

Due in class: Complete by Apr 18.

- (1) Give an  $f$ -approximate algorithm for the set cover problem in which each element belongs to at most  $f$  sets.
- (2) Prove that Integer Programming is NP-hard.
- (3) Jerry runs a tent rental company. People make requests for reserving tents. Request  $i$  has three parameters - the profit  $p_i$  gained if the request is satisfied, the start time  $s_i$  and the end time  $e_i$ . Assume that  $n$  requests are known in advance. Jerry would like to maximize his profit.
  - (a) Design an efficient algorithm for the case when Jerry has *one* tent, and would like to maximize his profit. Note that if Jerry agrees to rent the tent to a set of people, then the time intervals during which they wish to have the tent should not overlap. (No proof required.) Faster algorithms will receive more points.
  - (b) If Jerry has  $k$  tents, how would you reduce this problem to an instance of min-cost flow? (No proof required.)
- (4) Consider the following approximation algorithm for unweighted vertex cover. Run DFS in the graph (assume it is connected) to obtain a DFS tree  $T$ . Now pick all the non-leaf vertices in the vertex cover. Prove that this is a 2-approximation. Why does this form a vertex cover? (Hint: Any matching in  $G$  is a lower bound on the size of a vertex cover.)
- (5) Show that there is always an optimal solution to the vertex cover LP whose optimal solutions only have the values  $\{0, \frac{1}{2}, 1\}$ . (If you look up the proof, I would like you to describe it in your own words.)