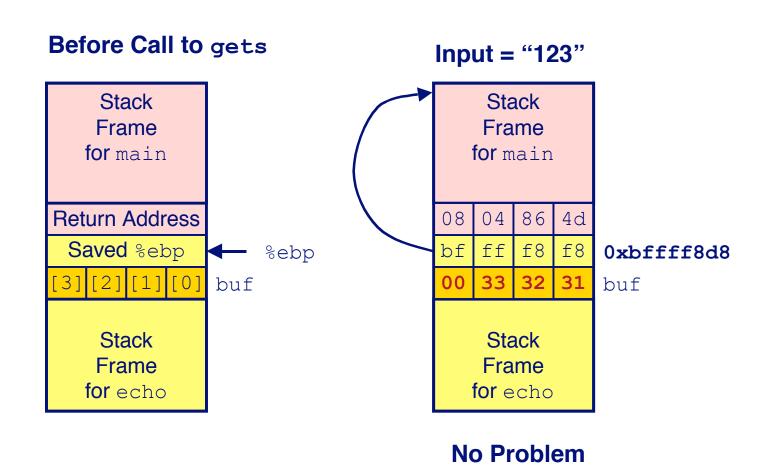


8048648: call 804857c <echo>

804864d: mov 0xffffffe8(%ebp),%ebx # Return Point

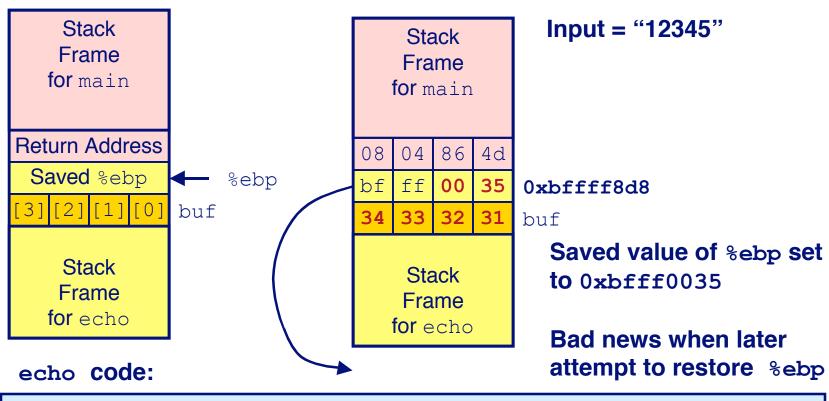
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## **Buffer Overflow Example #1**



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## **Buffer Overflow Stack Example #2**



```
8048592: push %ebx

8048593: call 80483e4 <_init+0x50> # gets

8048598: mov 0xffffffe8(%ebp),%ebx

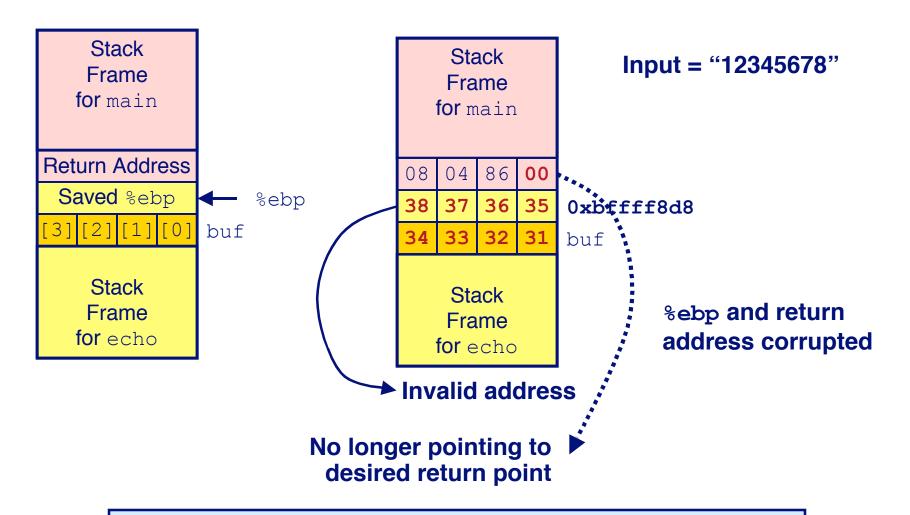
804859b: mov %ebp,%esp

804859d: pop # %ebp gets set to invalid value

804859e: ret
```

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# **Buffer Overflow Stack Example #3**



8048648: call 804857c <echo>

804864d: mov 0xffffffe8(%ebp), %ebx # Return Point

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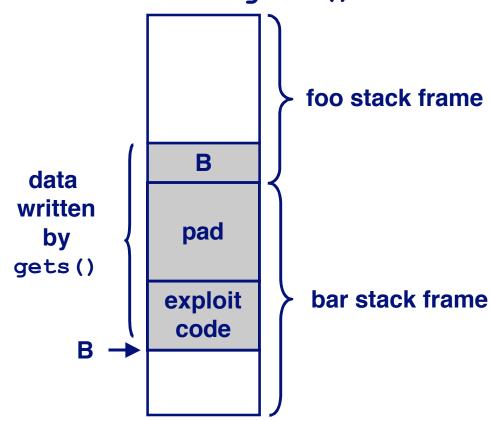
## **Malicious Use of Buffer Overflow**

# Stack after call to gets ()

```
return
address
A

void foo(){
bar();
}
```

```
void bar() {
  char buf[64];
  gets(buf);
  ...
}
```



- Input string contains byte representation of executable code
- Overwrite return address with address of buffer
- When bar() executes ret, will jump to exploit code

## **Exploits Based on Buffer Overflows**

Buffer overflow bugs allow remote machines to execute arbitrary code on victim machines.

#### Internet worm

- Early versions of the finger server (fingerd) used gets() to read the argument sent by the client:
  - finger droh@cs.cmu.edu
- Worm attacked fingerd server by sending phony argument:
  - finger "exploit-code padding new-return-address"
  - exploit code: executed a root shell on the victim machine with a direct TCP connection to the attacker.

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## **Exploits Based on Buffer Overflows**

Buffer overflow bugs allow remote machines to execute arbitrary code on victim machines.

#### **IM War**

- AOL exploited existing buffer overflow bug in AIM clients
- exploit code: returned 4-byte signature (the bytes at some location in the AIM client) to server.
- When Microsoft changed code to match signature, AOL changed signature location.

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Date: Wed, 11 Aug 1999 11:30:57 -0700 (PDT) From: Phil Bucking <philbucking@yahoo.com>

Subject: AOL exploiting buffer overrun bug in their own software!

To: rms@pharlap.com

Mr. Smith,

I am writing you because I have discovered something that I think you might find interesting because you are an Internet security expert with experience in this area. I have also tried to contact AOL but received no response.

I am a developer who has been working on a revolutionary new instant messaging client that should be released later this year.

. . .

It appears that the AIM client has a buffer overrun bug. By itself this might not be the end of the world, as MS surely has had its share. But AOL is now \*exploiting their own buffer overrun bug\* to help in its efforts to block MS Instant Messenger.

. . . .

Since you have significant credibility with the press I hope that you can use this information to help inform people that behind AOL's friendly exterior they are nefariously compromising peoples' security.

Sincerely,
Phil Bucking
Founder, Bucking Consulting
philbucking@yahoo.com

It was later determined that this email originated from within Microsoft!

### **Code Red Worm**

### **History**

- June 18, 2001. Microsoft announces buffer overflow vulnerability in IIS Internet server
- July 19, 2001. over 250,000 machines infected by new virus in 9 hours
- White house must change its IP address. Pentagon shut down public WWW servers for day

### When We Set Up CS:APP Web Site

Received strings of form

```
GET
```

HTTP/1.0" 400 325 "-" "-"

# **Code Red Exploit Code**

- Starts 100 threads running
- Spread self
  - Generate random IP addresses & send attack string
  - Between 1st & 19th of month
- Attack www.whitehouse.gov
  - Send 98,304 packets; sleep for 4-1/2 hours; repeat
    - » Denial of service attack
  - Between 21st & 27th of month
- Deface server's home page
  - After waiting 2 hours



## **Code Red Effects**

#### **Later Version Even More Malicious**

- Code Red II
- As of April, 2002, over 18,000 machines infected
- Still spreading

### **Paved Way for NIMDA**

- Variety of propagation methods
- One was to exploit vulnerabilities left behind by Code Red II

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## **Avoiding Overflow Vulnerability**

```
/* Echo Line */
void echo()
{
    char buf[4]; /* Way too small! */
    fgets(buf, 4, stdin);
    puts(buf);
}
```

### **Use Library Routines that Limit String Lengths**

- fgets instead of gets
- strncpy instead of strcpy
- Don't use scanf with %s conversion specification
  - Use fgets to read the string

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# **IA32 Floating Point**

### **History**

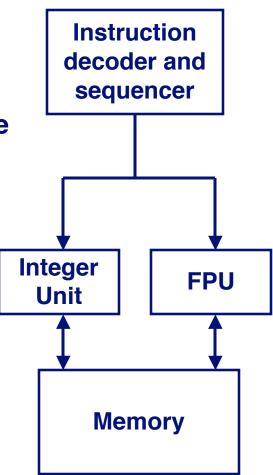
- 8086: first computer to implement IEEE FP
  - separate 8087 FPU (floating point unit)
- 486: merged FPU and Integer Unit onto one chip

### **Summary**

- Hardware to add, multiply, and divide
- Floating point data registers
- Various control & status registers

### **Floating Point Formats**

- single precision (C float): 32 bits
- double precision (C double): 64 bits
- extended precision (C long double): 80 bits



# FPU Data Register Stack

### FPU register format (extended precision)

79	<b>78 64</b>	63 0
S	ехр	frac

### **FPU registers**

- 8 registers
- Logically forms shallow stack
- Top called %st(0)
- When push too many, bottom values disappear

%st(3)
%st(2)
%st(1)
%st(0)

stack grows down

"Top"

## **FPU instructions**

### Large number of floating point instructions and formats

- ~50 basic instruction types
- load, store, add, multiply
- sin, cos, tan, arctan, and log!

### Sample instructions:

Instruction	Effect	Description
fldz	push 0.0	Load zero
flds Addr	push M[Addr]	Load single precision real
fmuls Addr	%st(0) <- %st(0) *M[Addr]	Multiply
faddp	%st(1) <- %st(0)+%st(1);	pop Add and pop

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# Floating Point Code Example

# Compute Inner Product of Two Vectors

- Single precision arithmetic
- Common computation

```
pushl %ebp
                           # setup
  movl %esp, %ebp
  pushl %ebx
                          # %ebx=&x
  movl 8(%ebp),%ebx
  movl 12(%ebp),%ecx
                           # %ecx=&v
  movl 16(%ebp),%edx
                           # %edx=n
  fldz
                           # push +0.0
                           # i=0
  xorl %eax,%eax
  cmpl %edx,%eax
                          # if i>=n done
  ige .L3
.L5:
  flds (%ebx, %eax, 4)
                           # push x[i]
                           # st(0) *=y[i]
  fmuls (%ecx, %eax, 4)
                           # st(1) += st(0); pop
  faddp
  incl %eax
                           # 1++
  cmpl %edx,%eax
                           # if i<n repeat</pre>
  jl .L5
.L3:
  movl -4(%ebp),%ebx
                           # finish
  movl %ebp, %esp
  popl %ebp
                           # st(0) = result
  ret
```

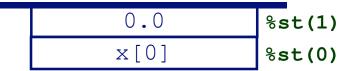
## **Inner Product Stack Trace**

#### **Initialization**

1. fldz
0.0 %st(0)

#### **Iteration 0**

2. flds (%ebx, %eax, 4)



3. fmuls (%ecx, %eax, 4)

0.0	% <b>S</b>	t(1)
x[0]*y[0]	% <b>s</b>	t(0)

4. faddp

#### **Iteration 1**

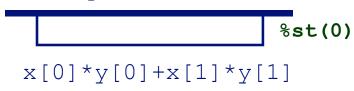
5. flds (%ebx, %eax, 4)

x[0]*y[0]	%st(1)
x[1]	%st(0)

6. fmuls (%ecx, %eax, 4)

x[0]*y[0]	မွ် S	t(1)
x[1]*y[1]	% <b>s</b>	t(0)

7. faddp



## **Final Observations**

### **Memory Layout**

- OS/machine dependent (including kernel version)
- Basic partitioning: stack/data/text/heap/DLL found in most machines

### **Type Declarations in C**

Notation obscure, but very systematic

### **Working with Strange Code**

- Important to analyze nonstandard cases
  - E.g., what happens when stack corrupted due to buffer overflow
- Helps to step through with GDB

### **IA32 Floating Point**

Strange "shallow stack" architecture

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