## Take Home Midterm

Morally Due Tue March 15 at 3:30PM. Dead Cat March 17 at 3:30

1. (0 points) What is your name? Write it clearly.
2. (25 points) Prove the following and fill in the $f(k)$.

Theorem For all $k$ there exists $n=f(k)$ such that the following holds. For all pairs of colorings:
$\mathrm{COL}_{1}:\binom{[n]}{1} \rightarrow[2]$,
$\mathrm{COL}_{2}:\binom{[n]}{2} \rightarrow[2]$
there exists $H \subseteq[n]$ and colors $c_{1}, c_{2} \in\{1,2\}$ (it's okay if $c_{1}=c_{2}$ ) such that

- $H$ is of size $k$,
- every element of $H$ is colored $c_{1}$, and
- every element of $\binom{H}{2}$ is colored $c_{2}$.

3. ( 25 points) Let $T$ be the set of trees and $\preceq$ be the minor ordering. Show that $(T, \preceq)$ is a wqo.
You may use any theorem that was PROVEN in class or on the HW. (Note that we DID NOT prove the Graph Minor Theorem, so you can't use that.)

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4. (25 points) Let Q be the rationals. PROVE or DISPROVE:

For every COL: Q $\rightarrow[100]$ there exists an $H \subseteq \mathbb{Q}$ and a color $c$ such that

- $H$ has the same order type as the rationals (so H is a countable set without endpoints where between any two elements is an element), and
- every number in $H$ is the same color.


## 5. (25 points)

ONE ( 0 points but you need to do this for later parts) Write a program such that:

- Input is $n \in \mathrm{~N}$ and $0 \leq p_{1}, p_{2}, p_{3} \leq 1$ with $p_{1}+p_{2}+p_{3}=1$ and $p_{1} \leq p_{2} \leq p_{3}$.
- Output is a COL: $\binom{[n]}{2} \rightarrow[3]$ that is generated randomly with each edge being colored 1 with prob $p_{1}, 2$ with prob $p_{2}$, and 3 with prob $p_{3}$.

TWO (0 points but you need to do it for later parts) Write a program that will, given COL: $\binom{[n]}{2} \rightarrow[3]$, counts how many monochromatic triangles it has.
THREE (0 points but you need this for later parts) Write a program that does the following (I use psuedocode.)
(a) Input $n$. ( $n$ will be $\geq 6$.)

For $p_{1}, p_{2}, p_{3} \in\{0.1,0.2,0.3,0.4,0.5,0.6,0.7,0.8\}$ such that
$p_{1}+p_{2}+p_{3}=1$ and $p_{1} \leq p_{2} \leq p_{2}$.
$L=\binom{n}{3}$ (the number of triangles in $K_{n}$ ).
$n_{0}=0, n_{1}=0, \ldots, n_{L}=0$.
( $n_{i}$ will be the number of colorings that have $i$ mono triangles. Initially this is 0 .)
i. For $i=1$ to 1000

Randomly color the edges of $K_{n}$ by coloring 1 with prob $p_{1}, 2$ with prob $p_{2}, 3$ with prob $p_{3}$.
A. Find $j$, the number of mono triangles.
B. $n_{j}=n_{j}+1$.
ii. $n_{\max }=\max \left\{n_{0}, \ldots, n_{L}\right\}$.
iii. $j_{\max }$ is the $j$ such that $n_{j}=n_{\max }$. (If there is more than one $j$, which is unlikely, take the least one.)

FOUR (25 points) Use your program to produce tables of data. Our interest is in which $n_{j}$ 's are always 0 and which $n_{j}$ occurs the most often. The tables should look like what is below except that I made up the answers.

$$
n=5
$$

| $p_{1}$ | $p_{2}$ | $p_{3}$ | $\left\{j: n_{j}=0\right\}$ | $j_{\max }$ | $n_{\max }$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.8 | $\{3,8\}$ | 3 | 109 |
| 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.7 | $\{1,9\}$ | 7 | 108 |
| 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.6 | $\{2,4,8\}$ | 1 | 200 |
| 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.5 | $\{2\}$ | 1 | 10 |
| 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.6 | $\{1,2,4\}$ | 3 | 300 |
| 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.5 | $\{3,4,5,7\}$ | 2 | 401 |
| 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.4 | $\{1,2,9\}$ | 10 | 512 |
| 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.4 | $\{2,3,8\}$ | 7 | 70 |

$n=6$ SIMILAR TO ABOVE
$\vdots$
$n=10$ SIMILAR TO ABOVE
FIVE (0 points) Looking at the data formulate a conjecture about colorings of $K_{n}$.
Extra Credit Prove your conjecture.

