Honors HW04. Morally DUE Mon Mar 14

A linear ordering L has the **Levin property** if the following hold:

• There exists a *MIN* element. Formally

$$(\exists x)(\forall y)[x \le y].$$

In later problems we will call this x MIN.

• There exists a MAX element.

$$(\exists y)(\forall x)[x \le y].$$

In later problems we will call this x MAX.

• For all $y \neq MIN$ there is an element x such that x < y and there is nothing inbetween x and y.

Formally

Formally

$$(\forall y \neq MIN)(\exists x)[x < y \land (\forall z)[(z \leq x) \lor (z \geq y)]].$$

• For all $x \neq MAX$ there is an element y such that x < y and there is nothing inbetween x and y.

Formally

$$(\forall x \neq MAX)(\exists y)[x < y \land (\forall z)[(z \leq x) \lor (z \geq y)]].$$

- 1. (50 points) Give an example of an ordering L with the Levin Property such that E wins the Emptier-Filler game with ordering L.
- 2. (50 points) Give an example of an ordering L with the Levin Property such that F wins the Emptier-Filler game with ordering L.