

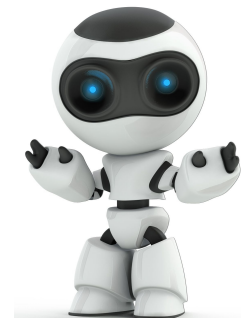
# MiniMax and Alpha Beta Pruning

CMSC 250H

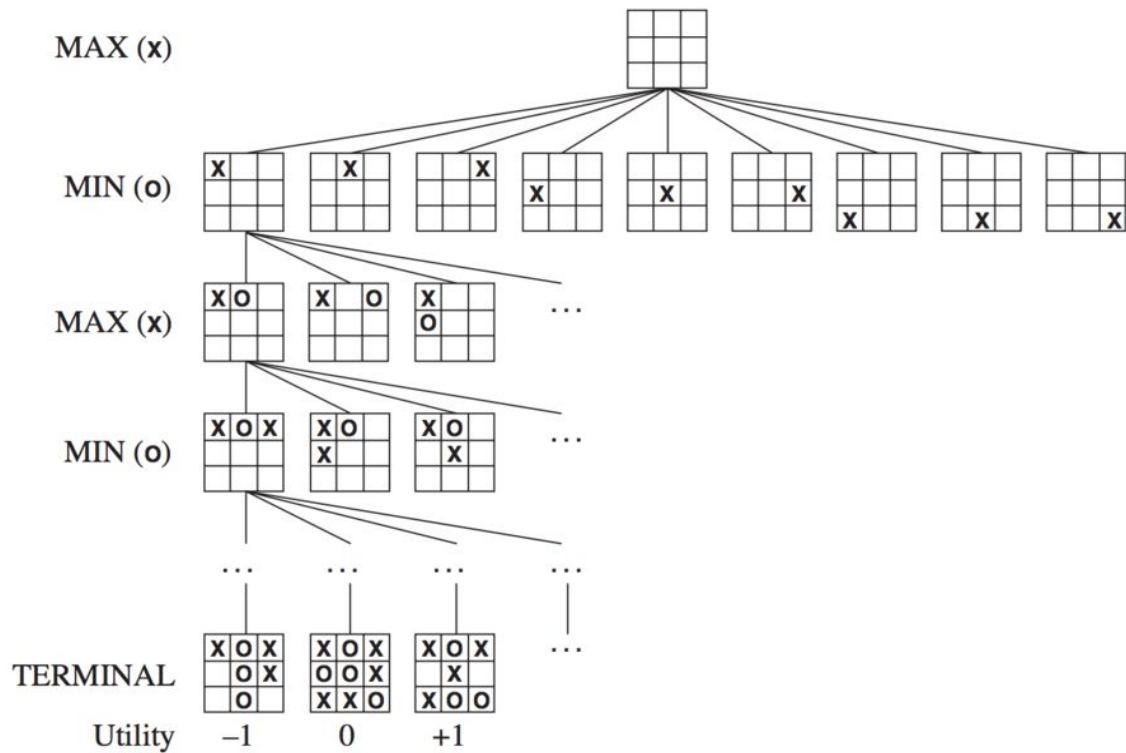
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# Combinatorial Search

- Search algorithms that solve a particular problem by using large solution spaces
  - A\* Search
  - Minimax
  - Alpha Beta pruning
- At each step, the algorithm looks at all possible combinations of decisions

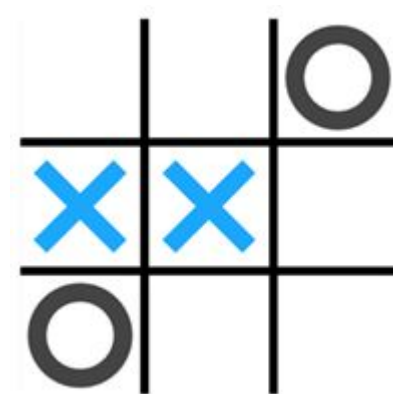


# Game Tree



# Tic Tac Toe

- How many ways can you make the first move?
  - 9
- How many ways can a game of Tic-Tac-Toe be played?
  - 255,168
- The game tree will have 255,168 leaves

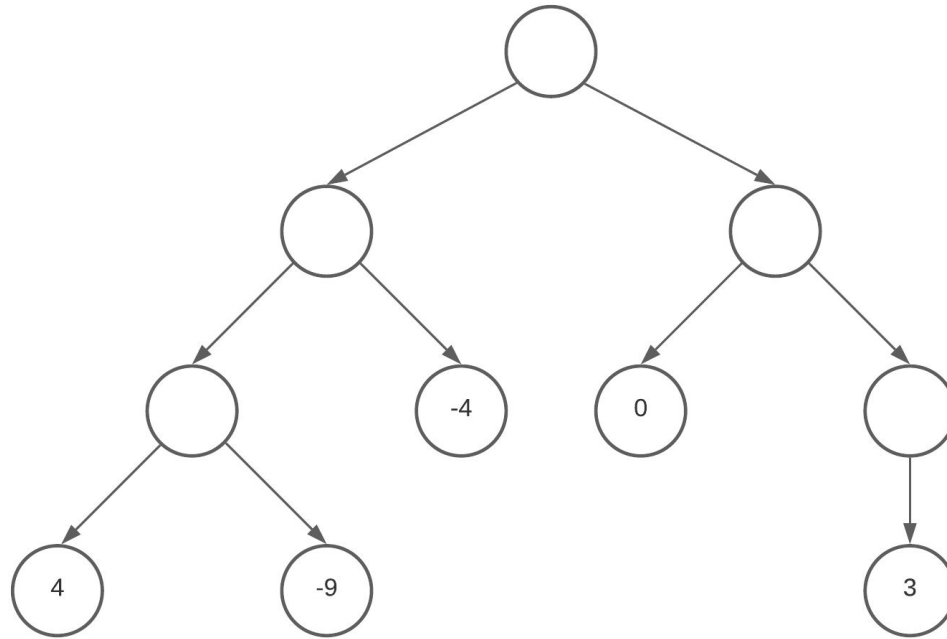


# MiniMax

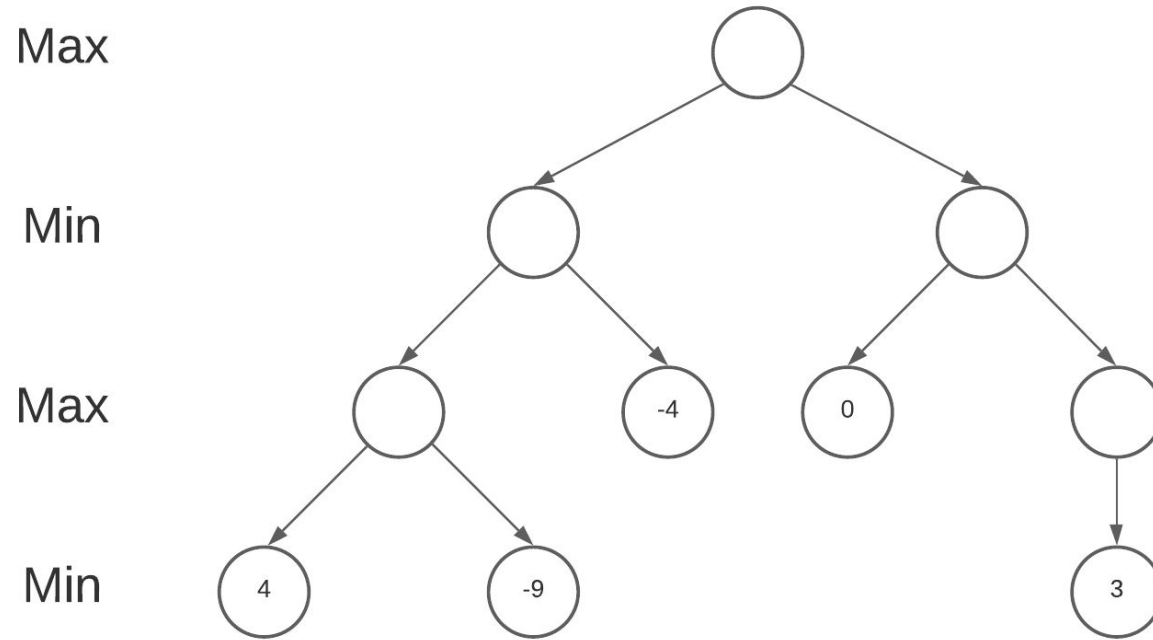
- Algorithm used in AI, Decision Theory, Game Theory, Stats, and Philosophy
  - Combinatorial Game Theory: Gives Game Solutions
- Idea: Minimize Loss in Worst Case
- Uses Recursion or Backtracking to make a Perfect Choice
- Slow!
  - Needs to visit every node



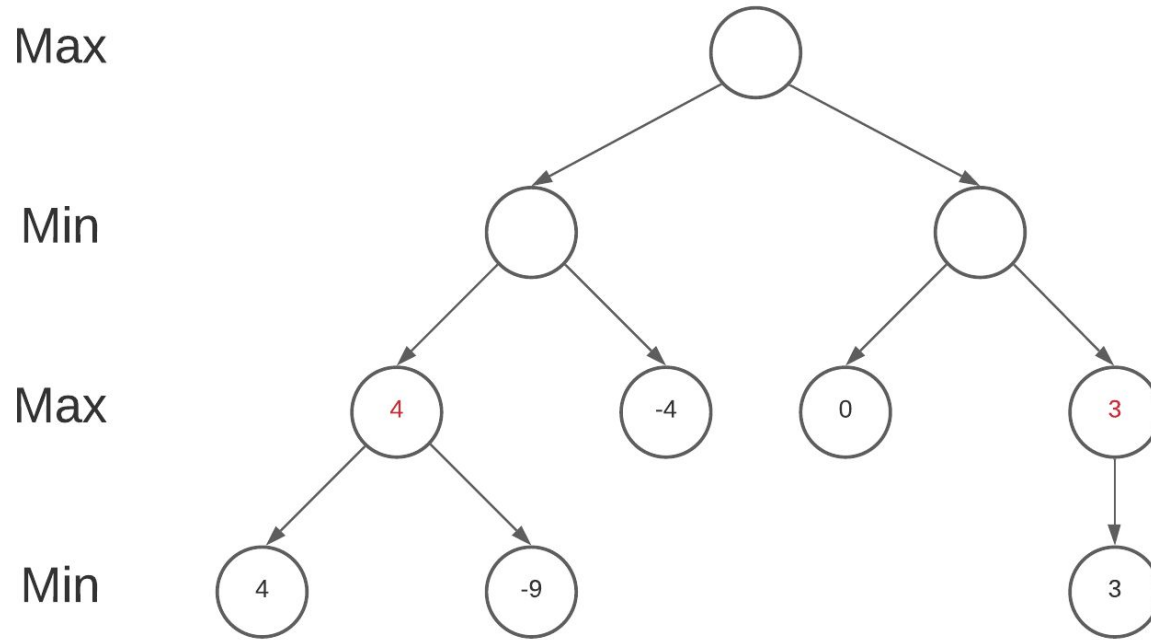
# MiniMax



# MiniMax

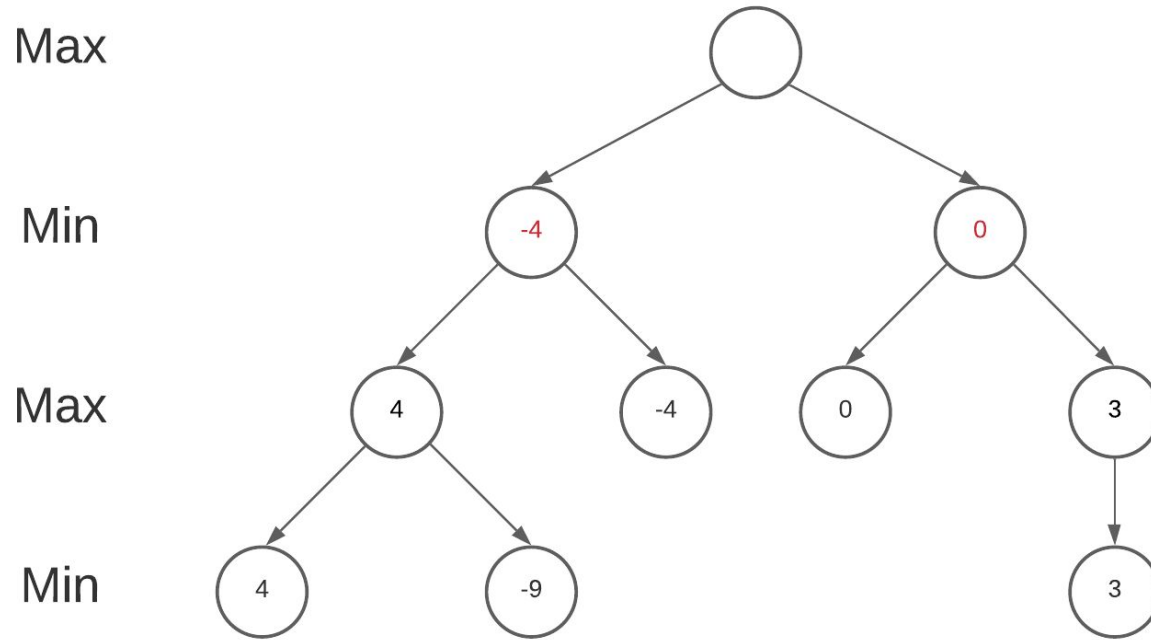


# MiniMax

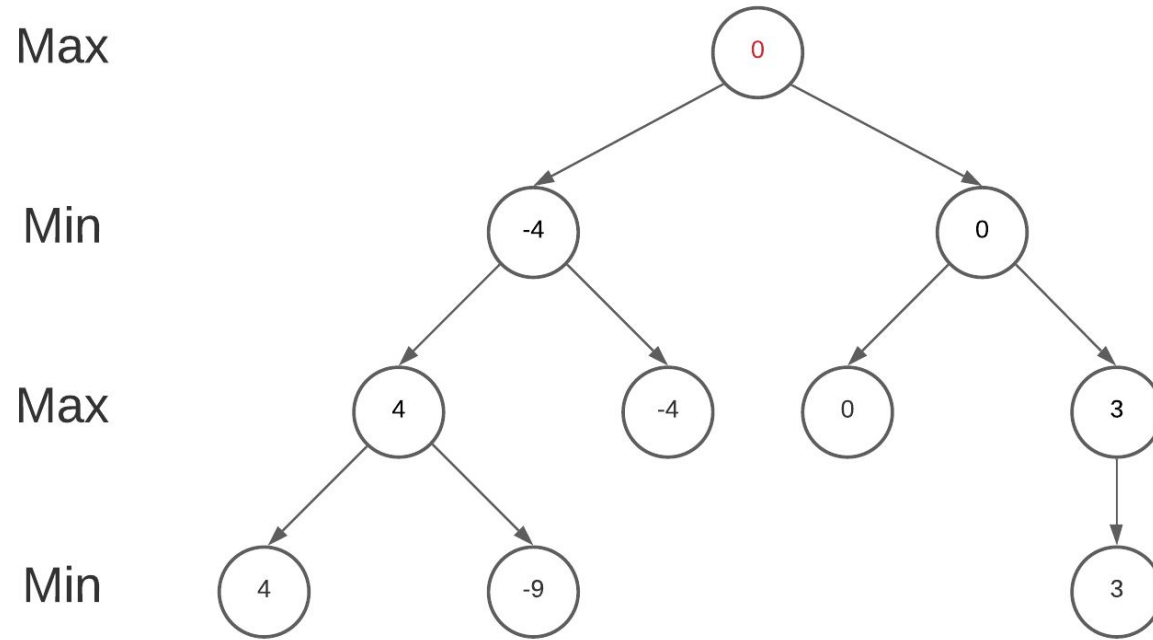




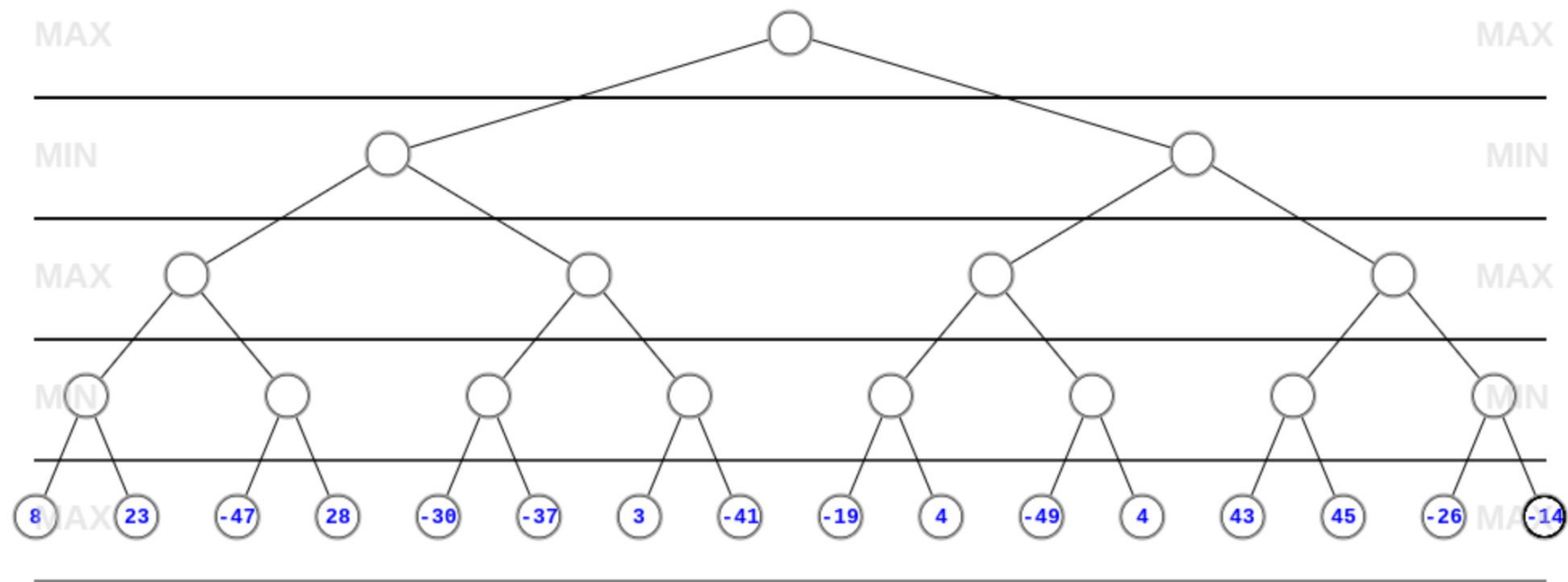
# MiniMax



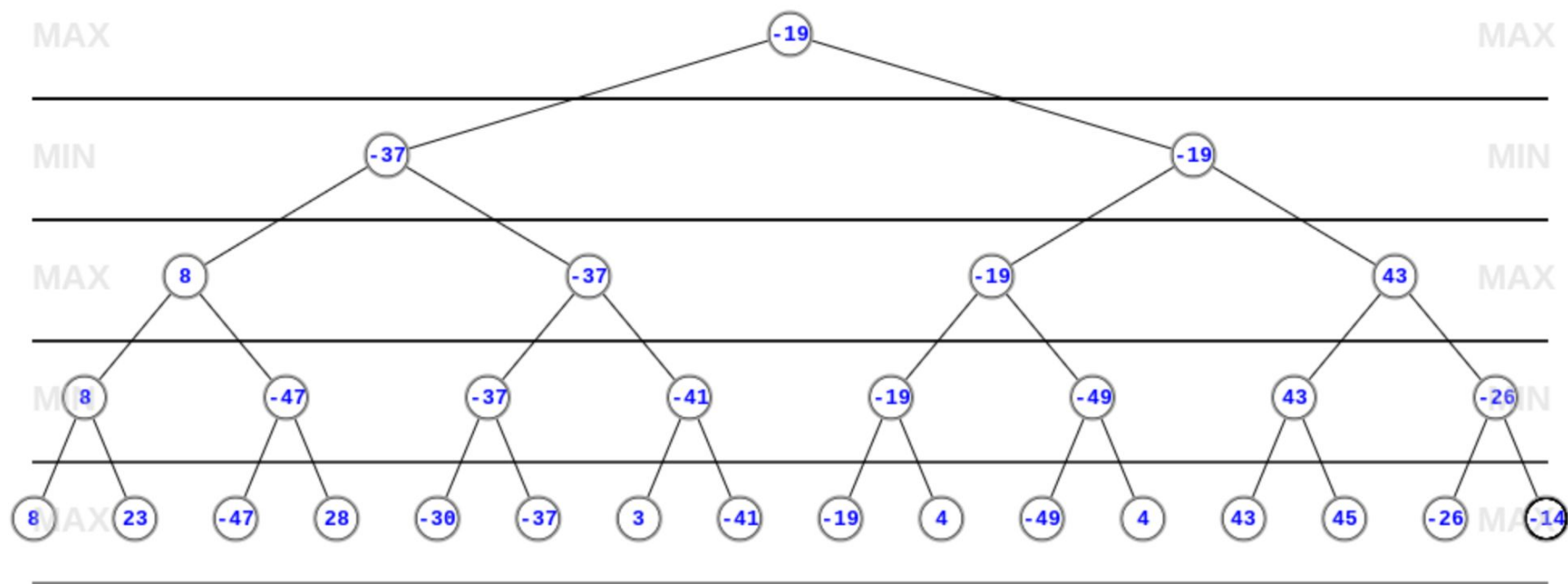
# MiniMax



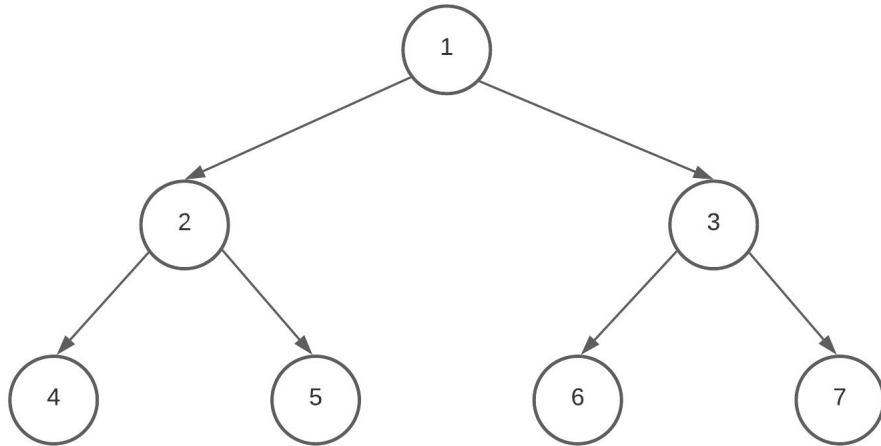
# Bigger Example



# Bigger Example



# Tree Traversal



**Pre-Order:** Left Side of Bubble

{1, 2, 4, 5, 3, 6, 7}

**In-Order:** Bottom of Bubble

{4, 2, 5, 1, 6, 3, 7}

**Post-Order:** Right Side of Bubble

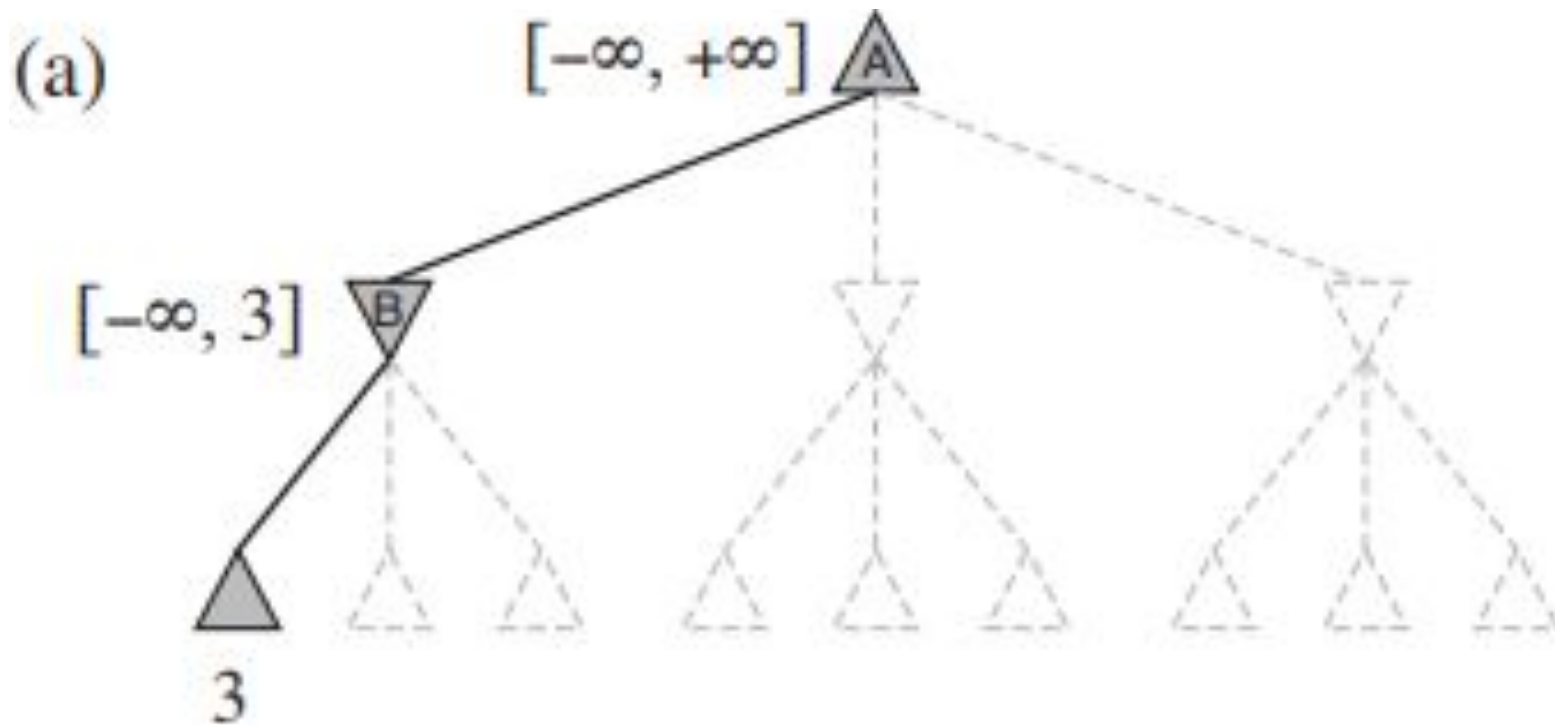
{4, 5, 2, 6, 7, 3, 1}

# Alpha Beta Pruning

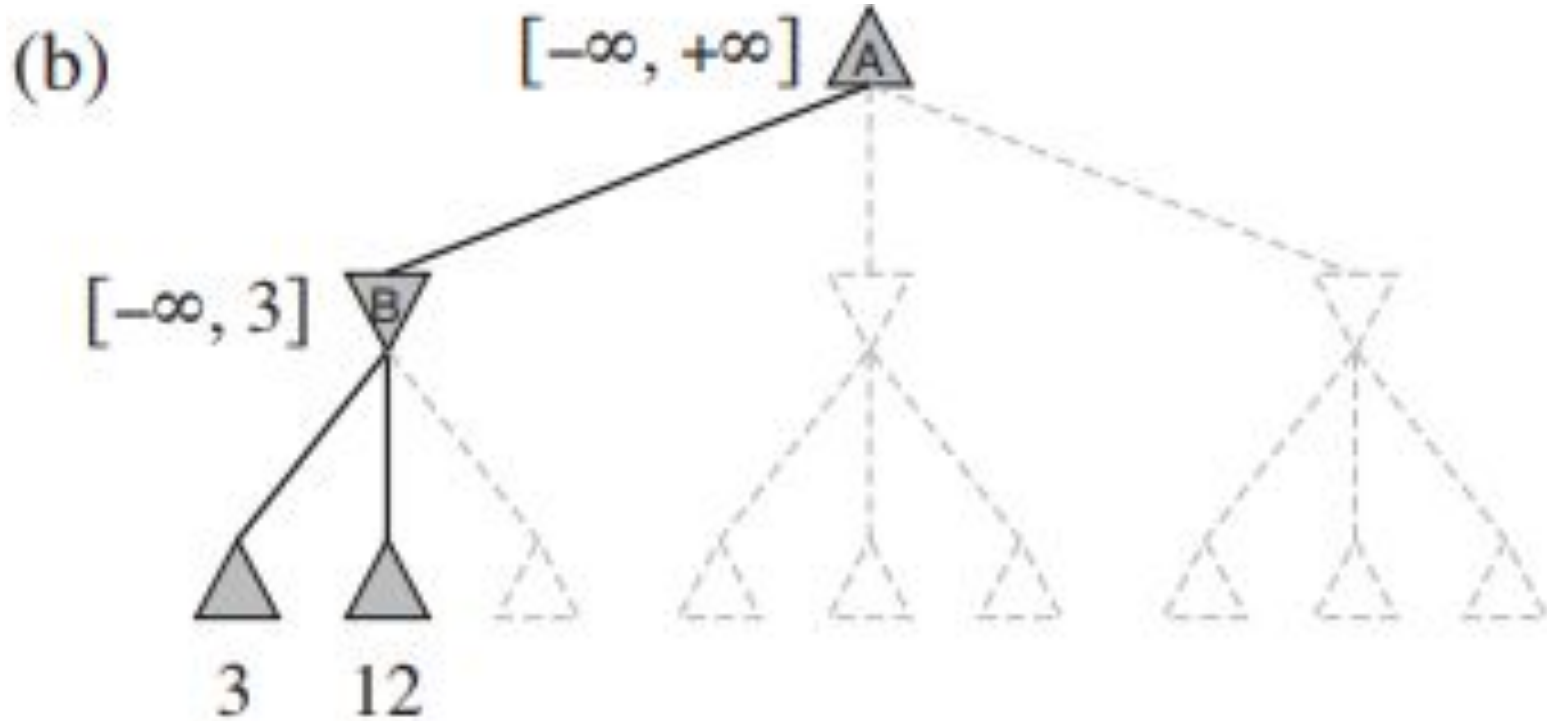
- Makes MiniMax more efficient
- If we search down the whole tree, the number of states is exponential to the depth of the tree
- Alpha Beta Pruning cuts away leaves when traversing tree
- Stops evaluating a state when at least one possibility has been found to prove worse than a previous found move
- Returns the same value that MiniMax would produce
- Prunes away branches that do not influence final decision
- In the tuple  $[\alpha, \beta]$ 
  - Maximize  $\alpha$
  - Minimize  $\beta$



# Alpha Beta Pruning

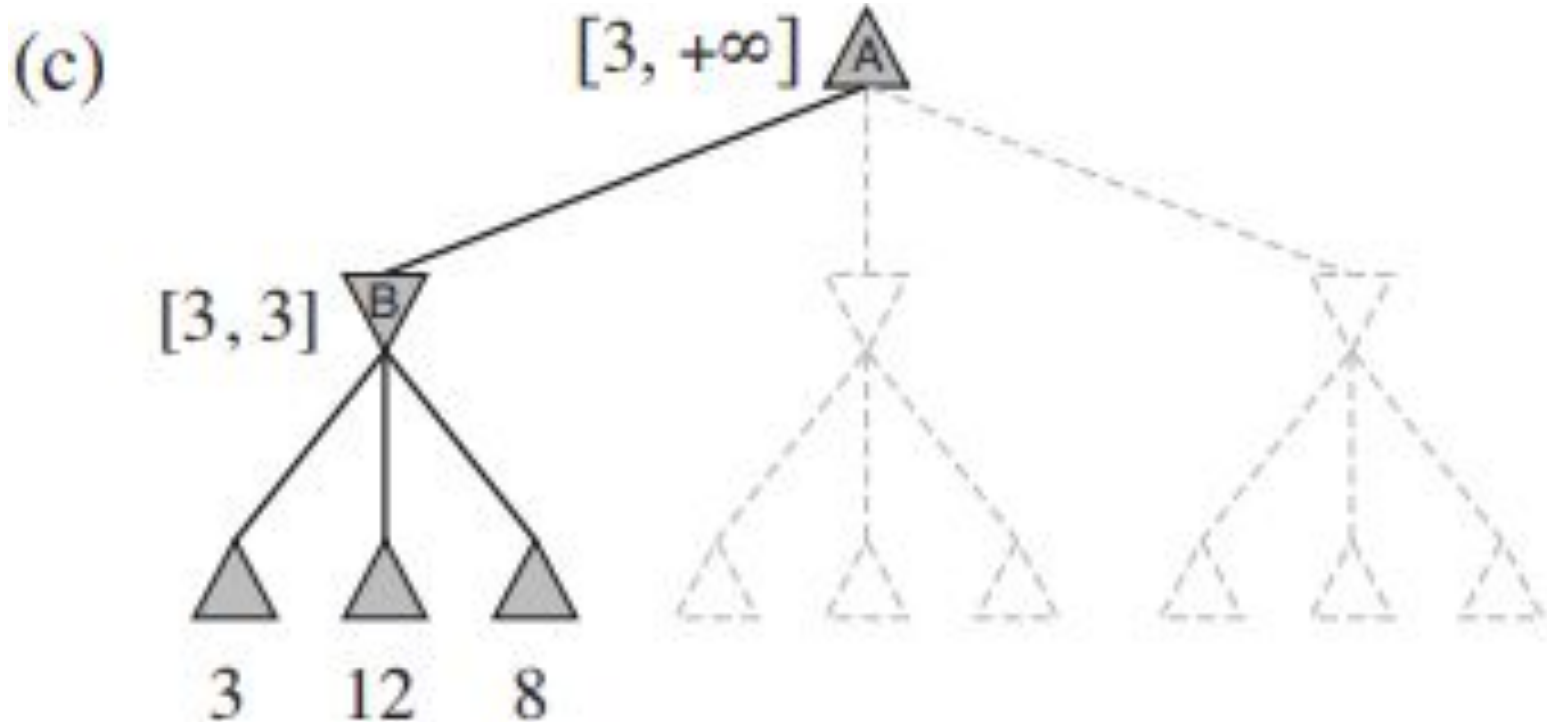


# Alpha Beta Pruning



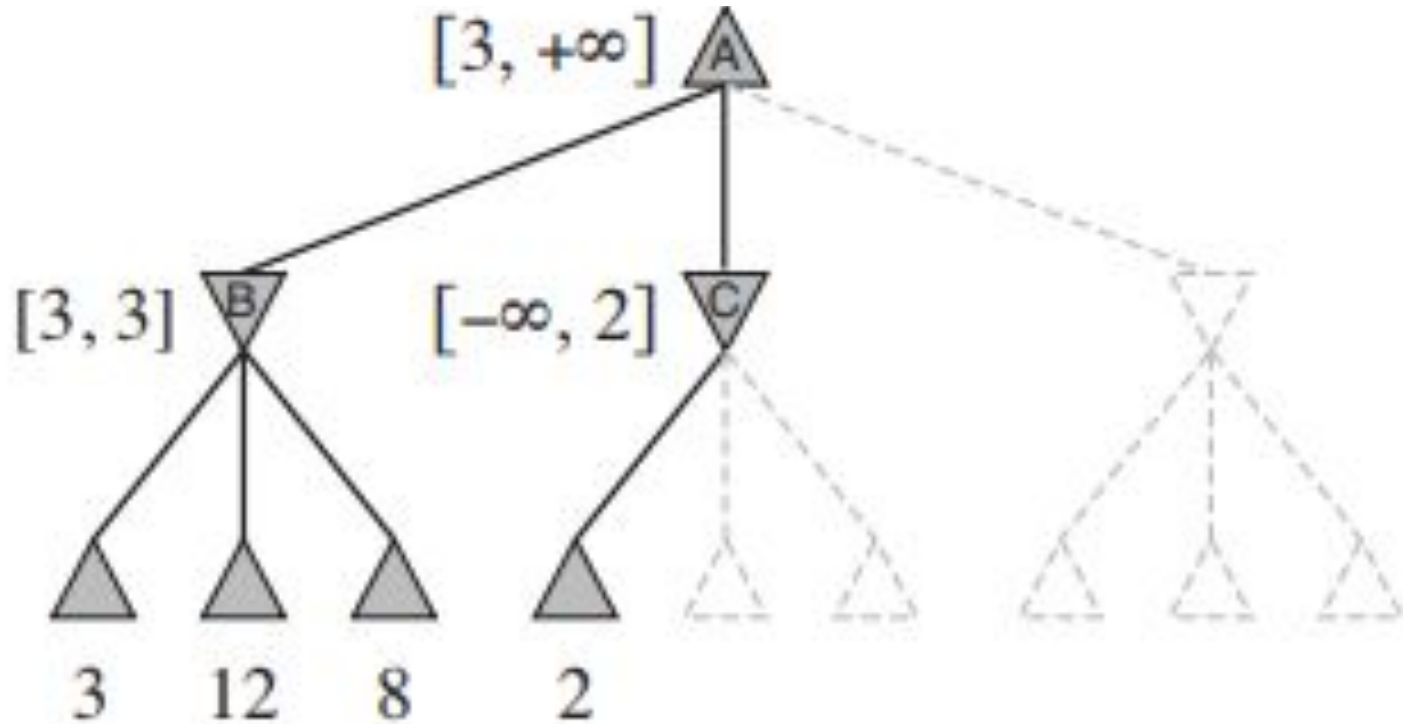


# Alpha Beta Pruning



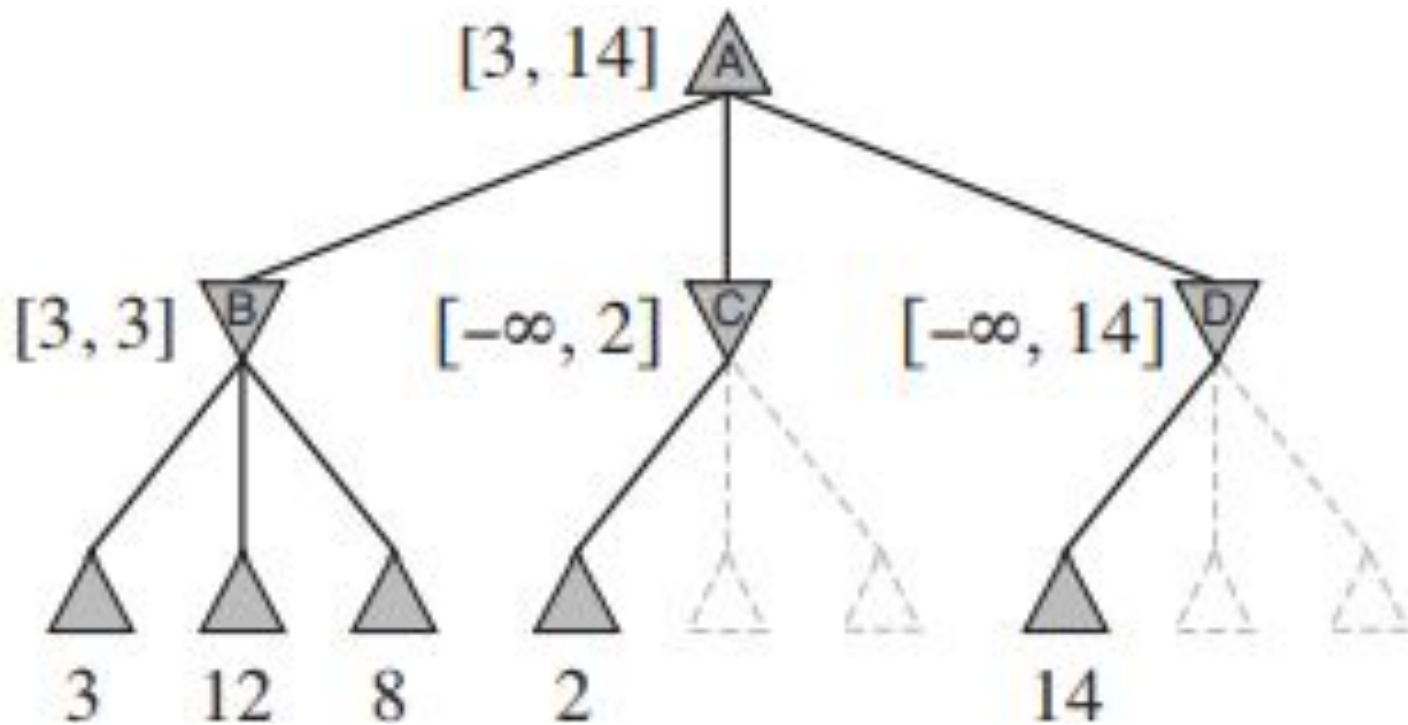
# Alpha Beta Pruning

(d)



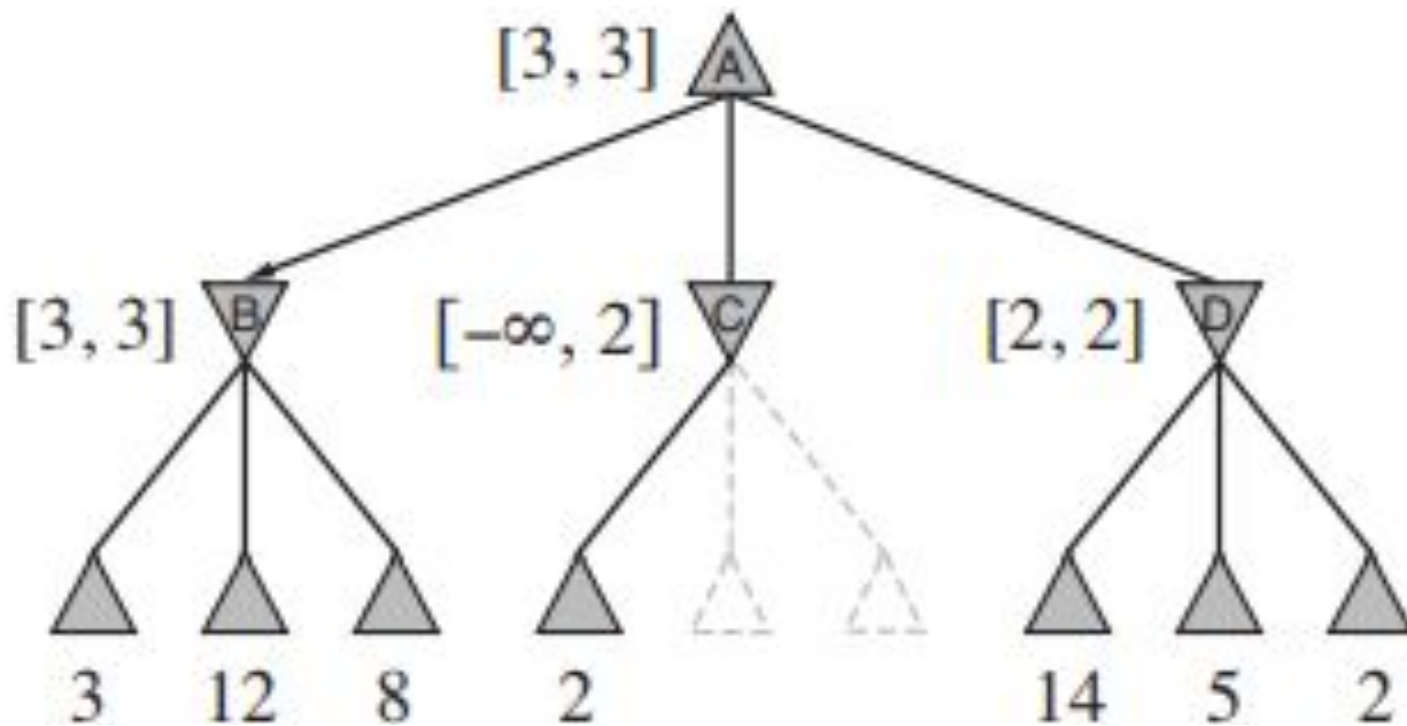
# Alpha Beta Pruning

(e)

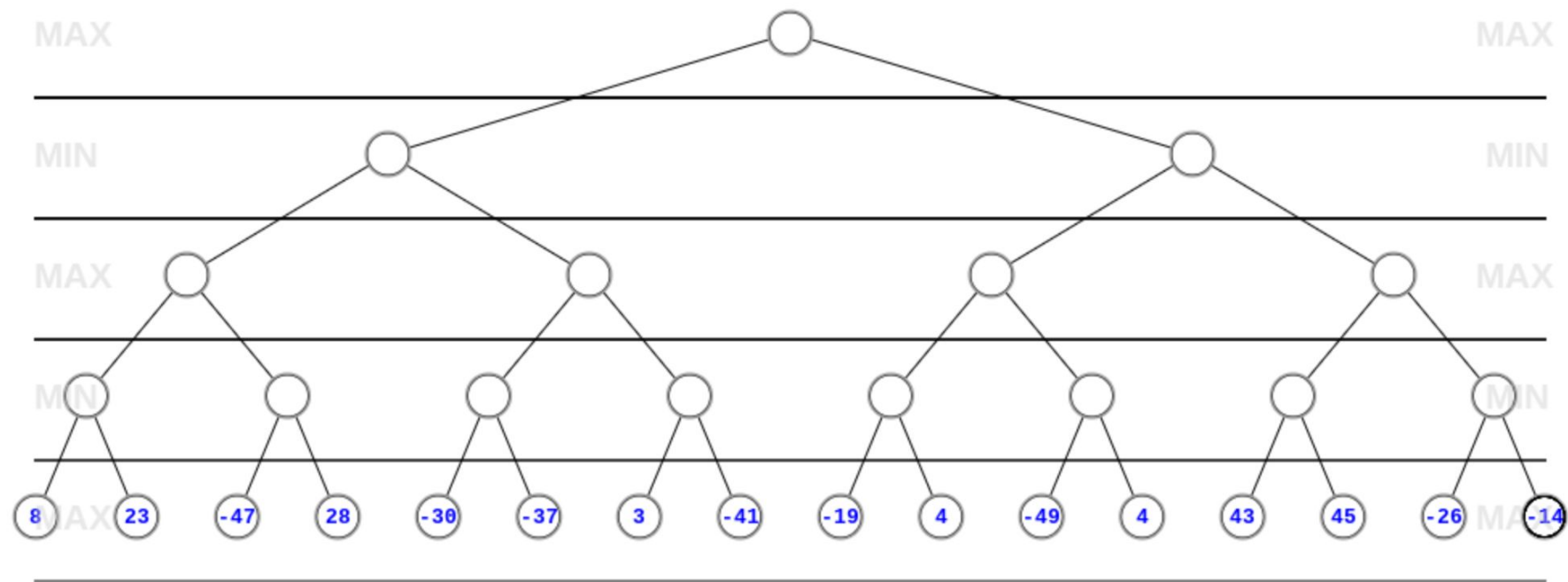


# Alpha Beta Pruning

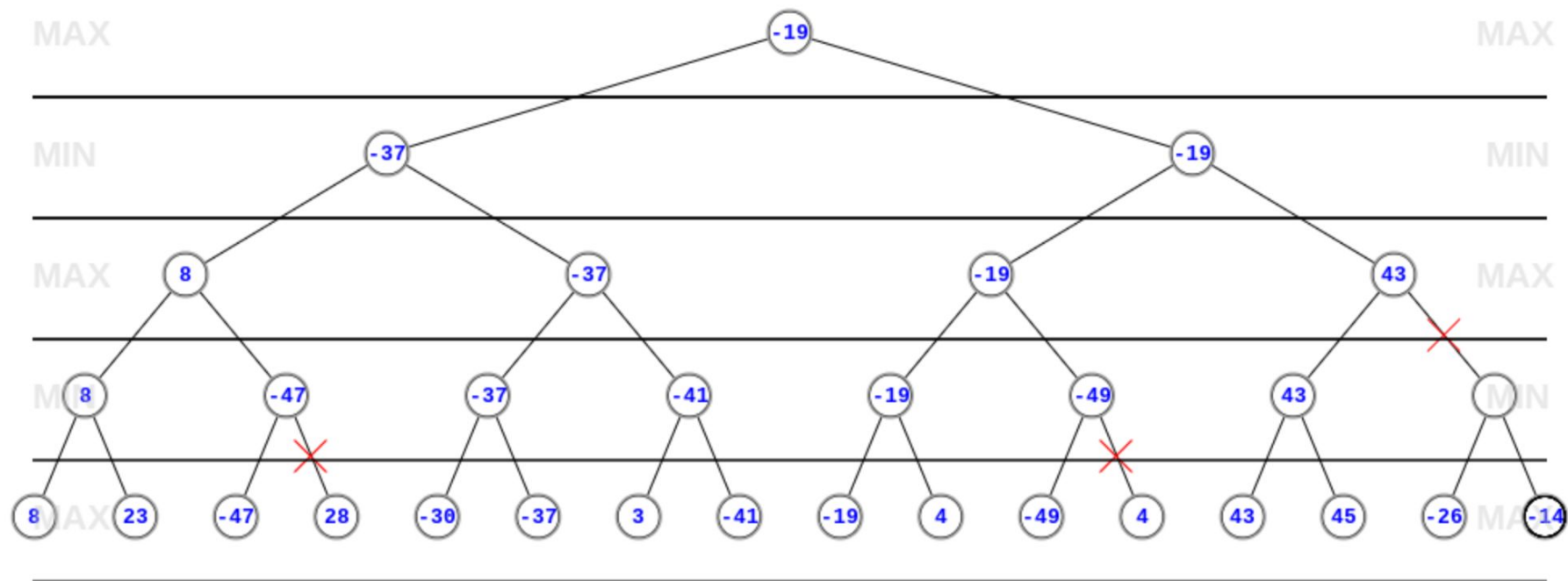
(f)



# Bigger Example



# Bigger Example



# Pseudo Code

```
maxValue(state,  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ )
  If (Terminal State)
    Return value
  Else
    For each child
      If (Player 2's turn)
         $\alpha = \max(\alpha, \text{minValue}(\text{state}, \alpha, \beta))$ 
        If ( $\alpha \geq \beta$ )
          return  $\beta$ 
      Else
         $\beta = \min(\beta, \text{maxValue}(\text{state}, \alpha, \beta))$ 
    Return  $\beta$ 
  Return  $\alpha$ 
```

```
minValue(state,  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ )
  If (Terminal State)
    Return value
  Else
    For each child
      If (Player 1's turn)
         $\beta = \min(\beta, \text{maxValue}(\text{state}, \alpha, \beta))$ 
        If ( $\beta \leq \alpha$ )
          return  $\alpha$ 
      Else
         $\alpha = \max(\alpha, \text{minValue}(\text{state}, \alpha, \beta))$ 
    Return  $\alpha$ 
  Return  $\beta$ 
```

# MiniMax vs. Alpha Beta Pruning Runtime

- MiniMax
  - Runtime:  $O(b^h)$
  - Space:  $O(bh)$
- Alpha Beta Pruning
  - Runtime:
    - Worst-Case:  $O(b^h)$
    - Best-Case:  $O(b^{h/2})$
  - Space:  $O(bh)$

Why is the Worst-Case Runtime equal to MiniMax?

b = Branching Factor  
h = Height of the Tree



# MiniMax vs. Alpha Beta Pruning Runtime

- MiniMax
  - Runtime:  $O(b^h)$
  - Space:  $O(bh)$
- Alpha Beta Pruning
  - Runtime:
    - Worst-Case:  $O(b^h)$
    - Best-Case:  $O(b^{h/2})$
  - Space:  $O(bh)$

Why is the Worst-Case Runtime equal to MiniMax?

In the Worst-Case, your Alpha Beta is running  
MiniMax!

b = Branching Factor  
h = Height of the Tree

# Alpha Beta for 2 Player Games

- Game Trees get really big really fast
  - Grows exponentially
  - Alpha Beta Pruning is more efficient than Minimax
- Used for many games
  - Tic-Tac-Toe
  - Chess
  - Go
- Heuristic is easily incorporated
  - A Heuristic is a mapping from a game state to a value
    - Ex: In Chess, White Pieces - Black Pieces = Value
      - This is a bad heuristic to use
  - We use heuristics when we do not want calculate every end game state



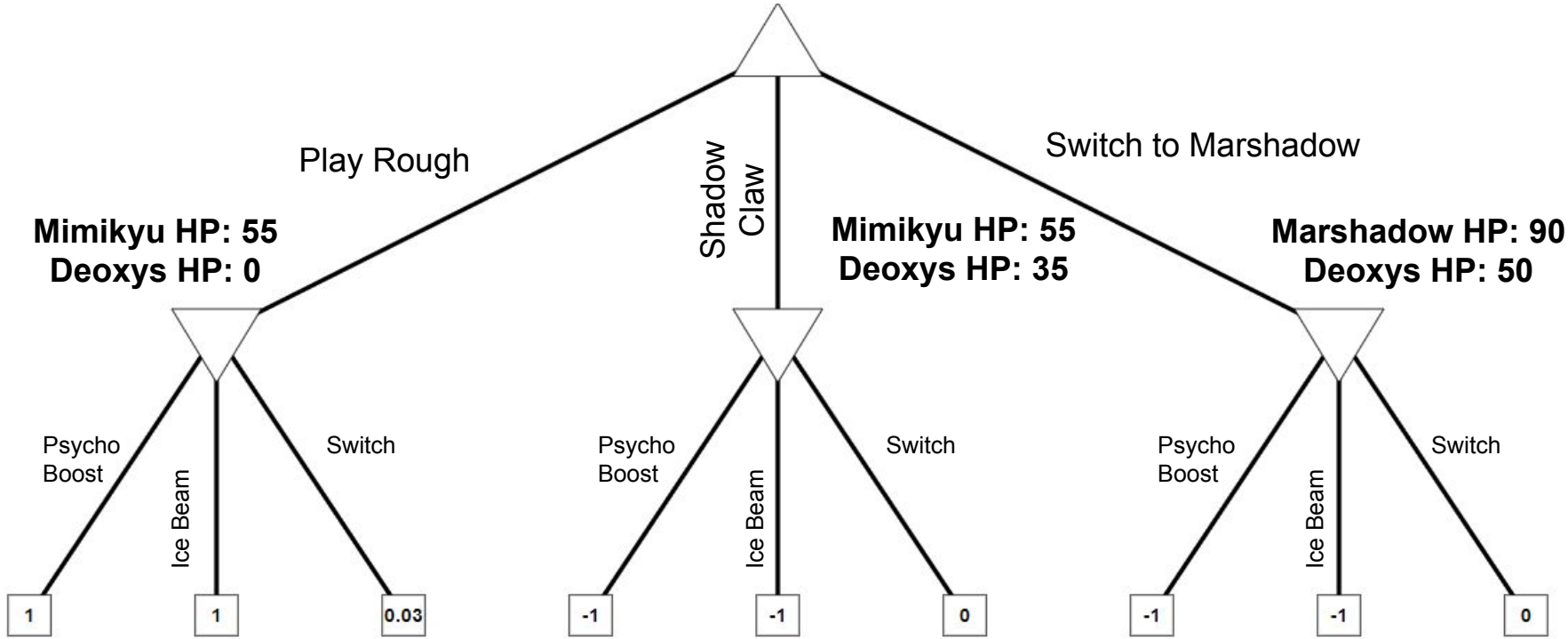
# Real Life Use: Pokemon

- I created a AI simulation that simulates a competitive battling scenario
  - Used Java
  - Dictionary of Pokemon
  - Dictionary of Moves
  - Battle Game Tree
  - Alpha Beta Pruning to Traverse tree
  - Minimax to Check Alpha Beta
  - 12 different classes



# Example

Mimikyu HP: 55  
Deoxys HP: 50



# Example

