Homework 2 Morally Due Feb 12

1. (20 points) The alphabet is $\{0, \ldots, 9\}$. We interpret the input as a base 10 natural number, read *right to left*. So the number 29139 will be read 9-3-1-9-2.

Give the diagram for a finite automata classifier that determines, given w, what w is congruent to mod 6. How many states does it have?

- 2. (30 points) We have seen some number m such that the DECIDER (of minimal number of states) for Mod m (is $x \equiv 0 \pmod{m}$) has LESS states than the CLASSIFIER (of minimal number of states) for mod m.
 - (a) (15 points) Give an infinite number of examples of m, with $m \ge 100$, where the Decider will have LESS states than the classifier. Explain why this is, but you do not need to draw the DFA's.
 - (b) (15 points) Give an infinite number of examples of m, with $m \ge 100$, where the Decider will have AS MANY states as the classifier. Explain why this is, but you do not need to draw the DFA's.
 - (c) (0 points) Think about: Fill in the following statement: The DECIDER for Mod m will have LESS states than the CLAS-SIFIER iff XXX.
- 3. (25 points) Prove using NFA's: If L is regular then L^* is regular. Begin with an NFA for L and then modify it to get an NFA for L^* . Formally write the new NFA in terms of the old one. Draw a picture also.
- 4. (25 points) A JUSTIN-NFA is an NFA that has no e-transitions. Give a procedure that takes an NFA and produces an equivalent JUSTIN-NFA. (Note- be careful. A sequence of e-transitions can go through many states.)