

# Bayes Theorem

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►  $\Pr[A|B] = \Pr[B|A] \cdot \frac{\Pr[A]}{\Pr[B]}$

**Note:** This is very useful in both this course and in life.

## Example of Application of Bayes's theorem

$\Pr[A|B] = \Pr[B|A] \cdot \frac{\Pr[A]}{\Pr[B]}$ . There are two coins:

- 1) Coin F is fair:  $\Pr(H) = \Pr(T) = \frac{1}{2}$ .
- 2) Coin B is biased:  $\Pr(H) = \frac{3}{4}$ ,  $\Pr(T) = \frac{1}{4}$ .

Alice picks coin at random, flips 10 times, gets all H.  
Is the coin definitely biased?

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What is Prob that it is biased? VOTE:

1. Between 0.99 and 1.0
2. Between 0.98 and 0.99
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We will see that it is 0.982954, so between 0.98 and 0.99.

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$$\Pr(B|H^n) = \frac{1}{1 + (2/3)^n}.$$